SAFETY DATA SHEET  
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

**Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation**

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

**1.1 Product identifier**
- **Trade name**: Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**
- **Use of the Substance/Mixture**: Veterinary product

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**
- **Company**: MSD
  Shotton Lane
  NE23 3JU Cramlington NU - Great Britain
- **Telephone**: 44 1 670 59 30 00
- **Telefax**: 908-735-1496
- **E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS**: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**
- 1-908-423-6000

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**
- **Flammable liquids, Category 2**: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- **Skin irritation, Category 2**: H315: Causes skin irritation.
- **Eye irritation, Category 2**: H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B**: H360D: May damage the unborn child.
- **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2**: H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- **Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1**: H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- **Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1**: H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**2.2 Label elements**

**Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**
- **Hazard pictograms**: ![Pictograms]
- **Signal word**: Danger
Hazard statements :  
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. 
H315 Causes skin irritation. 
H319 Causes serious eye irritation. 
H360D May damage the unborn child. 
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. 
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :  
Prevention: 
P201 Obtain special instructions before use. 
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. 
P273 Avoid release to the environment. 
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. 
Response: 
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. 
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: 
N,N-Dimethylacetamide 
Moxidectin

Additional Labelling  
Restricted to professional users. 
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 20 %

2.3 Other hazards  
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 

3.2 Mixtures 

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>127-19-5</td>
<td>204-826-4</td>
<td>616-011-00-4</td>
<td>Acute Tox.4; H332 Acute Tox.4; H312 Eye Irrit.2; H319 Repr.1B; H360D</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td>864731-61-3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Repr.2; H361d Aquatic Chronic1; H410</td>
<td>&gt;= 25 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**  
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**Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Acute Tox.</th>
<th>Skin Irrit.</th>
<th>Eye Irrit.</th>
<th>Aquatic Chronic</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide</td>
<td>134-62-3</td>
<td>Acute Tox.4; H302</td>
<td>Skin Irrit.2; H315</td>
<td>Eye Irrit.2; H319</td>
<td>Aquatic Chronic3; H412</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>205-149-7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>616-018-00-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>Acute Tox.3; H301</td>
<td>Acute Tox.4; H332</td>
<td>Eye Irrit.2; H319</td>
<td>Repr.2; H361d</td>
<td>STOT RE1; H372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200-662-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>606-001-00-8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moxidectin</td>
<td>113507-06-5</td>
<td>Acute Tox.3; H301</td>
<td>Acute Tox.4; H332</td>
<td>Eye Irrit.2; H319</td>
<td>Repr.2; H361d</td>
<td>STOT RE1; H372</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Acute Tox.</th>
<th>Skin Irrit.</th>
<th>Eye Irrit.</th>
<th>Aquatic Chronic</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>128-37-0</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute1; H400</td>
<td>Aquatic Chronic1; H410</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>204-881-4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

**General advice**  
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**Protection of first-aiders**  
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**If inhaled**  
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**  
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing.
and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Risks : Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May damage the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Flash back possible over considerable distance.
Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:
Remove all sources of ignition.
Ventilate the area.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSO
NAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases Explosives Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

Version 4.2  Revision Date: 13.09.2019  SDS Number: 657384-00010  Date of last issue: 18.10.2018
Date of first issue: 02.05.2016

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational Exposure Limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>127-19-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm 35 mg/m³</td>
<td>FOR-2011-12-06-1358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>The EU has set an indicative limit value for this substance, Chemicals that can be absorbed through the skin.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>20 ppm 72 mg/m³</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm 36 mg/m³</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluralaner</td>
<td>864731-61-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Skin Wipe limit 1000 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>125 ppm 295 mg/m³</td>
<td>FOR-2011-12-06-1358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>The EU has set an indicative limit value for this substance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm 1210 mg/m³</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Indicative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moxidectin</td>
<td>113507-06-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>36 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>36 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>13.6 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>7 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>2.7 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>1 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>1210 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Workers</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
<th>Acute local effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>2420 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>186 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>200 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>62 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Consumers | Ingestion | Long-term systemic effects | 62 mg/kg bw/day |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</th>
<th>Workers</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
<th>Long-term systemic effects</th>
<th>3.5 mg/m³</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0.5 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0.86 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0.25 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0.25 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N,N-Dimethylacetamide</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.0966 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>485 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>2.27 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.15 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>10.6 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>1.06 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>21 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>30.4 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>3.04 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>29.5 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.199 µg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>0.02 µg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.02 µg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>0.17 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>0.0996 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>0.00996 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.04769 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral (Secondary Poisoning)</td>
<td>8.33 mg/kg food</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Protection Type</th>
<th>Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eye protection</strong></td>
<td>Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hand protection</strong></td>
<td>Material: Chemical-resistant gloves. Remarks: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin and body protection</strong></td>
<td>Hand protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Respiratory protection</strong></td>
<td>Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Filter type: Self-contained breathing apparatus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>clear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>2 °C Method: closed cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : 1.06
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information
Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method

- **Acute dermal toxicity**: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2.000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): 4.800 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat): 2,2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute dermal toxicity**: Acute toxicity estimate: 1.100 mg/kg
  Method: Expert judgement
  Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

**Fluralaner:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
  Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose. No significant adverse effects were reported

- **Acute dermal toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
  Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.950 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 5.95 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5.000 mg/kg

Acetone:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5.800 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 76 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 7.426 mg/kg

Moxidectin:
Acute oral toxicity :
LD50 (Rat): 106 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 42 - 84 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity :
LC50 (Rat): 3.28 mg/l
Exposure time: 5 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
LC50 (Rat): 2.87 - 4.06 mg/l
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity :
LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) :
LD50 (Rat): 394 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 84 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Rat): > 640 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
LD50 (Mouse): 263 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Acute oral toxicity :
LD50 (Rat): > 6.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute dermal toxicity :
LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Fluralaner:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

Acetone:
Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Moxidectin:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild skin irritation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Fluralaner:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Acetone:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Moxidectin:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Moderate eye irritation

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

**Fluralaner:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

**Acetone:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

**Moxidectin:**
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

Version 4.2 Revision Date: 13.09.2019 SDS Number: 657384-00010 Date of last issue: 18.10.2018
Date of first issue: 02.05.2016

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Humans
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Inhalation
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 478
  Result: negative

Fluralaner:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
  Result: negative
  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Acetone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

Genotoxicity in vivo:  Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Moxidectin:
Genotoxicity in vitro:  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells  
Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro assay  
Test system: Escherichia coli  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Species: Rat  
Cell type: Bone marrow  
Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo  
Species: Rat  
Cell type: Liver cells  
Result: negative

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:  Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.
## Components:

### N,N-Dimethylacetamide:

- **Species**: Rat
- **Application Route**: Inhalation (vapour)
- **Exposure time**: 18 month(s)
- **Result**: negative

### Fluralaner:

- **Carcinogenicity - Assessment**: No data available

### N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:

- **Species**: Rat
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 104 weeks
- **Result**: negative

### Acetone:

- **Species**: Mouse
- **Application Route**: Skin contact
- **Exposure time**: 424 days
- **Result**: negative

### Moxidectin:

- **Species**: Mouse
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Exposure time**: 2 Years
  - **NOAEL**: 4.5 mg/kg body weight
  - **Result**: negative

- **Species**: Rat
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Exposure time**: 2 Years
  - **NOAEL**: 4.5 mg/kg body weight
  - **Result**: negative

- **Species**: Dog
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Exposure time**: 1 Year
  - **NOAEL**: 0.5 mg/kg body weight
  - **Result**: negative

### 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:

- **Species**: Rat
  - **Application Route**: Ingestion
  - **Exposure time**: 22 Months
  - **Result**: negative
Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Fluralaner:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility, Postimplantation loss., Adverse neonatal effects.

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Dog
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses, No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal malformations, Visceral malformations
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Dermal
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal malformations

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

**Acetone:**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
- Result: negative

**Moxidectin:**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 0.8 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Reduced foetal weight, foetal mortality
- Result: No effects on fertility, Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 0.8 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Reduced foetal weight, foetal mortality
- Result: No effects on fertility, Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Skeletal malformations
- Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects, No embryotoxic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Acetone:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
Moxidectin:
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 90 mg/m3
LOAEL: 360 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 24 Months

Fluralaner:
**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Target Organs** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---|---
Dog | 1 mg/kg | Oral | 52 Weeks | Liver | No significant adverse effects were reported

**Species** | **LOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Target Organs** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---|---
Juvenile dog | 56 - 280 mg/kg | Oral | 24 Weeks | | 

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Target Organs** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---|---
Rat | 500 mg/kg | Dermal | 90 Days | Liver, thymus gland | No significant adverse effects were reported

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Target Organs** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---|---
Rat | 3,9 mg/kg | Oral | 13 Weeks | Central nervous system | 

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Target Organs** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---|---
Mouse | 3,9 mg/kg | Oral | 4 Weeks | | 

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Target Organs** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---|---
Rat | 3,9 mg/kg | Oral | 13 Weeks | Central nervous system | 

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Target Organs** | **Remarks**
---|---|---|---|---|---
Rat | 7,9 mg/kg | Oral | 13 Weeks | | 

**Acetone**

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time**
---|---|---|---
Rat | 900 mg/kg | Ingestion | 90 Days

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time**
---|---|---|---
Rat | 45 mg/l | inhalation (vapour) | 8 Weeks

**Moxidectin**

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Symptoms**
---|---|---|---|---
Mouse | 3,9 mg/kg | Oral | 4 Weeks | Tremors

**Species** | **NOAEL** | **Application Route** | **Exposure time** | **Symptoms**
---|---|---|---|---
Rat | 3,9 mg/kg | Oral | 13 Weeks | Tremors, Salivation
Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0,3 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0,9 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 Days
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Symptoms : Tremors, Lachrymation, Salivation

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0,3 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0,87 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 52 Weeks
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Symptoms : Tremors, Lachrymation

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 22 Months

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Fluralaner:
Not applicable

Acetone:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Fluralaner:
Skin contact : Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact : Remarks: May cause eye irritation.

Moxidectin:
Inhalation : Remarks: No human information is available.
Skin contact : Remarks: No human information is available.
Eye contact : Remarks: No human information is available.
Ingestion : Remarks: No human information is available.
12.1 Toxicity

**Components:**

**N,N-Dimethylacetamide:**
- Toxicity to fish:
  - LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
  - EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 72 h
  - EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 72 h

- Toxicity to microorganisms:
  - EC10: > 1.995 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 30 min

**Fluralaner:**
- Toxicity to fish:
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0,0488 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0,015 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
  - NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 0,08 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
  - NOEC: >= 0,049 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Zebrafish
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 204
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
  - NOEC: 0,000047 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

- M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1.000
**N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 110 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 75 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

**Acetone:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.540 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8.800 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 : 61.150 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: ISO 8192

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: >= 79 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Moxidectin:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.0006 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.0002 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00003 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.087 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10.000

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10.000

**2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 0.57 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.24 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.24 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):
1

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 10.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 0.053 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d
Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 0.316 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
1

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

N,N-Dimethylacetamide:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Remarks: The 10 day time window criterion is not fulfilled.

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Acetone:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 91 %
Exposure time: 28 d
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Fluralaner:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Zebrafish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 79,4
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4,5

N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2,02

Acetone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0,27 - -0,23

Moxidectin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4,7

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 330 - 1.800

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 5,1

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Fluralaner:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3,4

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

Fluralaner:
Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).
12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

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14.2 UN proper shipping name

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<td>ACETONE, SOLUTION (Moxidectin, 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol)</td>
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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

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<td>RID</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.4 Packing group

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

ADR
Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

RID
Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3

IMDG
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 364
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y341
Packing group : II
Labels : Flammable Liquids

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 353
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y341
Packing group : II
Labels : Flammable Liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Fluralaner / Moxidectin Liquid Formulation

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3

N,N-Dimethylacetamide (Number on list 72, 30)

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E1</th>
<th>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</th>
<th>Quantity 1</th>
<th>Quantity 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P5c</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS</td>
<td>5.000 t</td>
<td>50.000 t</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to use or be exposed to the product professionally. Young people above the age of 15 are, however, except from this rule if the product is a necessary part of their education.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.
## Full text of H-Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H225</td>
<td>Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H301</td>
<td>Toxic if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H302</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H312</td>
<td>Harmful in contact with skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H315</td>
<td>Causes skin irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H319</td>
<td>Causes serious eye irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H332</td>
<td>Harmful in contact with skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H335</td>
<td>Causes skin irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H336</td>
<td>Causes serious eye irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H337</td>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H338</td>
<td>May damage the unborn child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H360D</td>
<td>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H361D</td>
<td>Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H372</td>
<td>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H400</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H410</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H412</td>
<td>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Full text of other abbreviations

- **Acute Tox.**: Acute toxicity
- **Aquatic Acute**: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
- **Aquatic Chronic**: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
- **Eye Irrit.**: Eye irritation
- **Flam. Liq.**: Flammable liquids
- **Repr.**: Reproductive toxicity
- **Skin Irrit.**: Skin irritation
- **STOT RE**: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
- **STOT SE**: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
- **FOR-2011-12-06-1358**: Norway. Occupational Exposure limits
- **2000/39/EC / TWA**: Limit Value - eight hours
- **2000/39/EC / STEL**: Short term exposure limit
- **FOR-2011-12-06-1358 / TWA**: Long term exposure limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No
Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information


Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method
Repr. 1B H360D Calculation method
STOT RE 2 H373 Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

NO / EN