SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gentamicin / Betamethasone Formulation

Version 6.1  Revision Date: 12.10.2021  SDS Number: 441399-00016  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020  Date of first issue: 06.01.2016

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Gentamicin / Betamethasone Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
          Wagholi - Pune - India  412 207
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification
Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements:
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements  

**Prevention:**
P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.  
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  

**Response:**  
P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.  
P391 Collect spillage.  

**Storage:**  
P405 Store locked up.  

**Disposal:**  
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.  

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture**  
Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol stearate</td>
<td>9004-99-3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>0.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzalkonium chloride</td>
<td>8001-54-5</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice**  
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.  
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**  
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.  
Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**  
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.  
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.  
Get medical attention.  
Wash clothing before reuse.  
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**  
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.  
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed**  
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
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Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-
mine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol stearate</td>
<td>9004-99-3</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m3</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m3 (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

| Wipe limit | Internal |

Engineering measures: All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted.
Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

- **Filter type**: Particulates type

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Colour**: No data available
- **Odour**: No data available
- **Odour Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute inhalation toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h
- Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Method: Calculation method

Components:
Polyethylene glycol stearate:
Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Gentamicin:
Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): 8,000 - 10,000 mg/kg
- LD50 (Mouse): 10,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat): > 0.2 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h
- Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- LD50 (Rat): 67 - 96 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intravenous
- LD50 (Rat): 371 - 384 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intramuscular
- LDLo (Monkey): 30 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intravenous

Betamethasone:
Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
- LD50 (Mouse): > 4,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h

Benzalkonium chloride:
Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): 240 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat, male): > 0.05 - 0.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 704 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Polyethylene glycol stearate:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Method:** Draize Test
- **Result:** No skin irritation

**Gentamicin:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Mild skin irritation

**betamethasone:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Mild skin irritation

**Benzalkonium chloride:**
- **Species:** Human
- **Result:** Corrosive after 4 hours or less of exposure

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Polyethylene glycol stearate:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Method:** Draize Test
- **Result:** No eye irritation

**Gentamicin:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Mild eye irritation

**betamethasone:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No eye irritation

**Benzalkonium chloride:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Polyethylene glycol stearate:
Test Type : Open epicutaneous test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Gentamicin:
Remarks : No data available

betamethasone:
Exposure routes : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Weak sensitiser

Benzalkonium chloride:
Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Polyethylene glycol stearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Gentamicin:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: equivocal

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Result: negative

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>betamethasone:</th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Result: positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vivo</td>
<td>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment</td>
<td>Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Benzalkonium chloride:</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vivo</td>
<td>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Gentamicin:**
Carcinogenicity - Assessment : No data available
Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Gentamicin:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Fertility: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3.6 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: foetal mortality, No malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Result: foetal mortality, No malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.
betamethasone:
Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Intramuscular
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity, Malformations were observed.

Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.42 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intramuscular
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Benzalkonium chloride:
Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development:
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Gentamicin:
Target Organs: Kidney, inner ear
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

betamethasone:
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
exposure.

**Benzalkonium chloride:**
Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Gentamicin:**
Species : Dog
LOAEL : 3 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Kidney
Symptoms : Vomiting, Salivation

Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Subcutaneous
Exposure time : 3 Weeks
Target Organs : Kidney, inner ear

Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 6 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 3 Weeks
Target Organs : Blood, Kidney, inner ear, Liver

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 52 Weeks
Target Organs : Kidney, Blood

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 12.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Kidney

**betamethasone:**
Species : Rabbit
LOAEL : 0.05 %
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 10 - 30 d
Target Organs : Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 0.05 %
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Polyethylene glycol stearate:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Bacteria): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Gentamicin:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 86 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 (Americamysis): 30 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10 µg/l</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.5 µg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 4.7 µg/l</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
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<tr>
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<th>NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 1.6 µg/l</th>
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<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
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</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EC50: 288.7 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Respiration inhibition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**betamethasone:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EC50 (Americamysis): &gt; 50 mg/l</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 34 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>NOEC: 0.052 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NOEC: 34 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0.052 mg/l
icity)

Exposure time: 32 d
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

NOEC: 0.07 µg/l
Exposure time: 219 d
Species: Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 229

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 8 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1,000

Benzalkonium chloride:
Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.28 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0056 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)): 0.09 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 0.032 mg/l
Exposure time: 34 d
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Polyethylene glycol stearate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: > 70 %
Exposure time: 10 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Gentamicin:
Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Benzalkonium chloride:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Gentamicin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: < -2

betamethasone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.11

Benzalkonium chloride:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 500
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.692
Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Gentamicin, Benzalkonium chloride)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gentamicin / Betamethasone Formulation

Version 6.1
Revision Date: 12.10.2021
SDS Number: 441399-00016
Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 06.01.2016

Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Gentamicin, Benzalkonium chloride)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Gentamicin, Benzalkonium chloride)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format: dd.mm.yyyy
Full text of other abbreviations
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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