SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gentamicin / Cloxacillin Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Gentamicin / Cloxacillin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD
Address : Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma
Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Respiratory sensitization : Category 1
Skin sensitization : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : ☑️ ☑️

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
P284 Wear respiratory protection.  
  
Response:  
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P333 + P313 IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P391 Collect spillage.  
  
Storage:  
P405 Store locked up.  
  
Disposal:  
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification  
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture  : Mixture  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peanut oil</td>
<td>8002-03-7</td>
<td>90 -95</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,2,3-Propanetriyl tris(12-hydroxyoctadecanoate)</td>
<td>139-44-6</td>
<td>3,5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cloxacillin</td>
<td>61-72-3</td>
<td>2,2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>0,5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice  : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.  
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.  
  
If inhaled  : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.  
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact:
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
- Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- May damage the unborn child.
- Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive Airways Dysfunction Syndrome).

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Chlorine compounds
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Sulfur compounds

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Store tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters
Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Peanut oil | 8002-03-7 | CMP (Mist) | 10 mg/m³ | AR OEL
1,2,3-Propanetriyl tris(12-hydroxyoctadecanoate) | 139-44-6 | CMP | 10 mg/m³ | AR OEL

Further information: A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</th>
<th>10 mg/m³</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cloxacillin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cloxacillin</td>
<td>61-72-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: RSEN

Gentamicin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**: Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection**

**Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**

**Hygiene measures**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,
industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>suspension</td>
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<td>Color</td>
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<td>Odor</td>
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<td>Odor Threshold</td>
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<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>Water solubility</td>
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<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
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<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Peanut oil:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,2,3-Propanetriyl tris(12-hydroxyoctadecanoate):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cloxacillin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 5.000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 5.000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):

- **LD50 (Mouse):** 1.117 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intramuscular

- **LD50 (Mouse):** 916 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

- **LD50 (Mouse):** 1.500 mg/kg
  Application Route: Subcutaneous

- **LD50 (Rat):** 1.660 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

- **LD50 (Rat):** 4.200 mg/kg
  Application Route: Subcutaneous

**Gentamicin:**

- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - **LD50 (Rat):** 8.000 - 10.000 mg/kg
  - **LD50 (Mouse):** 10.000 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:**
  - **LC50 (Rat):** > 0,2 mg/l
    Exposure time: 4 h
    Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):**
  - **LD50 (Rat):** 67 - 96 mg/kg
    Application Route: Intravenous

  - **LD50 (Rat):** 371 - 384 mg/kg
    Application Route: Intramuscular

  - **LDLo (Monkey):** 30 mg/kg
    Application Route: Intravenous

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Peanut oil:**

- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**1,2,3-Propanetriyl tris(12-hydroxyoctadecanoate):**

- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No skin irritation
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Cloxacillin:**

- **Remarks:** Not classified due to lack of data.
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Gentamicin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Peanut oil:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,2,3-Propanetriyl tris(12-hydroxyoctadecanoate):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cloxacillin:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Gentamicin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Cloxacillin:
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans
Result: positive
Remarks: Probability of respiratory sensitization in humans based on animal testing

Gentamicin:
Remarks: No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Peanut oil:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

1,2,3-Propanetriyl tris(12-hydroxyoctadecanoate):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cloxacillin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Gentamicin:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: equivocal

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cloxacillin:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Gentamicin:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cloxacillin:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Effects on fertility | Test Type: Multi-generation study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility., No effects on reproduction parameters. |
| Effects on fetal development | Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No malformations were observed.  
Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Intramuscular  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fetal development. |
| **Gentamicin:** |  |
| Effects on fertility | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Fertility: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported |
| Effects on fetal development | Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,6 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity.  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity.  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Fetal mortality., No malformations were observed.  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Fetal mortality., No malformations were observed. |
| Reproductive toxicity - Assessment | Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies. |
STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Gentamicin:**
- Target Organs: Kidney, inner ear
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Cloxacillin:**
- Species: Rat
- LOAEL: 7.000 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intravenous
- Exposure time: 4 Weeks
- Symptoms: Hypoglycemia

**Gentamicin:**
- Species: Dog
- LOAEL: 3 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intramuscular
- Exposure time: 12 Months
- Target Organs: Kidney
- Symptoms: Vomiting, Salivation

- Species: Monkey
- LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
- Application Route: Subcutaneous
- Exposure time: 3 Weeks
- Target Organs: Kidney, inner ear

- Species: Monkey
- LOAEL: 6 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intramuscular
- Exposure time: 3 Weeks
- Target Organs: Blood, Kidney, inner ear, Liver

- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 5 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 10 mg/kg
- Application Route: Intramuscular
- Exposure time: 52 Weeks
- Target Organs: Kidney, Blood

- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 12,5 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
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Application Route: Intramuscular
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Kidney

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Cloxacillin:
Inhalation: Remarks: May cause sensitization of susceptible persons.
Skin contact: Symptoms: Dermatitis
Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact: Remarks: May irritate eyes.
Ingestion: Symptoms: May cause, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Rash
Remarks: May cause sensitization of susceptible persons.

Gentamicin:
Ingestion: Target Organs: Kidney
Target Organs: inner ear
Symptoms: Dizziness, Vertigo, hearing loss, tinnitus, fetal deafness

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Peanut oil:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

1,2,3-Propanetriyl tris(12-hydroxyoctadecanoate):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gentamicin:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 86 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  
LC50 (Americamysis): 30 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035 |
| Toxicty to algae/aquatic plants | EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10 µg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,5 µg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 4,7 µg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 1,6 µg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
| M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) | 100 |
| M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) | 1 |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | EC50: 288,7 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 |

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Gentamicin:**

Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable  
Biodegradation: 100 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Cloxacillin:**

Partition coefficient: n-: log Pow: 2,44
Gentamicin / Cloxacillin Formulation

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Gentamicin)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Gentamicin)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Gentamicin)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry: Not applicable
Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs: Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AR OEL: Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
AR OEL / CMP: TLV (Threshold Limit Value)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory con-
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