1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Indoxacarb Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: 50 Tuas West Drive
          Singapore - Singapore 638408
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids: Category 2
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Blood, Nervous system, Heart)
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: ![Flammable](image1) ![Exposure](image2) ![Irritation](image3) ![Toxic](image4)

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P270 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response:**
- P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
- P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Indoxacarb Formulation

Version 3.8  Revision Date: 09/13/2019  SDS Number: 25538-00015  Date of last issue: 24.04.2019  Date of first issue: 24.10.2014

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  Alcohol-resistant foam  Carbon dioxide (CO2)  Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire- : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread
### 4. FIGHTING FIRE

- **Flash back possible over considerable distance.**
- **Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.**
- **Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.**

- **Hazardous combustion products**: Carbon oxides

- **Specific extinguishing methods**:
  - Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
  - Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
  - Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
  - Evacuate area.

- **Special protective equipment for firefighters**:
  - In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
  - Use personal protective equipment.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**:
  - Remove all sources of ignition.
  - Ventilate the area.
  - Use personal protective equipment.
  - Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

- **Environmental precautions**:
  - Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
  - Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
  - Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
  - Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
  - Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

- **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**:
  - Non-sparking tools should be used.
  - Soak up with inert absorbent material.
  - Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
  - For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
  - Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
  - Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
  - Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- **Technical measures**:
  - See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

- **Local/Total ventilation**:
  - If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust.
ventilation. If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

**Advice on safe handling**: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Conditions for safe storage**: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

**Materials to avoid**: Do not store with the following product types: Self-reactive substances and mixtures Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable gases Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures Poisonous gases Explosives

---

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Components with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>PEL (long term)</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>983 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PEL (short term)</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,230 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin sensitisation</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift at end of work-week</td>
<td>40 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**
- Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

**Hand protection**
- Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
- Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

**Eye protection**
- Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety goggles

**Skin and body protection**
- Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
  - Wear the following personal protective equipment:
  - If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
  - Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

**Hygiene measures**
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>White to light yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>sweet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>18 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1.12 g/cm³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:
- Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid:
- Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials:
- Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products:
- No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: 916.54 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method

Components:

Propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l
  Exposure time: 6 h
  Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity:
- LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Indoxacarb (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat, female): 179 mg/kg
  Symptoms: Loss of reflexes, Breathing difficulties, Tremors
  LD50 (Rat, male): 843 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat, female): 4.2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
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Date of first issue: 24.10.2014

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Species: Guinea pig
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: mammalian cells Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse Cell type: Bone marrow Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Exposure time: 104 weeks Method: OECD Test Guideline 451 Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: oral (feed) Exposure time: 2 Years Frequency of Treatment: daily Result: negative
Species: Mouse, male and female Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time : 18 Months
Frequency of Treatment : daily
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: > 6.7 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

**STOT - single exposure**
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Causes damage to organs (Blood, Nervous system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**
Target Organs: Blood, Nervous system, Heart
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Propan-2-ol:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 12.5 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 104 Weeks

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1.7 mg/kg
LOAEL: 4.1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 d
Target Organs: Blood, Central nervous system

Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
LOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 28 d
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 4.6 mg/m³
LOAEL: 23 mg/m³
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Target Organs: Blood, Lungs
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 yr
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 yr
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 3 mg/kg
LOAEL: 14 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Nervous system, Heart

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
General Information: No human information is available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.65 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.46 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):
1

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
1

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Biodegradability:
Result: rapidly degradable

BOD/COD:
BOD: 1.19 (BOD5)COD: 2.23BOD/COD: 53 %

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:
log Pow: 0.05

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:
log Pow: 4.65

Mobility in soil

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments:
log Koc: 3.9

Other adverse effects
No data available
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 1219
Proper shipping name: ISOPROPA NOL SOLUTION
Class: 3
Packing group: II
Labels: 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 1219
Proper shipping name: Isopropanol solution
Class: 3
Packing group: II
Labels: Flammable Liquids
Pack ing instruction (cargo aircraft): 364
Pack ing instruction (passenger aircraft): 353

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 1219
Proper shipping name: ISOPROPA NOL SOLUTION (Indoxacarb (ISO))
Class: 3
Packing group: II
Labels: 3
EmS Code: F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.
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Indoxacarb Formulation

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Date of first issue: 24.10.2014

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations: Not applicable

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations: Isopropanol

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:


Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- ACGIH BEI: ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
- SG OEL: Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health Act - First Schedule Permissible Exposure Limits of Toxic Substances

- ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- SG OEL / PEL (long term): Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term
- SG OEL / PEL (short term): Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Short Term

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA
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