SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation
Other means of identification: No data available

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Flammable liquids: Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4
Skin sensitization: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Blood, Nervous system, Heart)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:  
Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H372 Causes damage to organs (Blood, Nervous system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements:  
Prevention:  
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
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Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
High volume water jet

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.
Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.


Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
### Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>800 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>150 ppm</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>553 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>369 mg/m³</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
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<td>TWAEV</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>369 mg/m³</td>
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<td></td>
<td>STEV</td>
<td>150 ppm</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>553 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin sensitization

| Wipe limit                | 100 µg/100 cm² | Internal |

#### Engineering measures
- Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use local exhaust ventilation.
- If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
  - Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection**
- Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
### Remarks
Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### Eye protection
Wear the following personal protective equipment:
- Safety glasses

### Skin and body protection
Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
- Wear the following personal protective equipment:
  - If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
  - Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

### Hygiene measures
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** : liquid

**Color** : Clear white to yellow.

**Odor** : ether-like

**Odor Threshold** : No data available

**pH** : No data available

**Melting point/freezing point** : No data available

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** : No data available

**Flash point** : 33.5 °C

**Evaporation rate** : No data available

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not applicable

**Flammability (liquids)** : Not applicable

**Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit** : No data available

**Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit** : No data available
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flammability limit

Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : 1.096
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
  Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid
  Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products
  No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact
Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
Product:
Acute oral toxicity:  
Acute toxicity estimate: 572.63 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity:  
Acute toxicity estimate: 3.29 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Calculation method

Components:

**Permethrin (ISO):**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg
- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 4 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- **Acute dermal toxicity**: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**1-Methoxy-2-propanol:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): 4,016 mg/kg
- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Mouse): < 22.2 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 6 h  
  Test atmosphere: vapor
- **Acute dermal toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat, female): 179 mg/kg  
  Symptoms: Loss of reflexes, Breathing difficulties, Tremors  
  LD50 (Rat, male): 843 mg/kg
- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat, female): 4.2 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 4 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- **Acute dermal toxicity**: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Permethrin (ISO):**

- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No skin irritation

**1-Methoxy-2-propanol:**
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Indoxacarb (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Guinea pig
Test Type: Buehler Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Result: positive
Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Species: Guinea pig
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Species: Guinea pig
Test Type: Maximization Test
Result: positive
Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Permethrin (ISO):**

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells
Result: equivocal

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**

Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: mammalian cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Species: Rat
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Result: negative

**1-Methoxy-2-propanol:**
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Frequency of Treatment: daily
Result: negative

Species: Mouse, male and female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 18 Months
Frequency of Treatment: daily
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
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Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: > 6.7 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

STOT-single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Blood, Nervous system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Target Organs: Blood, Nervous system, Heart
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

**Permethrin (ISO):**
- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 0.2201 mg/l
- **Application Route:** Inhalation
- **Exposure time:** 90 Days

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 175 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 90 Days

**1-Methoxy-2-propanol:**
- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 919 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 35 Days

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 1.1 mg/l
- **Application Route:** Inhalation (vapor)
- **Exposure time:** 2 y
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 453

- **Species:** Rabbit
- **NOAEL:** 1,838 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Skin contact
- **Exposure time:** 90 Days

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**
- **Species:** Rat, male and female
- **NOAEL:** 1.7 mg/kg
- **LOAEL:** 4.1 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Exposure time:** 90 d
- **Target Organs:** Blood, Central nervous system

- **Species:** Rat, male and female
- **NOAEL:** 50 mg/kg
- **LOAEL:** 500 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Dermal
- **Exposure time:** 28 d
- **Target Organs:** Blood

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 4.6 mg/m3
- **LOAEL:** 23 mg/m3
- **Application Route:** Inhalation
- **Exposure time:** 4 Weeks
- **Target Organs:** Blood, Lungs
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Date of first issue: 11/04/2014

Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 3 mg/kg
LOAEL: 14 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Nervous system, Heart

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
General Information: No human information is available.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.13 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.00041 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0047 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6,812 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23,300 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 6,745 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: ISO 10253

Toxicity to microorganisms:

IC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Indoxacarb (ISO):

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.65 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.46 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.09 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
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Biodegradability

- Result: Not readily biodegradable.
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 96%
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

- Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.67

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < 1

Indoxacarb (ISO):

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.65

Mobility in soil

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):

- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.9

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
- UN number: UN 3092
- Proper shipping name: 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL SOLUTION
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3

**IATA-DGR**
- UN/ID No.: UN 3092
- Proper shipping name: 1-Methoxy-2-propanol solution
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Flammable Liquids
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 366
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 355

**IMDG-Code**
- UN number: UN 3092
- Proper shipping name: 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL SOLUTION (Permethrin (ISO), Indoxacarb (ISO))
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3
- EmS Code: F-E, S-D
- Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

**TDG**
- UN number: UN 3092
- Proper shipping name: 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL SOLUTION
- Class: 3
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 3
- ERG Code: 129
- Marine pollutant: yes (Permethrin (ISO), Indoxacarb (ISO))

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit
CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB
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- Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:


Revision Date: 09/16/2019

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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