SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD
Shotton Lane
NE23 3JU Cramlington NU - Great Britain

Telephone : 44 1 670 59 30 00
Telefax : 908-735-1496
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3
Acute toxicity, Category 4
Acute toxicity, Category 4
Skin sensitisation, Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H332: Harmful if inhaled.
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

\[\text{Diagram of hazard pictograms}\]
Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

Version 2.0  Revision Date: 09/16/2019  SDS Number: 27888-00013  Date of last issue: 05.06.2018

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:
- Prevention:
  - P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
  - P273 Avoid release to the environment.
  - P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
- P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
- P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
- Permethrin (ISO)
- 1-Methoxy-2-propanol
- Indoxacarb (ISO)

2.3 Other hazards
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>258-067-9</td>
<td>613-058-00-2</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- **General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

- **Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

- **If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

- **In case of skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

- **In case of eye contact**: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

- **If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-
6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyeing or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyed material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Flammable solids
- Pyrophoric liquids
- Pyrophoric solids
- Self-heating substances and mixtures
- Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases
- Explosives
- Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>800 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>150 ppm 568 mg/m³</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm 375 mg/m³</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)</td>
<td>100 ppm 375 mg/m³</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td></td>
<td>Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OELV - 15 min (STEL)</td>
<td>150 ppm 568 mg/m³</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Indoxacarb (ISO) 173584-44-6 TWA 20 µg/m³ Internal

Further information Skin sensitisation
Wipe limit 100 µg/100 cm² Internal

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>369 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>553.5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute local effects</td>
<td>553.5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>183 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>43.9 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>78 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>33 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>10 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Freshwater - intermittent</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>52.3 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>5.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>4.59 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures
Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses
Equipment should conform to I.S. EN 166

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous sub-
stance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

**Skin and body protection**

Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

- If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
- Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

**Respiratory protection**

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**

Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Clear white to yellow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>ether-like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>33.5 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.096</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion
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Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>Acute toxicity estimate: 609.38 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
<th>Acute toxicity estimate: 4.48 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
<th>LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
<th>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Indoxacarb (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat, female): 179 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Symptoms: Loss of reflexes, Breathing difficulties, Tremors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 (Rat, male): 843 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
<th>LC50 (Rat, female): 4.2 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat, male and female): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): 4,016 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
<th>LC50 (Mouse): &lt; 22.2 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 6 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: vapour</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.
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Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Result: No skin irritation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Result: No eye irritation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: positive
- Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Species: Guinea pig
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### Result

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>Maximisation Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Permethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>positive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

Germ cell mutagenicity: Assessment
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: positive
- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
    - Test system: mammalian cells
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
    - Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Micronucleus test
    - Species: Mouse
    - Cell type: Bone marrow
    - Result: negative

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Result: equivocal
  - Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
    - Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    - Species: Mouse
    - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
    - Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rat
- Result: negative

Species: Mouse
- Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Species: Rat, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Frequency of Treatment: daily
- Result: negative

Species: Mouse, male and female
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 18 Months
- Frequency of Treatment: daily
- Result: negative

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
- Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
### Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

**Result:** negative

Test Type: Two-generation study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight  
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: > 6.7 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

#### Effects on foetal development

| Test Type | Development  
|------------|-------------|  
| Species | Rat  
| Application Route | Oral  
| Developmental Toxicity | NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight  
| Result | No teratogenic effects  

| Test Type | Development  
|------------|-------------|  
| Species | Rabbit  
| Application Route | Oral  
| Developmental Toxicity | NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight  
| Result | No adverse effects  

| Test Type | Development  
|------------|-------------|  
| Species | Rat  
| Application Route | Oral  
| Developmental Toxicity | NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  

| Test Type | Development  
|------------|-------------|  
| Species | Rat  
| Application Route | Oral  
| Developmental Toxicity | LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  

### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

#### Effects on fertility

| Test Type | Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
|------------|-------------|  
| Species | Rat  
| Application Route | inhalation (vapour)  
| Method | OECD Test Guideline 416  
| Result | negative  

#### Effects on foetal development

| Test Type | Embryo-foetal development  
|------------|-------------|  
| Species | Rat  
| Application Route | inhalation (vapour)  
| Result | negative  

### STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:**

### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

**Assessment:** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Target Organs: Blood, Nervous system, Heart
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 0.2201 mg/l
- Application Route: Inhalation
- Exposure time: 90 Days

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Species: Rat, male and female
- NOAEL: 1.7 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 4.1 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 90 d
- Target Organs: Blood, Central nervous system

Species: Rat, male and female
- NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 500 mg/kg
- Application Route: Dermal
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Target Organs: Blood

Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 4.6 mg/m3
- LOAEL: 23 mg/m3
- Application Route: Inhalation
- Exposure time: 4 Weeks
- Target Organs: Blood, Lungs

Species: Rat, male and female
- NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 1 yr
- Target Organs: Blood
## Species
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>1 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1 yr</td>
<td>Blood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>3 mg/kg</td>
<td>oral (feed)</td>
<td>18 Months</td>
<td>Nervous system, Heart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>919 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>35 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.1 mg/l</td>
<td>inhalation (vapour)</td>
<td>2 yr</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>1,838 mg/kg</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>919 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>35 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.1 mg/l</td>
<td>inhalation (vapour)</td>
<td>2 yr</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Experience with human exposure

#### Components:

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**
- General Information: No human information is available.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicty

**Components:**

**Permethrin (ISO):**
- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l, Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l
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aquatic invertebrates
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.13 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
- EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC: 0.00041 mg/l Exposure time: 35 d Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish) Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC: 0.0047 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000

Indoxacarb (ISO):

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.65 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.9 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.6 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.46 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1

Toxicity to daphnia and other:
- NOEC: 0.09 mg/l
12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 96 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.67

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.65

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < 1
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Date of first issue: 04.11.2014

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.9

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.
Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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<tr>
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<td>UN 3092</td>
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<td>UN 3092</td>
<td>UN 3092</td>
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</table>

14.2 UN proper shipping name

<table>
<thead>
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<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL, SOLUTION</td>
<td>1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL, SOLUTION</td>
<td>1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL, SOLUTION</td>
<td>1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL, SOLUTION (Permethrin (ISO), Indoxacarb (ISO))</td>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol, solution</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

| ADN | : 3  |
| ADR | : 3  |
| RID | : 3  |
| IMDG| : 3  |
| IATA| : 3  |

14.4 Packing group

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<td>Packing group : III</td>
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<td>Classification Code : F1</td>
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<table>
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<td>Hazard Identification Number : 30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Labels : 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>Packing group : III</td>
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<td>Classification Code : F1</td>
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<td>Hazard Identification Number : 30</td>
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<tr>
<td>Labels : 3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMDG</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packing group : III</td>
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<tr>
<td>Labels : 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmS Code : F-E, S-D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IATA (Cargo)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group : III</td>
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<tr>
<td>Labels : Flammable Liquids</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IATA (Passenger)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355</td>
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<tr>
<td>Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344</td>
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<tr>
<td>Packing group : III</td>
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<tr>
<td>Labels : Flammable Liquids</td>
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</table>

14.5 Environmental hazards

<table>
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<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environmentally hazardous : yes</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environmentally hazardous : yes</td>
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</table>

| RID |
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Date of last issue: 05.06.2018
Date of first issue: 04.11.2014

Environmentally hazardous: yes
IMDG Marine pollutant: yes

14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks: Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59): Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV): Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants: Not applicable
REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII): Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</th>
<th>Quantity 1</th>
<th>Quantity 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS</td>
<td>100 t</td>
<td>200 t</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.
Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined
15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H-Statement</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H226</td>
<td>Flammable liquid and vapour.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H301</td>
<td>Toxic if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H302</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H317</td>
<td>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H332</td>
<td>Harmful if inhaled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H336</td>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H372</td>
<td>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H400</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H410</td>
<td>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of other abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox.</td>
<td>Acute toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute</td>
<td>Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic</td>
<td>Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq.</td>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Sens.</td>
<td>Skin sensitisation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT RE</td>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE</td>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IE OEL</td>
<td>Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000/39/EC / TWA</td>
<td>Limit Value - eight hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000/39/EC / STEL</td>
<td>Short term exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)</td>
<td>Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IE OEL / OELV - 15 min (STEL)</td>
<td>Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical
Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information


Classification of the mixture:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Classification procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3</td>
<td>H226</td>
<td>Based on product data or assessment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4</td>
<td>H302</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
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<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4</td>
<td>H332</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
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<tr>
<td>Skin Sens. 1</td>
<td>H317</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3</td>
<td>H336</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT RE 1</td>
<td>H372</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute 1</td>
<td>H400</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1</td>
<td>H410</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

IE / EN