1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification
Highly flammable liquids

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids: Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Blood, Nervous system, Heart)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

Version 2.4
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 27889-00017
Date of last issue: 17.03.2021
Date of first issue: 04.11.2014

Hazard pictograms:
- Flame
- Person
- Exclamation
- Skull

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H372 Causes damage to organs (Blood, Nervous system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water.
- P304 + P340 + P317 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical help.
- P333 + P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
- Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Substance / Mixture | Components |
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

Specific hazards during firefighting : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Keep container tightly closed.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable gases
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Poisonous gases
Explosives

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permethyl (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m3 (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>800 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m3</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin sensitisation

|                   | Wipe limit   | 100 µg/100 cm²              | Internal |

Engineering measures: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use local exhaust ventilation.
Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type:
Hand protection: Combined particulates and organic vapour type
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment:
- Safety glasses

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
- Wear the following personal protective equipment:
  - If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
  - Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Colour: Clear white to yellow.

Odour: ether-like

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: 33.5 °C

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>Not classified as a reactivity hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>Stable under normal conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reactions</td>
<td>Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>Heat, flames and sparks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible materials</td>
<td>Oxidizing agents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition products</td>
<td>No hazardous decomposition products are known.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
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<td>04.11.2014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ingestion
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

**Product:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - Permethrin (ISO):
    - LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg
  - 1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
    - LD50 (Rat): 4,016 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**
  - Permethrin (ISO):
    - LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l
  - 1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
    - LC50 (Mouse): < 22.2 mg/l

- **Acute dermal toxicity**
  - Permethrin (ISO):
    - LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - 1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
    - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Components:**

**Permethrin (ISO):**

- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**
  - LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute dermal toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**1-Methoxy-2-propanol:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat): 4,016 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**
  - LC50 (Mouse): < 22.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 6 h
  - Test atmosphere: vapour

- **Acute dermal toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**

- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat, female): 179 mg/kg
  - Symptoms: Loss of reflexes, Breathing difficulties, Tremors
  - LD50 (Rat, male): 843 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**
  - LC50 (Rat, female): 4.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute dermal toxicity**
  - LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive
Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**
- **Test Type:** Maximisation Test
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Result:** positive

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Permethrin (ISO):**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - **Test Type:** Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - **Result:** positive

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**
  - **Test Type:** Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    - **Species:** Mouse
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
    - **Species:** Mouse
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
    - **Species:** Mouse
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    - **Species:** Rat
    - **Application Route:** Intraperitoneal injection
    - **Result:** negative
  - **Test Type:** Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
    - **Species:** Mouse
    - **Application Route:** Ingestion
    - **Result:** positive
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells
Result: equivocal

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: mammalian cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat
Result : negative
Species : Mouse

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Species : Rat
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time : 2 Years
Method : OECD Test Guideline 453
Result : negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Species : Rat, male and female
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 2 Years
Frequency of Treatment : daily
Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male and female
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 18 Months
Frequency of Treatment : daily
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Permethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
**Indoxacarb (ISO):**

**Effects on fertility:**
- Test Type: Two-generation study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
- Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development:**
- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No teratogenic effects

**STOT - single exposure**
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:**

**1-Methoxy-2-propanol:**
- Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Causes damage to organs (Blood, Nervous system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**
- Target Organs: Blood, Nervous system, Heart
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

#### Permethrin (ISO):

- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 0.2201 mg/l
- **Application Route**: Inhalation
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days

- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 175 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days

#### 1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 919 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 35 Days

- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 1.1 mg/l
- **Application Route**: Inhalation (vapour)
- **Exposure time**: 2 yr
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 453

- **Species**: Rabbit
- **NOAEL**: 1,838 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Skin contact
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days

#### Indoxacarb (ISO):

- **Species**: Rat, male and female
- **NOAEL**: 1.7 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 4.1 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 90 d
- **Target Organs**: Blood, Central nervous system

- **Species**: Rat, male and female
- **NOAEL**: 50 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 500 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Dermal
- **Exposure time**: 28 d
- **Target Organs**: Blood

- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 4.6 mg/m³
- **LOAEL**: 23 mg/m³
### Application Route
- Inhalation
- Oral

### Exposure time
- 4 Weeks
- 1 yr
- 18 Months

### Target Organs
- Blood
- Blood
- Nervous system, Heart

### Species
- Rat, male and female
- Dog
- Mouse

### NOAEL
- 1 mg/kg
- 1 mg/kg
- 3 mg/kg

### LOAEL
- 2 mg/kg
- 2 mg/kg
- 14 mg/kg

### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Experience with human exposure

### Components:

**Indoxacarb (ISO):**
- General Information: No human information is available.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Permethrin (ISO):**

- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.13 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  - EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l
    Exposure time: 72 h
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)</th>
<th>10,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicty to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1,000 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicty to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC: 0.00041 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 35 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicty to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC: 0.0047 µg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

| Toxicty to fish                      | LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6,812 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 96 h |
|                                     | Method: DIN 38412 |
| Toxicty to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23,300 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicty to algae/aquatic plants     | ErC50 ( Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 6,745 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 72 h |
|                                     | Method: ISO 10253 |
| Toxicty to microorganisms           | IC50: > 1,000 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 3 h |
|                                     | Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 |

Indoxacarb (ISO):

| Toxicty to fish                      | LC50 (Onchorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.65 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 96 h |
|                                     | Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 |
|                                     | LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.9 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 96 h |
|                                     | Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 |
| Toxicty to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.6 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 48 h |
|                                     | Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 |
| Toxicty to algae/aquatic plants     | EC50 ( Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.6 mg/l |
|                                     | Exposure time: 72 h |
|                                     | NOEC ( Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.46 |
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mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: 0.09 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 96 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.67

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: < 1

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.65

Mobility in soil

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Distribution among environ- : log Koc: 3.9
mental compartments

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**
- **Waste from residues**: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- **Contaminated packaging**: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
- **UN number**: UN 3092
- **Proper shipping name**: 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL SOLUTION
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: 3

**IATA-DGR**
- **UN/ID No.**: UN 3092
- **Proper shipping name**: 1-Methoxy-2-propanol solution
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: Flammable Liquids
- **Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)**: 366
- **Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)**: 355

**IMDG-Code**
- **UN number**: UN 3092
- **Proper shipping name**: 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL SOLUTION (Permethrin (ISO), Indoxacarb (ISO))
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: 3
- **EmS Code**: F-E, S-D
- **Marine pollutant**: yes

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Special precautions for user**
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Indoxacar / Permethrin Formulation

Version 2.4
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 27889-00017
Date of last issue: 17.03.2021
Date of first issue: 04.11.2014

Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substanc-
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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