SAFETY DATA SHEET

Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

Version: 3.0
Revision Date: 09/16/2019
SDS Number: 27892-00014
Date of last issue: 2018/06/05
Date of first issue: 2014/11/04

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: Kumagaya, Saitama Prefecture, Xicheng 810 MSD Co., Ltd.
Menuma factory
Telephone: 048-588-8411
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Flammable liquids: Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Blood, Nervous system, Heart)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Blood, Nervous system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response:**
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Important symptoms and outlines of the emergency assumed:

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
<th>ENCS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td></td>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>43.81</td>
<td>3-4010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 40 - &lt; 50</td>
<td>2-404, 7-97, 2-404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>13.69</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-
fighting

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust
ventilation. If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact: Oxidizing agents

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Storage


Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Oxidizing solids Oxidizing liquids

Packaging material: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>800 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-Methoxy-2-propanol</td>
<td>107-98-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb (ISO)</td>
<td>173584-44-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin sensitisation</td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust
ventilation. If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

**Eye protection**: Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety glasses

**Skin and body protection**: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Wear the following personal protective equipment:
- If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.
- Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Clear white to yellow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>ether-like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>33.5 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
  Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
  Flammable liquid and vapour.
Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - Acute toxicity estimate: 609.38 mg/kg
  - Method: Calculation method
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - Acute toxicity estimate: 4.48 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: Calculation method

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): 4,016 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Mouse): < 22.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 6 h
  - Test atmosphere: vapour
- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat, female): 179 mg/kg
  - Symptoms: Loss of reflexes, Breathing difficulties, Tremors
  - LD50 (Rat, male): 843 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Rat, female): 4.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: positive
- Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
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## Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>09/16/2019</td>
<td>27892-00014</td>
<td>2018/06/05</td>
<td>2014/11/04</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: negative

### Indoxacarb (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximisation Test</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Permethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td></td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: Ingestion</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: equivocal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosomal aberration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test system: mammalian cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

| Species | Rat |
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
<th>negative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

| Species             | Rat              |
| Application Route   | inhalation (vapour) |
| Exposure time       | 2 Years          |
| Method              | OECD Test Guideline 453 |
| Result              | negative         |

Indoxacarb (ISO):

| Species             | Rat, male and female |
| Application Route   | oral (feed)         |
| Exposure time       | 2 Years             |
| Frequency of Treatment | daily            |
| Result              | negative            |

| Species             | Mouse, male and female |
| Application Route   | oral (feed)           |
| Exposure time       | 18 Months             |
| Frequency of Treatment | daily          |
| Result              | negative             |

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

| Effects on fertility | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study |
|                      | Species: Rat |
|                      | Application Route: Ingestion |
|                      | Result: negative |

| Effects on foetal development | Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test |
|                               | Species: Rat |
|                               | Application Route: Ingestion |
|                               | Result: negative |

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

| Effects on fertility | Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study |
|                      | Species: Rat |
|                      | Application Route: inhalation (vapour) |
|                      | Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 |
|                      | Result: negative |

| Effects on foetal development | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development |
|                               | Species: Rat |
|                               | Application Route: inhalation (vapour) |
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Result: negative

Indoxacarb (ISO):

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
- Result: negative

- Test Type: Two-generation study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1.3 mg/kg body weight
- General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: > 6.7 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No teratogenic effects

- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No adverse effects

- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

STOT - single exposure
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
- Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Blood, Nervous system, Heart) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):
- Target Organs: Blood, Nervous system, Heart
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Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>0.2201 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>175 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>919 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>35 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>1.1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Inhalation (vapour)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 yr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 453</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>1,838 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indoxacarb (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat, male and female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>1.7 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>4.1 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>90 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Blood, Central nervous system</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat, male and female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>500 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Dermal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>28 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Blood</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>4.6 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>23 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Indoxacarb / Permethrin Formulation

Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Target Organs: Blood, Lungs

Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 yr
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 yr
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 3 mg/kg
LOAEL: 14 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Nervous system, Heart

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):

General Information: No human information is available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.13 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
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M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.00041 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0047 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000
Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6,812 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: DIN 38412
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23,300 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ER50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 6,745 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: ISO 10253
Toxicity to microorganisms: IC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Indoxacarb (ISO):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Onocorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.65 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.46 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1
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Date of first issue: 2014/11/04

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.09 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:


Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):

Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.67

1-Methoxy-2-propanol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < 1

Indoxacarb (ISO):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.65

Mobility in soil

Components:

Indoxacarb (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.9

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Not applicable

Other adverse effects

No data available
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3092
Proper shipping name : 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL SOLUTION
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3092
Proper shipping name : 1-Methoxy-2-propanol solution
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3092
Proper shipping name : 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL SOLUTION (Permethrin (ISO), Indoxacarb (ISO))
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-D
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations
Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law
Group 4, Type 2 petroleums, Water insoluble liquid, (1000 litre), Hazardous rank III

Chemical Substance Control Law
Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture
Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture
Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names
Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol monomethyl ether</td>
<td>496</td>
<td>&gt;=40 - &lt;50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names
Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol monomethyl ether</td>
<td>496</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning
Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)
Inflammable Substance
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Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof

Class I Designated Chemical Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3-phenoxybenzyl 3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoxacarb</td>
<td>430</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

High Pressure Gas Safety Act
Not applicable

Explosive Control Law
Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law
Flammable liquids (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

Aviation Law
Flammable liquid (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law
Bulk transportation : Not classified as noxious liquid substance

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law
Pack transportation : Classified as marine pollutant

Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act
Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)
Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)
Not applicable

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law
Specially Controlled Industrial Waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-
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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

AIICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

JP / EN