SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ivermectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Ivermectin (with Propylene Glycol) Formulation
Other means of identification: No data available

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Flammable liquids: Category 2
Eye irritation: Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Central nervous system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
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Date of first issue: 07/30/2019

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a doctor.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common Name/Synonym</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>1,2-Propanediol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,3-Dioxan-5-ol</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>4740-78-7</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>Ethyl methyl ketone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>70288-86-7</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media

- High volume water jet

Specific hazards during firefighting

- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products

- Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods

- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Ventilate the area.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
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tion

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSO

NAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>TWA (Vapour and aerosols)</td>
<td>50 ppm 155 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (aerosol)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA ON OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm 590 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>300 ppm 885 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA/EV</td>
<td>50 ppm 150 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEV</td>
<td>100 ppm 300 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>300 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>70288-86-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

Wipe limit 300 µg/100 cm² Internal

Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butanone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>methyl ethyl ketone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)</td>
<td>2 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing
technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type
Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Hand protection
Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks
Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

Eye protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection
Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance
liquid

Color
Colorless to pale yellow
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>characteristic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>&lt; -66 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>81.5 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>16 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammibility limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammibility limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.04 - 1.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>slightly soluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristics</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>Not classified as a reactivity hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>Stable under normal conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reactions</td>
<td>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>Heat, flames and sparks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible materials</td>
<td>Oxidizing agents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition products</td>
<td>No hazardous decomposition products are known.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Acute toxicity estimate: &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Acute toxicity estimate: &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 22,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): &gt; 44.9 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>&gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>&gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Particle size: Not applicable
Butanone:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Ivermectin:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 50 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 25 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): > 24 mg/kg
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Vomiting, Dilatation of the pupil
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 5.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 406 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 660 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Propylene glycol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
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Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ivermectin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Ivermectin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Ivermectin:
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Humans
Result: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Butanone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Test Type: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, gene mutation assay (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Ivermectin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Ivermectin:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
NOAEL: 1.5 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
NOAEL: 2.0 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:  
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Butanone:  
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ivermectin:  
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 0.6 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Teratogenic effects, Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally
toxic doses

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.4 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Result: Teratogenic effects, Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

STOT-single exposure
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.

Components:

Butanone:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Ivermectin:
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

Ivermectin:
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rat, male
NOAEL: >= 1,700 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 y
Butanone:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 14.84 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Ivermectin:
Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 14 Weeks
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Symptoms : Dilatation of the pupil, Tremors, Lack of coordination, anorexia

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 1.2 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Weeks
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.4 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.8 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butanone:
The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Ivermectin:

Skin contact : Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.
Eye contact : Remarks: May irritate eyes.
Ingestion : Symptoms: Drowsiness, Dilatation of the pupil, Tremors, Vomiting, anorexia, Lack of coordination
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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
  NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l
  Exposure time: 7 d
Toxicity to microorganisms:
  NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 18 h

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
  EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
  EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to microorganisms:
  EC10: > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,993 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2,029 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Ivermectin:
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.003 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.0048 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00025 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propylene glycol:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 98.3 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:
- Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Butanone:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 98 %
## Exposure time
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

### Ivermectin:
**Biodegradability:** Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 50%  
Exposure time: 240 d

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Components:

**Propylene glycol:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log Pow: -1.07 \)  

**1,3-Dioxan-5-ol:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log Pow: -0.65 \)

**Butanone:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log Pow: 0.3 \)

**Ivermectin:**  
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 74  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log Pow: 3.22 \)

#### Mobility in soil
No data available

#### Other adverse effects
No data available

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Disposal methods

- **Waste from residues:** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.  
  Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
- **Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
  Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.  
  Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.  
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
- **UN number**: UN 1193
- **Proper shipping name**: METHYL ETHYL KETONE SOLUTION
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: II
- **Labels**: 3

**IATA-DGR**
- **UN/ID No.**: UN 1193
- **Proper shipping name**: Ethyl methyl ketone solution
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: II
- **Labels**: Flammable Liquids
- **Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)**: 364
- **Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)**: 353

**IMDG-Code**
- **UN number**: UN 1193
- **Proper shipping name**: ETHYL METHYL KETONE SOLUTION (Ivermectin)
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: II
- **Labels**: 3
- **EmS Code**: F-E, S-D
- **Marine pollutant**: yes

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

**TDG**
- **UN number**: UN 1193
- **Proper shipping name**: ETHYL METHYL KETONE SOLUTION (Ivermectin)
- **Class**: 3
- **Packing group**: II
- **Labels**: 3
- **ERG Code**: 127
- **Marine pollutant**: yes (Ivermectin)

**Special precautions for user**
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
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Version 5.3 Revision Date: 04/04/2023 SDS Number: 4710379-00016 Date of last issue: 02/07/2023 Date of first issue: 07/30/2019

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit
CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICGS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substanc-
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Version 5.3  Revision Date: 04/04/2023  SDS Number: 4710379-00016  Date of last issue: 02/07/2023
Date of first issue: 07/30/2019

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

Revision Date: 04/04/2023
Date format: mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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