1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Ivermectin / Abamectin Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Central nervous system)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ivermectin / Abamectin Liquid Formulation

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word:
Danger

Hazard statements:
H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H371 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corn oil</td>
<td>8001-30-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>70288-86-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b)</td>
<td>71751-41-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May damage the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs if swallowed.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyeing or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyed material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitisers.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corn oil</td>
<td>8001-30-7</td>
<td>NAB (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>70288-86-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b)</td>
<td>71751-41-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 µg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

| Wipe limit                             | 0.5 mg/100 cm² | Internal |
| Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b) | 71751-41-2 | TWA | 30 µg/m³ (OEB 3) | Internal |
| (dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate               | 7695-91-2 | TWA | 5000 µg/m³ (OEB 1) | Internal |

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Biological specimen</th>
<th>Sampling time</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>872-50-4</td>
<td>5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure)</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
<td>ACGIH BEI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Colour: light yellow

Odour: characteristic

Odour Threshold: No data available
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&gt; 100 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>0.91 - 1.00 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
### Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

### Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

### Conditions to avoid
None known.

### Incompatible materials
Oxidizing agents

### Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on likely routes of exposure:**
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

**Product:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**
  - Acute toxicity estimate: 1,031 mg/kg
  - Method: Calculation method

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**
  - Acute toxicity estimate: 1.84 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: Calculation method

- **Acute dermal toxicity**
  - Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

- **Corn oil:**
  - Acute oral toxicity
    - LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

- **N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
  - Acute oral toxicity
    - LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg
  - Acute inhalation toxicity
    - LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
    - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
  - Acute dermal toxicity
    - LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

- **Ivermectin:**
  - Acute oral toxicity
    - LD50 (Rat): 50 mg/kg
    - LD50 (Mouse): 25 mg/kg
    - LD50 (Monkey): > 24 mg/kg
  - Target Organs: Central nervous system
  - Symptoms: Vomiting, Dilatation of the pupil
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Rat): 5.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 (Rabbit): 406 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 660 mg/kg

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat): 24 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 10 mg/kg
LDLo (Monkey): 24 mg/kg
Symptoms: Dilatation of the pupil

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Rat): 0.023 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 (Rat): 330 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): 2,000 mg/kg

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 (Rat): > 3,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Result: Skin irritation

Ivermectin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species: Rabbit
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ivermectin / Abamectin Liquid Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>2020/10/10</td>
<td>1210008-00011</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2017/01/10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Ivermectin:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

**Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:**
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Ivermectin:**
Exposure routes : Dermal
Species : Humans
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

**Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):**
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Test Type: Draize Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Humans
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
Result: negative

Ivermectin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Test system: human diploid fibroblasts
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Ivermectin:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
NOAEL: 1.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
NOAEL: 2.0 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 105 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 93 weeks
Result: negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Effects on fertility
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Result: positive

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-
assessment animal experiments.

Ivermectin:

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Fertility: NOAEL: 0.6 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Teratogenic effects, Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses.

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat, male
- Application Route: Oral
- Result: Effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Cleft palate
- Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Cleft palate, Teratogenic effects, Reduced embryonic survival  
Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.6 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:  
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.

Components:  
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:  
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Ivermectin:  
Target Organs: Central nervous system  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

STOT - repeated exposure  
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:  
Ivermectin:  
Target Organs: Central nervous system  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 169 mg/kg
LOAEL : 433 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.5 mg/l
LOAEL : 1 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 96 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rabbit
NOAEL : 826 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1,653 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 20 Days

Ivermectin:

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 14 Weeks
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Symptoms : Dilatation of the pupil, Tremors, Lack of coordination, anorexia

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 1.2 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Weeks
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.4 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.8 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney
Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 Months
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, ataxia

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 4.0 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 Months
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, ataxia

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 53 Weeks
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, weight loss
Remarks: mortality observed

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 1.0 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 14 Weeks
Target Organs: Central nervous system

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation

Ivermectin:
Skin contact: Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.
Eye contact: Remarks: May irritate eyes.
Ingestion: Symptoms: Drowsiness, Dilatation of the pupil, Tremors, Vomiting, anorexia, Lack of coordination

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

### Corn oil:
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC0 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 24 h
  - Method: DIN 38412

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Ivermectin:
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.003 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.0048 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.000025 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

### Ecotoxicity
- **Components:**
  - **Corn oil**
    - Toxicity to fish
    - LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
      - Exposure time: 96 h
      - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
    - Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
      - EC0 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 48 h
        - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
    - Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
      - EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 72 h
        - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  - **N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone**
    - Toxicity to fish
      - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 96 h
    - Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
      - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 24 h
        - Method: DIN 38412
    - Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
      - ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 72 h
    - Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
      - NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 21 d
        - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
    - Toxicity to microorganisms
      - EC50: > 600 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 30 min
        - Method: ISO 8192
  - **Ivermectin**
    - Toxicity to fish
      - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.003 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 96 h
      - LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.0048 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 96 h
    - Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
      - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.000025 mg/l
        - Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 9.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.2 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9.6 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Ictalurus punctatus (channel catfish)): 24 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 42 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 15 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Americamysis): 0.022 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 µg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.52 µg/l
  Exposure time: 32 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 µg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
- NOEC (Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 0.0035 µg/l
  Exposure time: 28 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000
### Toxicity to Microorganisms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>&gt; 1,000 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>Respiration inhibition</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### (dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>LC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to Fish

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to Daphnia and Other Aquatic Invertebrates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to Algae/Aquatic Plants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>ErC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOEC** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>NOEC</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>&gt;= 100 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to Fish (Chronic Toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>NOEC</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
<td>28 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to Microorganisms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ivermectin</td>
<td>&gt; 927 mg/l</td>
<td>30 min</td>
<td>ISO 8192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Persistence and Degradability

**Components:**

#### Corn Oil

- **Biodegradability**: Result: Readily biodegradable. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone

- **Biodegradability**: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 73 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

#### Ivermectin

- **Biodegradability**: Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 50 % Exposure time: 240 d

#### Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):

- **Stability in Water**: Hydrolysis: 50 % (< 12 h)
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Biodegradability  :  Result: Not readily biodegradable.
                  :  Biodegradation: 21.7 - 31 %
                  :  Exposure time: 28 d
                  :  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Corn oil:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  :  Remarks: No data available

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidine:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  :  log Pow: -0.46
                  :  Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Ivermectin:
Bioaccumulation  :  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 74
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  :  log Pow: 3.22

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Bioaccumulation  :  Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 52
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  :  log Pow: 4

Mobility in soil

Components:

Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b):
Distribution among environmental compartments  :  log Koc: > 3.6

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues  :  Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging  :  Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
                        :  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
UNRTDG
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ivermectin / Abamectin Liquid Formulation

Version 5.1
Revision Date: 2020/10/10
SDS Number: 1210008-00011
Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2017/01/10

UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b), Ivermectin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b), Ivermectin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Abamectin (combination of avermectin B1a and avermectin B1b), Ivermectin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
Hazardous substances that must be registered : Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use : Not applicable
Prohibited substances : Not applicable
Restricted substances : Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
ID OEL : Indonesia. Occupational Exposure Limits
ID OEL / NAB : Long term exposure limit

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Or-
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

ID / EN