SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Ketamine (5%) Formulation

Version 1.2  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  SDS Number: 3976734-00003  Date of last issue: 2019/09/13

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Ketamine (5%) Formulation
Manufacturer or supplier’s details:
Company: MSD
Address: No. 485 Jing Tai Road Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China 200331
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 86-571-87268110
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
<th>liquid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Causes mild skin irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 3
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning
Hazard statements: H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Ketamine (5%) Formulation

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Physical and chemical hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Health hazards
Causes mild skin irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Environmental hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Additional Labelling
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 5%

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Ketamine hydrochloride</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ketamine hydrochloride</td>
<td>1867-66-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact
Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ketamine (5%) Formulation

If swallowed:
- DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- Causes mild skin irritation.
- Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Chlorine compounds
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact: Oxidizing agents

Storage

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ketamine hydrochloride</td>
<td>1867-66-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:

- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face con-
Ketamine (5%) Formulation

5. EYE PROTECTION

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Colour: No data available

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available
### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity** : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
**Chemical stability** : Stable under normal conditions.
**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
**Conditions to avoid** : None known.
**Incompatible materials** : Oxidizing agents
**Hazardous decomposition products** : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Ketamine hydrochloride:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 447 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 617 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 59 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 59 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
LD50 (Mouse): 356 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
LD50 (Guinea pig): 361 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
LD50 (Rat): 224 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes mild skin irritation.

Components:

Ketamine hydrochloride:
Species: Rabbit
Result: irritating

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ketamine hydrochloride:
Species: Rabbit
Result: irritating
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Ketamine hydrochloride:
Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intramuscular
  Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 120 mg/kg body weight
  Target Organs: Kidney, Liver, Heart
  Result: No teratogenic effects

- Test Type: Development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Intramuscular
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
  Symptoms: Skeletal and visceral variations
  Result: Effects on prenatal and postnatal growth.

- Test Type: Development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intramuscular
  Symptoms: Skeletal and visceral variations
  Result: Effects on prenatal and postnatal growth.

- Test Type: Development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Intramuscular
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight
  Symptoms: Skeletal and visceral variations
  Result: Effects on prenatal and postnatal growth.

- Test Type: Development
  Species: Monkey
  Application Route: Intramuscular
  Target Organs: Brain
  Result: Effects on prenatal and postnatal growth.

Reproductive toxicity - Ass-
Ketamine (5%) Formulation

assessment

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ketamine hydrochloride:
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Target Organs: Kidney, Liver, Brain
- Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ketamine hydrochloride:
- Species: Mouse
  - LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - Exposure time: 3 Months
  - Target Organs: Kidney, Liver, Bladder
  - Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

- Species: Mouse
  - LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - Exposure time: 6 Months
  - Target Organs: Kidney, Liver, Bladder
  - Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

- Species: Mouse
  - LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - Exposure time: 28 Weeks
  - Target Organs: Kidney
  - Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

- Species: Mouse
  - LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - Exposure time: 30 Days
  - Target Organs: Brain, Liver
  - Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

- Species: Monkey
  - LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - Exposure time: 6 Months
  - Target Organs: Brain
  - Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing
Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
Ketamine hydrochloride:
Ingestion: Symptoms: The most common side effects are: central nervous system effects, hypertension, Dizziness, Headache, Nausea, Drowsiness

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Ketamine hydrochloride:

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Acute aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Persistence and degradability
No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:
Ketamine hydrochloride:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 2.18

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

GB 6944/12268
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with
Ketamine (5%) Formulation

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x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer

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