SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Lambda-Cyhalothrin Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: Avenida 16 de Septiembre No. 301
Xaltocan - Xochimilco Mexico 16090
Telephone: 52 55 57284444
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Dermal): Category 5
Skin irritation: Category 2
Eye irritation: Category 2B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 1 (Nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3
Aspiration hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.
H315 + H320 Causes skin and eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>95-63-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 90 - &lt;= 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.
In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin and eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Liquid Formulation

Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</td>
<td>95-63-6</td>
<td>VLE-PPT</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m3 (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted.
Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type:
Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Hand protection:
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving.
Eye protection:
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid
Color : off-white
Odor : solvent
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : > 100 °C
Flash point : > 100 °C
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 1.036 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : dispersible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: Not applicable

Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
May be harmful in contact with skin.
Harmful if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 4.62 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Components:
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,280 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 10.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 3,160 mg/kg

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity  :  LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
                    :  LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity  :  LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l
                              :  Exposure time: 4 h
                              :  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity    :  LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)  :  LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
                              :  Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Causes skin irritation.

**Product:**
Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  irritating

**Components:**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  Skin irritation
Remarks  :  Based on data from similar materials

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes eye irritation.

**Product:**
Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  Mild eye irritation

**Components:**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  No eye irritation
Remarks  :  Based on data from similar materials

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Species  :  Rabbit
Result  :  Mild eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Weak sensitizer

**Components:**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Lambda-Cyhalothrin Liquid Formulation

Version 5.4    Revision Date: 10.10.2020    SDS Number: 1133938-00012    Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 02.12.2016

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Test system: Human lymphocytes
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
  - Test system: rat hepatocytes
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
  - Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Cell type: Bone marrow
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  - Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Reproductive toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:**

- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Three-generation study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
- General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain.
- Result: No effects on fertility.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**STOT-single exposure**
- May cause respiratory irritation.
- Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

**Components:**

**1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:**
- Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
- Target Organs: Nervous system
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
- Not classified based on available information.
Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 600 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1230 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time: 90 Days

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 90 d
Symptoms: reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.08 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects

Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.
Components:

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure

**Product:**
Inhalation: Symptoms: Respiratory disorder, Central nervous system depression
Skin contact: Symptoms: tingling, Itching, Burn, Skin irritation
Eye contact: Symptoms: Eye irritation
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Breathing difficulties

**Components:**

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Inhalation: Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Eye contact: Symptoms: Eye irritation
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 7.72 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 2.356 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates  
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00004 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)  
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000062 mg/l  
Exposure time: 32 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)  
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 µg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:  
Biodegradability  
Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 60 %  
Exposure time: 28 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):  
Bioaccumulation  
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2,240  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
log Pow: 7.0 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):  
Distribution among environmental compartments  
log Koc: 5.5

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues  
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels:

**IATA-DGR**
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

**IMDG-Code**
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

**NOM-002-SCT**
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin Liquid Formulation

Version 5.4  Revision Date: 10.10.2020  SDS Number: 1133938-00012  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020  Date of first issue: 02.12.2016

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
NOM-165-SEMARNAT-2013, Norm establishing a list of substances subject to report for the Registry of Emissions and Pollutant Transfer Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>MPU (kg/year)</th>
<th>Transfer/Release (kg/year)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>2500 kg/year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MPU: Applicable reporting threshold when the substance, pure or in mixture in a composition of more than 1% by weight, is used for industrial activities at facilities that are subject to report or are produced by them

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills:

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Reporting Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Full text</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
<td>Mexico, Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Control - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH / TWA</td>
<td>8-hour, time-weighted average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-PPT</td>
<td>Time weighted average limit value</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory con-
Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

Revision Date: 10.10.2020

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8