SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4
Acute toxicity (Dermal): Category 4
Eye irritation: Category 2B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 1 (Nervous system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms: 

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: 
H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H320 Causes eye irritation.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Precautionary Statements: 
Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.

Response:
P302 + P352 + P312 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</td>
<td>541-02-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do
so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes eye irritation. Causes damage to organs.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting: Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds
Silicon oxides
Formaldehyde

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for: Soak up with inert absorbent material.
containment and cleaning up
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.
Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases
SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>VLE-P</td>
<td>0.3 ppm</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0.3 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates, inorganic gas/vapor and organic vapor type

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>gold</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
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<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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<td>Flash point</td>
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<td>Method</td>
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<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
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<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
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<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
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<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
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<td>Relative vapor density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
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<td>Water solubility</td>
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<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
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<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>61.69 - 73.9 mm²/s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : Not applicable

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions :
- Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
- Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products
- Thermal decomposition : Formaldehyde

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 9,500 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity :
  - LC50 (Rat): > 4.1 mg/l
  - Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 1,900 mg/kg

Components:
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity :
  - LC50 (Rat): 8.67 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

**Components:**
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes eye irritation.

**Product:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

**Components:**
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 486
Result: negative

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Reproductive toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
- Method: OPPTS 870.3800
- Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
- Method: OPPTS 870.3800
- Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Three-generation study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
- General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain.
- Result: No effects on fertility.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Target Organs: Nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.
STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg
LOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 90 d
Symptoms: reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.08 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Product:
Skin contact: Symptoms: May cause, Local irritation
Eye contact: Symptoms: irritating
Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

**Inhalation:** Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing

**Skin contact:** Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.

**Eye contact:** Symptoms: Eye irritation

**Ingestion:** Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:**

**Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 16 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 2.9 µg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 12 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 12 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):** NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 14 µg/l
Exposure time: 90 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):** NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to microorganisms:** EC50: > 2,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: 88/302/EC

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Toxicity to fish: 
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l 
Exposure time: 96 h 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l 
Exposure time: 96 h 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: 
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00004 mg/l 
Exposure time: 48 h 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): 
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000062 mg/l 
Exposure time: 32 d 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210 
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): 
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 µg/l 
Exposure time: 21 d 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Biodegradability: 
Result: Not readily biodegradable. 
Biodegradation: 0.14 % 
Exposure time: 28 d 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Bioaccumulation: 
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 7,060 - 13,300 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 
log Pow: 8.023

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: 
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2,240 
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 
log Pow: 7.0 (20 °C)
octanol/water

Mobility in soil

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 5.5

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Formulation

EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NOM-002-SCT
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
NOM-165-SEMARNAT-2013, Norm establishing a list of substances subject to report for the Registry of Emissions and Pollutant Transfer Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>MPU (kg/year)</th>
<th>Transfer/Release (kg/year)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>2500 kg/year</td>
<td>100 kg/year</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MPU: Applicable reporting threshold when the substance, pure or in mixture in a composition of more than 1% by weight, is used for industrial activities at facilities that are subject to report or are produced by them

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills. : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Formulation

Version 4.4 Revision Date: 10.10.2020 SDS Number: 1078719-00012 Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 Date of first issue: 18.11.2016

NOM-010-STPS-2014 : Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Control - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-P : Ceiling value

AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SATD - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


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The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

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