SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: MSD
20 Spartan Road
1619 Spartan, South Africa

Telephone: +27119239300

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

- Acute toxicity, Category 4: H332: Harmful if inhaled.
- Acute toxicity, Category 4: H312: Harmful in contact with skin.
- Eye irritation, Category 2: H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 2: H371: May cause damage to organs.
- Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1: H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1: H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms: 

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H371  May cause damage to organs.
H410  Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P273  Avoid release to the environment.
P280  Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P302 + P352 + P312  IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P308 + P311  IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P337 + P313  If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391  Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)

2.3 Other hazards
This substance/mixture contains components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Registration number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>415-130-7</td>
<td>607-252-00-6</td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 1; H370 (Nervous system) Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBT and vPvB substance:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10.000 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10.000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</td>
<td>541-02-6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause damage to organs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Chlorine compounds
- Fluorine compounds
- Silicon oxides
- Formaldehyde

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Formulation

Version 4.6  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 1078739-00014  Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 18.11.2016

Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s): No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>TWA OEL-CL</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
<td>ZA OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL OEL-CL</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
<td>ZA OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Control Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0,3 ppm</td>
<td>2004/37/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0,37 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0,6 ppm</td>
<td>2004/37/EC</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0,74 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>97,3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>62 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>24,2 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>17,3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>4,3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>5 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6 / 22
8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection

Material
Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks
Consider double gloving.

Skin and body protection

Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type
Combined particulates, inorganic gas/vapour and organic vapour type (AB-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid
Colour: gold
Odour: oily
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Formulation

Version: 4.6
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 1078739-00014
Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&gt; 93,3 °C, Method: Tag closed cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>0,924 - 0,974 g/cm³ (20 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>insoluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>61,69 - 73,9 mm²/s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2 Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular weight</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated temperatures.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Thermal decomposition: Formaldehyde

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 9.500 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 4,1 mg/l
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 1.900 mg/kg

Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0,06 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute toxicity estimate: 0,06 mg/l
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 8.67 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Result: negative

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative

  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Inhalation (vapour)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Inhalation
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 486
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
- **Effects on fertility:**
  - Test Type: Three-generation study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: oral (feed)
  - General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
  - General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain
  - Result: No effects on fertility
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on foetal development:**
  - Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No effects on foetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced foetal weight
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No effects on foetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced foetal weight
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:**
- **Effects on fertility:**
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
  - Method: OPPTS 870.3800
  - Result: negative

- **Effects on foetal development:**
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
  - Method: OPPTS 870.3800
  - Result: negative

**STOT - single exposure**
May cause damage to organs.

Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
- **Target Organs:** Nervous system
- **Assessment:** Causes damage to organs.
STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Species: Dog  NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg  LOAEL: 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)  Exposure time: 90 d  Symptoms: reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption

Species: Rat  NOAEL: 10 mg/kg  LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal  Exposure time: 21 d  Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Rat  NOAEL: 0.08 mg/kg  LOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation  Exposure time: 21 d  Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Dog  NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg  LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral  Exposure time: 1 yr  Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects

**Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:**
Species: Rat  NOAEL: 1.000 mg/kg  LOAEL: > 1.000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion  Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

**Product:**
Skin contact: Symptoms: May cause, Local irritation
Eye contact: Symptoms: irritating
Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane Formulation

Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

**Inhalation**
Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing

**Skin contact**
Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.

**Eye contact**
Symptoms: Eye irritation

**Ingestion**
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

**Toxicity to fish**
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,00019 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,00021 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,00004 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):**
10.000

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
NOEC: 0,000062 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
NOEC: 0,0035 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):**
10.000

**Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:**

**Toxicity to fish**
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 16 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 2.9 µg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 12 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 12 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 2,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: 88/302/EC

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 14 µg/l
Exposure time: 90 d
Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 15 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0,14 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2.240
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
Partition coefficient: n-log Pow: 7,0 (20 °C)
octanol/water

**Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:**

**Bioaccumulation:**
- Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 7.060 - 13.300
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:**
- log Pow: 8.023

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 5,5

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

**Product:**
- Assessment: This substance/mixture contains components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

**Components:**

**Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:**
- Assessment: This substance is considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).
- This substance is considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**12.6 Other adverse effects**

**Product:**
- Endocrine disrupting potential: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**
- **Product:** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

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<th>RID</th>
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14.2 UN proper shipping name

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<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))</td>
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14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

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14.4 Packing group

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Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-statements

- H301: Toxic if swallowed.
- H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H330: Fatal if inhaled.
- H370: Causes damage to organs.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

- Acute Tox.: Acute toxicity
- Aquatic Acute: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
- Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
- Eye Irrit.: Eye irritation
- STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
- 2004/37/EC: Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work
- ZA OEL: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Occupational Exposure Limits
- 2004/37/EC / STEL: Short term exposure limit
- 2004/37/EC / TWA: Long term exposure limit
- ZA OEL / TWA OEL-CL: Long term occupational exposure limits - control limit
- ZA OEL / STEL OEL-CL: Short term occupational exposure limits - control limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada);
Further information

Classification of the mixture:

- **Acute Tox. 4**: H332
- **Acute Tox. 4**: H312
- **Eye Irrit. 2**: H319
- **STOT SE 2**: H371
- **Aquatic Acute 1**: H400
- **Aquatic Chronic 1**: H410

Classification procedure:

- **Acute Tox. 4**: Based on product data or assessment
- **Acute Tox. 4**: Based on product data or assessment
- **Eye Irrit. 2**: Based on product data or assessment
- **STOT SE 2**: Calculation method
- **Aquatic Acute 1**: Calculation method
- **Aquatic Chronic 1**: Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.