SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma
Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 1 (Nervous system)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: ![Hazard Pictograms]
Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H302 Harmful if swallowed.
                      H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).
                      H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>9002-86-2</td>
<td>≥ 50 &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>≥ 10 &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>≥ 10 &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>≥ 0,1 &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Get medical attention.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

 Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

 Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
 - Harmful if swallowed.
 - Causes damage to organs.

 Protection of first-aiders:
 - First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

 Notes to physician:
 - Treat symptomatically and supportively.

 SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

 Suitable extinguishing media:
 - Water spray
 - Alcohol-resistant foam
 - Carbon dioxide (CO2)
 - Dry chemical

 Unsuitable extinguishing media:
 - None known.

 Specific hazards during fire fighting:
 - Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

 Hazardous combustion products:
 - Carbon oxides
 - Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
 - Chlorine compounds
 - Fluorine compounds

 Specific extinguishing methods:
 - Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
 - Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
 - Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
 - Evacuate area.

 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
 - In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
 - Use personal protective equipment.

 SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
 - Use personal protective equipment.
 - Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

 Environmental precautions:
 - Avoid release to the environment.
 - Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
 - Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
 - Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
 - Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
 - Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
 - Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>9002-86-2</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>4 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>CMP</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen, lung</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (Titanium dioxide)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of
the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Essentially no open handling permitted.
Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

### Personal protective equipment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Respiratory protection</th>
<th>If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filter type</td>
<td>Combined particulates and organic vapor type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand protection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material</td>
<td>Chemical-resistant gloves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Consider double gloving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye protection</td>
<td>Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin and body protection</td>
<td>Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygiene measures</td>
<td>If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>solid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>violet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>10.10.2020</td>
<td>1139822-00012</td>
<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>06.12.2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Melting point/freezing point: No data available
- Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
- Flash point: Not applicable
- Evaporation rate: No data available
- Flammability (solid, gas): Not classified as a flammability hazard
- Flammability (liquids): No data available
- Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
- Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
- Vapor pressure: No data available
- Relative vapor density: No data available
- Relative density: No data available
- Density: No data available
- Solubility(ies)
  - Water solubility: No data available
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
- Autoignition temperature: No data available
- Decomposition temperature: No data available
- Viscosity
  - Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
- Explosive properties: Not explosive
- Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
- Molecular weight: No data available
- Particle size: No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
- Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
- Possibility of hazardous reac-


Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 560 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
- Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5,2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg
- Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Titanium dioxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Result: No eye irritation

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Titanium dioxide:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 107 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment:
Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with
Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative
- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: oral (feed)
  General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
  General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight
  Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain.
  Result: No effects on fertility.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No effects on fetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced fetal weight.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  Test Type: Development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Oral
  General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No effects on fetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced fetal weight.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).
Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Target Organs: Nervous system  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
<th>NOAEL: 1.323 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Ingestion</th>
<th>Exposure time: 7 Weeks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
<th>NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg</th>
<th>LOAEL: 12.5 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: oral (feed)</th>
<th>Exposure time: 90 d</th>
<th>Symptoms: reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
<th>NOAEL: 10 mg/kg</th>
<th>LOAEL: 50 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Dermal</th>
<th>Exposure time: 21 d</th>
<th>Target Organs: Nervous system</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
<th>NOAEL: 0.08 mg/kg</th>
<th>LOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Inhalation</th>
<th>Exposure time: 21 d</th>
<th>Target Organs: Nervous system</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
<th>NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg</th>
<th>LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>Exposure time: 1 y</th>
<th>Target Organs: Nervous system</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
<th>NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg</th>
<th>LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg</th>
<th>Application Route: Oral</th>
<th>Exposure time: 1 y</th>
<th>Target Organs: Nervous system</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Titanium dioxide:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
NOAEL : 24.000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 10 mg/m³
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 2 y

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Product:
Skin contact : Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.
Eye contact : Remarks: May irritate eyes.

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Inhalation : Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing
Skin contact : Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.
Eye contact : Symptoms: Eye irritation
Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3,94 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,51 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3,89 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,824 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,18 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,03 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1
Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,00019 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0,00021 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,00004 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10.000
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0,000062 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,0035 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10.000

**Titanium dioxide:**

Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10.000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Polyvinyl chloride: Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 5

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2.240 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 7,0 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 5,5

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry: Not applicable

Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs: Not applicable

International Regulations

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AR OEL: Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
AR OEL / CMP: TLV (Threshold Limit Value)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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