SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Version 4.2  Revision Date: 09.04.2021  SDS Number: 1139510-00013  Date of last issue: 10.10.2020
Date of first issue: 06.12.2016

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Ear Tag

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company: MSD
Address: Rua Coronel Bento Soares, 530, Cruzeiro - Sao Paulo - Brazil  CEP 12730-340
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 1 (Nervous system)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements:
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response:**
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>9002-86-2</td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye irritation, Category 2B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Nervous system), Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Short-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>Carcinogenicity (Inhalation), Category 2</td>
<td>&gt;= 0,1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical
### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If inhaled</td>
<td>If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In case of skin contact</td>
<td>In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In case of eye contact</td>
<td>Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If swallowed</td>
<td>If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | None known. |
| Specific hazards during firefighting | Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. |
| Hazardous combustion products | Carbon oxides  
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)  
Chlorine compounds  
Fluorine compounds |
| Specific extinguishing methods | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. |

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal precautions, protection</td>
<td>Use personal protective equipment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases
**SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>9002-86-2</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>4 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Titanium dioxide</strong></td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (Titanium dioxide)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Further information: Skin**

| Wipe limit | 50 µg/100 cm² | Internal |

**Engineering measures**: Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**: Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : solid
Color : violet
Odor : No data available
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure: Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 560 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
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Acutie oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Titanium dioxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Result: No eye irritation

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit  
Result: Mild eye irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Test Type: Maximization Test  
Routes of exposure: Skin contact  
Species: Guinea pig  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406  
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test  
Routes of exposure: Dermal  
Species: Guinea pig  
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Titanium dioxide:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)  
Routes of exposure: Skin contact  
Species: Mouse  
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Human lymphocytes
  Result: negative
- Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
  Test system: rat hepatocytes
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  Result: negative

**Titanium dioxide:**
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 107 weeks
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
- Result: negative

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
### Remarks
Based on data from similar materials

### Titanium dioxide:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Inhilation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Carcinogenicity - Assessment
Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

### Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### 2-(2-Benzylxethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
  Species: Rat  
  Application Route: Ingestion  
  Result: Negative

- **Effects on fetal development**: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
  Species: Rat  
  Application Route: Ingestion  
  Result: Negative

#### Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Three-generation study  
  Species: Rat  
  Application Route: Oral (feed)  
  General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight  
  General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight  
  Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain  
  Result: No effects on fertility  
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on fetal development**: Test Type: Development  
  Species: Rat  
  Application Route: Oral  
  General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
  Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.  
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
  Test Type: Development  
  Species: Rabbit  
  Application Route: Oral
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General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced fetal weight.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Target Organs : Nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 1.323 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 7 Weeks

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species : Dog
NOAEL : 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route : oral (feed)
Exposure time : 90 d
Symptoms : reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 10 mg/kg
LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Dermal
Exposure time : 21 d
Target Organs : Nervous system
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.08 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.9 mg/kg
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 21 d
Target Organs : Nervous system
Species : Dog
NOAEL : 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/m³
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 y

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure
Product:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.
Eye contact: Remarks: May irritate eyes.

Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Inhalation: Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.
Eye contact: Symptoms: Eye irritation
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

Ecotoxicity

Components:
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3.94 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
\[ \text{ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))}: \ 3,89 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

\[ \text{NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))}: \ 0,824 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):
\[ \text{1} \]

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
\[ \text{NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))}: \ 0,18 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
\[ \text{NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea))}: \ 0,03 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
\[ \text{1} \]

Toxicity to microorganisms:
\[ \text{EC50}: \ > 1.000 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

\text{lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)}:

Toxicity to fish:
\[ \text{LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout))}: \ 0,00019 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

\[ \text{LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish))}: \ 0,00021 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
\[ \text{EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))}: \ 0,00004 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):
\[ \text{10.000} \]

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
\[ \text{NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))}: \ 0,000062 \text{ mg/l} \]
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
\[ \text{NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea))}: \ 0,0035 \mu g/l \]
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
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M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10.000

Titanium dioxide:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2.240
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 7.0 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil

Components:

Lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 5.5

Other adverse effects
No data available
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

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UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - (LINACH)
Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Titanium dioxide : 13463-67-7

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal Police : Not applicable

International Regulations
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, included an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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