1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : MSD
Address : 50 Tuas West Drive
           Singapore - Singapore  638408
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 2 (Nervous system)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :
Signal word : Warning
Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
                  H315 + H320 Causes skin and eye irritation.
Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin and eye irritation. May cause damage to organs.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Chlorine compounds
Fluorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emerg- : Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-
Emergency procedures: See protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Version 2.9   Revision Date: 10.10.2020
SDS Number: 1366472-00011   Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 01.03.2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>51-03-6</th>
<th>TWA</th>
<th>4 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</th>
<th>Internal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Wipe limit: 50 µg/100 cm² Internal

Engineering measures:
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection:
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid
Colour : clear, light yellow

Odour : mild, oily

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 6.16

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 105.5 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 0.9326

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg
TDLo (Rat): 300 mg/kg
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Components:

2-(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Version 2.9  Revision Date: 10.10.2020  SDS Number: 1366472-00011  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020  Date of first issue: 01.03.2017

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Product:
Species : Rabbit
Result : irritating

Components:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes eye irritation.

Product:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

Components:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Dermal
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result: negative

: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
: Dermal
: Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 107 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Effects on fertility
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide
Formulation

Version 2.9  Revision Date: 10.10.2020  SDS Number: 1366472-00011  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 01.03.2017

1. lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
   Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study
                      Species: Rat
                      Application Route: oral (feed)
                      General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
                      General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight
                      Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain
                      Result: No effects on fertility
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

   Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Development
                                  Species: Rat
                                  Application Route: Oral
                                  General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
                                  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
                                  Result: No effects on foetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced foetal weight
                                  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced foetal weight
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2. STOT - single exposure
   May cause damage to organs (Nervous system).

3. Components:
   lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
   Target Organs : Nervous system
   Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

4. STOT - repeated exposure
   Not classified based on available information.

5. Repeated dose toxicity
   Components:
   2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
   Species : Rat
   NOAEL : 1,323 mg/kg
   Application Route : Ingestion
   Exposure time : 7 Weeks

6. lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 90 d
Symptoms: reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.08 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 yr
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Inhalation: Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.

Eye contact: Symptoms: Eye irritation
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

**2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:**
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3.94
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lambda-Cyhalothrin (ISO):</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0004 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000062 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.824 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.18 mg/l Exposure time: 35 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-Cyhalothrin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0004 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000062 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10,000

Persistence and degradability
Components:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential
Components:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2,240
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 7.0 (20 °C)

Mobility in soil
Components:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 5.5

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
-(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
-(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
-(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide
Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
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<tr>
<td>2.9</td>
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<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>01.03.2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations:** This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations : Not applicable

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Further information**


Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

**Full text of other abbreviations**

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumu-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide
Formulation

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