SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Skin irritation: Category 2
Eye irritation: Category 2B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 1 (Nervous system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements:
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 + H320 Causes skin and eye irritation.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water.
for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy
to do. Continue rinsing.
P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/
physician.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ atten-
tion.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-
tion.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before
reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste dis-
posal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corn oil</td>
<td>8001-30-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 90 - &lt;= 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical
advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical
advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water
for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing
and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water
for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do
so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Causes skin and eye irritation.
- Causes damage to organs.

**Protection of first-aiders:**
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician:**
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media:**
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**
None known.

**Specific hazards during fire fighting:**
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products:**
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Chlorine compounds
- Fluorine compounds

**Specific extinguishing methods:**
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:**
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:**
Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**
Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corn oil</td>
<td>8001-30-7</td>
<td>TWA (mist - total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (mist - respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
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<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>4 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
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<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
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<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Engineering measures
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted.
- Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.
- If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection
- General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn.
- Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection

Remarks: Consider double gloving.
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Material: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
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<tr>
<td>Color</td>
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<td>Odor</td>
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<td>pH</td>
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<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
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<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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<td>Flash point</td>
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<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
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<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
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<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
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<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
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<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
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<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
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<td>Explosive properties</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Molecular weight : Not applicable
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg
TDLo (Rat): 300 mg/kg
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 6 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Components:
Corn oil:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: irritating

Components:
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes eye irritation.

Product:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Components:
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Dermal
Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.
Result : negative

Test Type : Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Routes of exposure : Dermal
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type : Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Routes of exposure : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Test system: Human lymphocytes  
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay  
Test system: rat hepatocytes  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:  
Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Mouse  
Cell type: Bone marrow  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 107 weeks  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451  
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

IARC  
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA  
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP  
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain.
Result: No effects on fertility.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Target Organs : Nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs.
STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,323 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 7 Weeks

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 90 d
Symptoms: reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.08 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 21 d
Target Organs: Nervous system

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Inhalation: Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing
Skin contact:
Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin.

Eye contact:
Symptoms: Eye irritation

Ingestion:
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
Components:

Corn oil:
Toxicity to fish: LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC0 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3.94 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.824 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.18 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00004 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000062 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 32 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Corn oil:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 0 %
  - Exposure time: 28 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Corn oil:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: No data available

**2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:**
### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

**Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide**

**SDS Number:** 1366473-00010

**Date of last issue:** 04/24/2019

**Date of first issue:** 03/01/2017

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**

- **lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):** log Pow: 5

**Bioaccumulation**

- **Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 2,240
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

- **lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

**Other adverse effects**

- No data available

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

- **Waste from residues:** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- **Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
  - If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**UNRTDG**

- **UN number:** UN 3082
- **Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
- **(2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))**

- **Class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III
- **Labels:** Miscellaneous

**IATA-DGR**

- **UN/ID No.:** UN 3082
- **Proper shipping name:** Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
  - (2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))

- **Class:** 9
- **Packing group:** III
- **Labels:** Miscellaneous
- **Packing instruction (cargo aircraft):** 964
- **Packing instruction (passenger aircraft):** 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes(2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))
Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters., Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Skin corrosion or irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313: The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Corn oil: 8001-30-7
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether: 51-03-6

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Corn oil: 8001-30-7

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
<th>Special hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® IV:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "***" represents a chronic hazard, while the "*" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
NIOSH REL / TWA: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concern-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide
Formulation

Version 4.2  Revision Date: 09/13/2019  SDS Number: 1366473-00010  Date of last issue: 04/24/2019
Date of first issue: 03/01/2017

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8