SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Version 3.2  Revision Date: 13.09.2019  SDS Number: 1366474-00010  Date of last issue: 24.04.2019  Date of first issue: 01.03.2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
   Trade name: Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the Substance/Mixture: Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   Company: MSD
   20 Spartan Road
   1619 Spartan, South Africa
   Telephone: +27119239300
   Telefax: 908-735-1496
   E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: EHSDATATESTWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
   1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
   Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Acute toxicity, Category 4  H302: Harmful if swallowed.
   Skin irritation, Category 2  H315: Causes skin irritation.
   Eye irritation, Category 2  H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
   Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 2  H371: May cause damage to organs.
   Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1  H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
   Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1  H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements
   Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Hazard pictograms: [graphic]
   Signal word: Warning
   Hazard statements: H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H371 May cause damage to organs.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)

2.3 Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No. EC-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6 200-076-7</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute; H400 Aquatic Chronic; H410</td>
<td>&gt;= 2,5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6 415-130-7 607-252-00-6</td>
<td>Acute Tox.3; H301 Acute Tox.2; H330 Acute Tox.3; H311 Eye Irrit.2; H319 STOT SE1; H370 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M-Factor (Acute)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause damage to organs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Chlorine compounds
- Fluorine compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s) : No data available
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**8.1 Control parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>4 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)</td>
<td>91465-08-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Wipe limit 50 µg/100 cm² Internal

**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>3,875 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>7,75 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>3,875 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute local effects</td>
<td>3,875 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>27,7 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>55,5 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>0,44 mg/cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Acute local effects</td>
<td>0,888 mg/cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>1,94 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>3,875 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>1,94 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute local effects</td>
<td>1,94 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>13,9 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>27,8 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>0,22 mg/cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Acute local effects</td>
<td>0,22 mg/cm²</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Consumers</th>
<th>Ingestion</th>
<th>Long-term systemic effects</th>
<th>1.14 mg/kg bw/day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>2.3 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0,003 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>0 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>10 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>0,019 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>0,0002 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0,016 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral (Secondary Poisoning)</td>
<td>12,53 mg/kg food</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted.
Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.
If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Skin and body protection

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
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Appearance: liquid
Colour: clear, light yellow
Odour: mild, oily
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: 6.16
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: 105.5 °C
Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapour pressure: No data available
Relative vapour density: No data available
Relative density: 0.9326
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information
Flammability (liquids): Not applicable
Molecular weight: Not applicable
Particle size: Not applicable
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2.000 mg/kg
TDLo (Rat): 300 mg/kg
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Components:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Causes skin irritation.

**Product:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: irritating

**Components:**

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

**Components:**

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: No eye irritation

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Dermal
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result: negative

Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Components:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
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Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Human lymphocytes
  Result: negative
- Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
  Test system: rat hepatocytes
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 107 weeks
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
- Result: negative

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain
Result: No effects on fertility
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced foetal weight
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development, Reduced maternal body weight gain, Reduced foetal weight
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**STOT - single exposure**
May cause damage to organs.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
Target Organs: Nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.
Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:**

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 1.323 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 7 Weeks

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

- **Species:** Dog
- **NOAEL:** 2,5 mg/kg
- **LOAEL:** 12,5 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Oral (feed)
- **Exposure time:** 90 d
- **Symptoms:** reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 10 mg/kg
- **LOAEL:** 50 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Dermal
- **Exposure time:** 21 d
- **Target Organs:** Nervous system

- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 0,08 mg/kg
- **LOAEL:** 0,9 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Inhalation
- **Exposure time:** 21 d
- **Target Organs:** Nervous system

- **Species:** Dog
- **NOAEL:** 0,1 mg/kg
- **LOAEL:** 0,5 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Exposure time:** 1 yr
- **Target Organs:** Nervous system
- **Symptoms:** Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

- **Inhalation**
  - **Symptoms:** Cough, Local irritation, sneezing

- **Skin contact**
  - **Symptoms:** Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation
  - **Remarks:** Can be absorbed through skin.
### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Components:**

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3.94 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 48 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  
  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.824 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):** 1

- **Toxicity to microorganisms:** EC50: > 1.000 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 3 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):** NOEC: 0.18 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 35 d  
  Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):** NOEC: 0.03 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 21 d  
  Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

- **M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):** 1

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  
  LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,00004 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10.000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0,000062 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0,0035 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10.000

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 5

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2.240
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 7.0 (20 °C)
12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 5.5

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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14.2 UN proper shipping name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
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<tr>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether, lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO))

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 9
ADR : 9
RID : 9
IMDG : 9
IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADN
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

ADR
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Version: 3.2  Revision Date: 13.09.2019  SDS Number: 1366474-00010  Date of last issue: 24.04.2019
Date of first issue: 01.03.2017

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous: yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous: yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant: yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous: yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks: Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS: not determined

DSL: not determined

IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lambda-Cyhalothrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Version 3.2  
Revision Date: 13.09.2019  
SDS Number: 1366474-00010  
Date of last issue: 24.04.2019  
Date of first issue: 01.03.2017

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.  
H330 : Fatal if inhaled.  
H370 : Causes damage to organs.  
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity  
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard  
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard  
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation  
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet  

Classification of the mixture:  
Acute Tox. 4  
H302

Classification procedure:  
Based on product data or assessment
Skin Irrit. 2  H315  Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2  H319  Based on product data or assessment
STOT SE 2   H371  Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1 H400  Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410  Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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