SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Levamisole / Oxyclozanide Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
          Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Brain, Liver)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Blood, Testis)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements:
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H371 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Brain, Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Blood, Testis) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Levamisole / Oxyclonanide Formulation

face protection.

Response:
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-
posal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>1332-58-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxyclonanide</td>
<td>2277-92-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levamisole hydrochloride</td>
<td>16595-80-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td>77-92-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs if swallowed. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment.
when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Silicon oxides
- Metal oxides
- Chlorine compounds
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not breathe mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kaolin</td>
<td>1332-58-7</td>
<td>VLE-PPT (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxyoclozanide</td>
<td>2277-92-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.4 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>400 mg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Levamisole hydrochloride</td>
<td>16595-80-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin
Engineering measures: Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection: Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Color: No data available

Odor: No data available

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation**  
**Skin contact**  
**Ingestion**  
**Eye contact**

**Acute toxicity**  
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

| Route of Administration | Acute oral toxicity | Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: Calculation method</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Components:**

**Kaolin:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route of Administration</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute inhalation toxicity:

| Route of Administration | LC50 (Rat): > 2.07 mg/l  
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
|                         | Exposure time: 4 h  
|                         | Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
|                         | Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity  
|                         | Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

Acute dermal toxicity:

| Route of Administration | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg  
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
|                         | Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity  
|                         | Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Oxyclozanide:**

| Route of Administration | LD50 (Rat): 3.519 mg/kg  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Target Organs: Central nervous system</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Route of Administration | LDLo (sheep): 10 mg/kg  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Intravenous</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Levamisole hydrochloride:**

| Route of Administration | LD50 (Rat): 180 mg/kg  
|-------------------------|------------------------|
|                         | LD50 (Mouse): 223 mg/kg  
|                         | LD50 (Rabbit): 458 mg/kg |

| Route of Administration | Remarks: No data available |

**Citric acid:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Kaolin:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Oxyclozanide:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Remarks: No data available

Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Kaolin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Oxyclozanide:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Remarks: No data available

Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
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Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Remarks: No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Species: Rat
Cell type: Liver cells
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Citric acid:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Remarks:
Not classified due to lack of data.

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Species:
- Mouse
Application Route:
- Oral
Exposure time:
- 2 Years
NOAEL:
- 80 mg/kg body weight
Remarks:
- No significant adverse effects were reported

Species:
- Rat
Application Route:
- Oral
Exposure time:
- 2 Years
NOAEL:
- 40 mg/kg body weight
Remarks:
- No significant adverse effects were reported

Reproductive toxicity:
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Rat, male and female
  Application Route: Oral
  General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 25 - 35 mg/kg body weight
  Symptoms: Reduced body weight, No effects on embryofetal and postnatal development.
  Result: No effects on fertility.

- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Rat

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Levamisole / Oxyclozanide Formulation

Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 75 - 100 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight, No effects on embryofetal and postnatal development.
Result: No effects on fertility.

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 75 - 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 80 - 160 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects., No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 32 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity., Skeletal malformations.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Levamisole hydrochloride:

Effects on fertility

Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: Fetotoxicity.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Citric acid:
Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Routes of exposure: Oral
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: May cause damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Brain, Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
May cause damage to organs (Blood, Testis) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Target Organs: Brain, Liver
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Target Organs: Blood, Testis
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 9 mg/kg
LOAEL: 44.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Brain, Liver, spleen, Adrenal gland
Symptoms: Liver effects
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Species: Dog
NOAEL: 5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Brain, Liver
Symptoms: blood effects, alteration in liver enzymes

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Testis
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Blood
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 40 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months

Citric acid:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 10 Days

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
OxyClozanide:
Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:
OxyClozanide:
Ingestion: Symptoms: May cause, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Central nervous system depression
Levamisole hydrochloride:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Headache, Dizziness, Hypotension
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Kaolin:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOELR (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d

Oxyclozanide:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.69 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Levamisole hydrochloride:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 37.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 64 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Citric acid:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 %(156 d)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Citric acid:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Partition coefficient: n- log Pow: 3.99
octanol/water  

pH: 7  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

**Citric acid:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
: log Pow: -1.72

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Oxyclozanide:**  
Distribution among environmental compartments  
: log Koc: 4.83  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

**Other adverse effects**  
No data available

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

- UN number: UN 3082  
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (oxyclozanide)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9

**IATA-DGR**

- UN/ID No.: UN 3082  
- Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Oxyclozanide)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Miscellaneous
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
- Environmentally hazardous: yes

**IMDG-Code**

- UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Oxyclozanide)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NOM-002-SCT
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Oxyclozanide)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills. : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NOM-010-STPS-2014 : Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Control - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
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Levamisole / Oxyclozanide Formulation

Version 1.4 Revision Date: 10.10.2020 SDS Number: 5360100-00005 Date of last issue: 17.06.2020 Date of first issue: 19.12.2019

NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE- : Time weighted average limit value
PPT

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


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The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

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