1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company: MSD
Address: JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements:

H373 May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>:</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 60 -&lt;= 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 -&lt; 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl salicylate</td>
<td>119-36-8</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>15307-79-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(+)-Bornan-2-one</td>
<td>464-49-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 -&lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact
Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

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| Unsuitable extinguishing media                     | Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
|                                                    | Dry chemical  
| Specific hazards during firefighting              | Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.  
| Hazardous combustion products                      | Carbon oxides  
|                                                    | Chlorine compounds  
|                                                    | Nitrogen oxides (NOx)  
|                                                    | Sodium oxides  
|                                                    | Metal oxides  
| Specific extinguishing methods                     | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
|                                                    | Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
|                                                    | Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
|                                                    | Evacuate area.  
| Special protective equipment for firefighters      | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
|                                                    | Use personal protective equipment.  

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.  
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling

Do not get on skin or clothing.  
Do not swallow.  
Avoid contact with eyes.  
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.  
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

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Date of first issue: 2016/05/02

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>NAB (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Sampled by a method that does not collect vapour.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PSD (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>NAB (Fumes)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NAB (inhalable dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Total inhalable particulates, containing no asbestos and with a crystalline silica content of &lt; 1%.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichloro-phenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>15307-79-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³  (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>1000 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(+)-Bornan-2-one</td>
<td>464-49-3</td>
<td>PSD</td>
<td>3 ppm 19 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Adopted in Year 1996, Not classified as carcinogenic to humans. Not enough data to classify these materials as carcinogenic to humans or animals</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>NAB</td>
<td>2 ppm 12 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Adopted in Year 1996, Not classified as carcinogenic to humans. Not enough data to classify these materials as carcinogenic to humans or animals</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>3 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety glasses

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: ointment

Colour: light red

Odour: aromatic

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not classified as a flammability hazard

Flammability (liquids): No data available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

Product:
Acute oral toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method

Components:

Petrolatum:

Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat): > 5.7 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Methyl salicylate:

Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): 887 mg/kg

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Rat): 55 - 240 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): 170 - 389 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- LD50 (Rat): 97 - 161 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous
  LD50 (Mouse): 92 - 147 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

(+) - Bornan-2-one:
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): > 50 - 500 mg/kg
Method: Expert judgement
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 0.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Methyl salicylate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Result: irritating

(+)-Bornan-2-one:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Zinc oxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Methyl salicylate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
Result: Mild eye irritation

**(+)-Bornan-2-one:**
Result: Eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Petrolatum:**
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Zinc oxide:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

**Methyl salicylate:**
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
    - Result: equivocal
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - Result: equivocal

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
    - Result: negative
    - Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
      - Species: Rat
      - Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
      - Result: positive
    - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
      - Species: Mouse
      - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 474</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl salicylate:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vivo</td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosomal aberration</td>
<td>CHO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(+)-Bornan-2-one:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 476</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vivo</td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Ingestion</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Skin contact</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

Zinc oxide:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 1 Year
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Methyl salicylate:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  - Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Skin contact
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation**

Version 6.0  
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SDS Number: 656963-00009  
Date of last issue: 2019/04/24  
Date of first issue: 2016/05/02

---

**Zinc oxide:**

**Effects on fertility**  
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Effects on foetal development**  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

---

**Methyl salicylate:**

**Effects on fertility**  
Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

---

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**

**Effects on fertility**  
Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat, male and female  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility

**Effects on foetal development**  
Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

---

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

---

**(+-)Bornan-2-one:**

**Effects on foetal development**  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

---

**STOT - single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

Components:

(±)-Bornan-2-one:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Zinc oxide:
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 yr

Zinc oxide:
Species: Rat, male
NOAEL: 0.0015 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 3 Months
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Methyl salicylate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
LOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 yr

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 98 w
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
Species : Dog
LOAEL : 1 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 w
Target Organs : Blood

Species : Baboon
NOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 52 w
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Blood
Symptoms : constipation, Diarrhoea

Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 200 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Sodium [2-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Ingestion : Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, constipation, heart-burn, Ulceration, Dizziness, Headache, Breathing difficulties, Rash

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:
Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
### Zinc oxide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 0.1 - 1 mg/l</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): &gt; 0.1 - 1 mg/l</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): &gt; 0.001 - 0.01 mg/l</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Substance</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Methyl salicylate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Substance</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 27 mg/l</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:** 72 h  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201  
**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 6.25 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 140 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 166.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 80.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 49.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.32 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**(+)-Bornan-2-one:**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms
EC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Petrolatum:
Biodegradability
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Methyl salicylate:
Biodegradability
Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98.4 %
Exposure time: 28 d

(+) -Bornan-2-one:
Biodegradability
Result: Readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Zinc oxide:
Bioaccumulation
Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 78 - 2,060

Methyl salicylate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: 2.55

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: 4.51

(+) -Bornan-2-one:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: 2.3

Mobility in soil
No data available
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Zinc oxide)
(Zinc oxide)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Zinc oxide)
(Zinc oxide)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Zinc oxide)()
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.
Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
Hazardous substances that must be registered : Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use : Not applicable
Prohibited substances : Not applicable
Restricted substances : Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ID OEL : Indonesia. Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
ID OEL / NAB : Long term exposure limit
ID OEL / PSD : Short term exposure limit

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SDAT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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