SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: Kumagaya, Saitama Prefecture, Xicheng 810 MSD Co., Ltd. Menuma factory
Telephone: 048-588-8411
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms: 

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H373 May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P391 Collect spillage.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
<th>ENCS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 80 - &lt; 90</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
<td>1-561, 1-561</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl salicylate</td>
<td>119-36-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
<td>3-1585</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>15307-79-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
<td>3-3082</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(+)-Bornan-2-one</td>
<td>464-49-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
<td>4-308, 4-601</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES
Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
Dry chemical  

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.  

Specific hazards during firefighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.  
Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides  
Chlorine compounds  
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)  
Sodium oxides  
Metal oxides  

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.  

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
Use personal protective equipment.  

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES  
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.  
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.  

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.  

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.  

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE  
Handling  
Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.  
Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.  
Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.  
Do not swallow.  
Avoid contact with eyes.  
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
Avoidance of contact

Hygiene measures

Storage

Conditions for safe storage

Materials to avoid

Packaging material

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>OEL-M (Mist)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>JP OEL JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Substance whose OEL is set based on non-carcinogenic health effects. See III, Group 1: carcinogenic to humans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>OEL-M (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>JP OEL JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OEL-M (Total dust)</td>
<td>4 mg/m³</td>
<td>JP OEL JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Class 2 Dust</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-{[2,6-dichlorophenyl]amino}phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>15307-79-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(+)-Bornan-2-one</td>
<td>464-49-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>3 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>1000 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Engineering measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type
Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection
Material
Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks
Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection
Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses

Skin and body protection
Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance
ointment

Colour
light red

Odour
aromatic

Odour Threshold
No data available

pH
No data available

Melting point/freezing point
No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range
No data available

Flash point
No data available

Evaporation rate
No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)
Not classified as a flammability hazard

Flammability (liquids)
No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit
No data available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Methyl Salicylate / Diclofenac Formulation

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Petrolatum:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Methyl salicylate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 887 mg/kg

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 55 - 240 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 170 - 389 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 97 - 161 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 92 - 147 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

(+) - Bornan-2-one:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): > 50 - 500 mg/kg
   Method: Expert judgement
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity:
   LC50 (Rat): > 0.5 mg/l
   Exposure time: 4 h
   Test atmosphere: dust/mist
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity:
   LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Methyl salicylate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Result: irritating

(+) - Bornan-2-one:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Based on data from similar materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Zinc oxide:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No eye irritation
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 405

**Methyl salicylate:**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** No eye irritation

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
- **Result:** Mild eye irritation

**(+)-Bornan-2-one:**
- **Result:** Eye irritation
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Petrolatum:
- **Test Type:** Buehler Test
- **Exposure routes:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Result:** negative
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

#### Zinc oxide:
- **Test Type:** Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result:** negative

#### Methyl salicylate:
- **Test Type:** Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Exposure routes:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Result:** negative

#### (+)-Bornan-2-one:
- **Test Type:** Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: equivocal

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Result: positive

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment</td>
<td>Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Methyl salicylate:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genotoxicity in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:</td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosomal aberration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td>Species: CHO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(+)-Bornan-2-one:</td>
<td>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not classified based on available information.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Zinc oxide:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 1 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Methyl salicylate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Methyl salicylate:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Sodium [2-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

(+)-Boman-2-one:

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

(+)-Bornan-2-one:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Zinc oxide:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 yr

Zinc oxide:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 0.0015 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 3 Months
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Methyl salicylate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 50 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 yr

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 0.25 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 98 w
Target Organs : Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
Species: Dog  
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 12 w  
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Baboon  
NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 5 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 52 w  
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood  
Symptoms: constipation, Diarrhoea

(+-)-Bornan-2-one:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: > 200 mg/kg  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 13 Weeks  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Ingestion: Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, constipation, heart-burn, Ulceration, Dizziness, Headache, Breathing difficulties, Rash

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:

Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 0.001 - 0.01 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):

10

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 25 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):

10

Methyl salicylate:

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 27 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 6.25 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 140 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 166.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 80.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 49.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.32 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

(+)-Borman-2-one:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 - 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l
## Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to microorganisms
- EC50: > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 3 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

## Persistence and degradability

### Components:

**Petrolatum:**
- **Biodegradability:** Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 31%
  - Exposure time: 28 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Methyl salicylate:**
- **Biodegradability:** Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 98.4%
  - Exposure time: 28 d

**(+)-Borman-2-one:**
- **Biodegradability:** Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Bioaccumulative potential

### Components:

**Zinc oxide:**
- **Bioaccumulation:** Species: *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)
  - Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 78 - 2,060

**Methyl salicylate:**
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:** log Pow: 2.55

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:** log Pow: 4.51

**(+)-Borman-2-one:**
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:** log Pow: 2.3

### Mobility in soil
No data available
Hazardous to the ozone layer
Not applicable

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-
dling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,
N.O.S.
(Zinc oxide)
(Zinc oxide)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Zinc oxide)
(Zinc oxide)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passen-
ger aircraft) : 956
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,
N.O.S.
(Zinc oxide)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.
National Regulations
Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law
Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

Chemical Substance Control Law
Not applicable for Specified Chemical Substance, Monitoring Chemical Substance and Priority Assessment Chemical Substance.

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture
Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture
Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names
Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mineral oil</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>&gt;=80 - &lt;90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>&gt;=10 - &lt;20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camphor</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>&gt;=1 - &lt;10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names
Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mineral oil</td>
<td>168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Camphor</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances
Not applicable
Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning
Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)
Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof
Not applicable

High Pressure Gas Safety Act
Not applicable

Explosive Control Law
Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

Aviation Law
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law
Bulk transportation : Noxious liquid substance (Category Y)
Pack transportation : Classified as marine pollutant

Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act
Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)
Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)
Not applicable

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law
Industrial waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined
16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format: yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M : Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transport of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for
safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

JP / EN