1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Milbemycin Oxime / Lufenuron / Praziquantel Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989
Classification
Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Central nervous system, Lungs, Liver, Stomach)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Lungs, Liver, Stomach) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
P333 + P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>CAS-No.</td>
<td>Concentration (% w/w)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lufenuron (ISO)</td>
<td>103055-07-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savorysel Bacon Flavor</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sucrose</td>
<td>57-50-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>praziquantel</td>
<td>55268-74-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium chloride</td>
<td>7647-14-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milbemycin Oxime</td>
<td>129496-10-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice**:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-
If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Metal oxides
Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Milbemycin Oxime / Lufenuron / Praziquantel
Formulation

Version 2.1 Revision Date: 27.08.2021 SDS Number: 7567911-00004 Date of last issue: 11.03.2021 Date of first issue: 20.11.2020

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lufenuron (ISO)</td>
<td>103055-07-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>OEB 3 (≥ 10 &lt; 100 µg/m³)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sucrose</td>
<td>57-50-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savorysel Bacon Flavor</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>OEB 2 (≥ 100 &lt; 1000 µg/m³)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>praziquantel</td>
<td>55268-74-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.5 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milbemycin Oxime</td>
<td>129496-10-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ (OEB2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye
flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : solid
Colour : brown
Odour : characteristic
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapour density : Not applicable
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility : soluble
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:
- May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
- Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity:
- Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
- Method: Calculation method

Components:

Starch:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**lufenuron (ISO):**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 2,350 mg/m3
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Savorysel Bacon Flavor:**
Acute oral toxicity: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Sucrose:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 29,700 mg/kg

**praziquantel:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,480 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 2,454 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): > 200 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): 1,050 mg/kg

**Sodium chloride:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,550 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 42 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Milbemycin Oxime:**
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 532 - 863 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 722 - 946 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Milbemycin Oxime / Lufenuron / Praziquantel
Formulation

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/m3
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Lufenuron (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Method: Draize Test
Result: No skin irritation

Savorysel Bacon Flavor:
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
May irritate skin.

Praziquantel:
Species: Rabbit
Method: Draize Test
Remarks: Slight irritation

Sodium chloride:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Milbemycin Oxime:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Lufenuron (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Method: Draize Test
Result: No eye irritation

Savorysel Bacon Flavor:
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
    May irritate eyes.

praziquantel:
Species : Rabbit
Method : Draize Test
Result : Mild eye irritation

Sodium chloride:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Milbemycin Oxime:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Lufenuron (ISO):
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Species : Guinea pig
Assessment : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Savorysel Bacon Flavor:
Remarks : Not classified due to lack of data.

praziquantel:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Sodium chloride:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Exposioure routes</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Milbemycin Oxime:**

- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Starch:**

- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative

**Iufenuron (ISO):**

- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Ames test
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
    - Test system: Chinese hamster cells
      - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Cytogenetic assay
    - Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
      - Result: negative
  - Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
    - Test system: rat hepatocytes
      - Result: negative
    - Test system: Human lymphocytes
      - Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    - Species: Mouse
      - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis test (UDS) in testicular cells
    - Species: Rat
      - Result: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment**: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.
Savorysel Bacon Flavor:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.
Genotoxicity in vivo: Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Sucrose:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

praziquantel:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Chinese hamster cells
  Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Rat
  Result: negative

Sodium chloride:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, gene mutation assay (in vitro)
  Result: positive
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative
  Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**Milbemycin Oxime:**

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lufenuron (ISO):**
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 18 month(s)
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

**praziquantel:**
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 80 weeks
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 104 weeks
NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Sodium chloride:**
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

**Reproductive toxicity**
May damage the unborn child.

**Components:**

**lufenuron (ISO):**
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 8.3 mg/kg wet weight
Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 20.9 mg/kg body weight
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No adverse effects
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 20.9 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: 8.3 mg/kg body weight
Result: foetal abnormalities

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Savorysel Bacon Flavor:**
Effects on fertility: Remarks: No data available

Effects on foetal development: Remarks: No data available

**praziquantel:**
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Mouse
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
Test Type: Development
Species: Mouse
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Milbemycin Oxime:**

Effects on fertility
Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Dog
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Species: Dog
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lufenuron (ISO):**
Assessment
The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Lungs, Liver, Stomach) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Components:**

**lufenuron (ISO):**
Exposure routes: Oral
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Lungs, Liver, Stomach
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

**Milbemycin Oxime:**
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.
Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Starch:
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: >= 2,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 28 Days  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

lufenuron (ISO):
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 5.34 mg/kg  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 4 Months  
Target Organs: Central nervous system, digestive system  
Symptoms: central nervous system effects

Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 1.93 mg/kg  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 2 yr  
Symptoms: central nervous system effects, Convulsions

Species: Mouse  
NOAEL: 2.12 mg/kg  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 18 Months  
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Liver, Prostate  
Symptoms: central nervous system effects, Convulsions

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 7.02 mg/kg  
Application Route: oral (feed)  
Exposure time: 1 yr  
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Liver, Lungs  
Symptoms: Convulsions, Fatality, Irregularities

Savorysel Bacon Flavor:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

praziquantel:
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 60 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Milbemycin Oxime / Lufenuron / Praziquantel
Formulation

Version: 2.1
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 7567911-00004
Date of last issue: 11.03.2021
Date of first issue: 20.11.2020

LOAEL: 180 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Sodium chloride:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 2,533 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 yr

Milbemycin Oxime:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 3 mg/kg
LOAEL: 15 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Symptoms: Liver disorders, Blood disorders

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 8.6 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 3 Days
Symptoms: Tremors

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Lufenuron (ISO):
General Information: Remarks: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause neurotoxic effects.

Savorysel Bacon Flavor:
General Information: Remarks: Based on data from similar materials May irritate skin. May irritate eyes.

praziquantel:
Inhalation: Symptoms: Headache, Tiredness, Dizziness, Gastrointestinal discomfort, decrease body temperature, Allergic reactions

Milbemycin Oxime:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Salivation, Convulsions, Diarrhoea, Weakness, Vomiting, Tremors, Coma
Remarks: Based on Animal Evidence
Further information

Components:

Savorysel Bacon Flavor:
Remarks : No toxicology information is available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

lufenuron (ISO):
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 73,100 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 29,000 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 370 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Americamysis): 0.042 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 209 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Scenedesmus subspicatus): 17 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 80 µg/l
Exposure time: 33 d
Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

NOEC: 20 µg/l
Exposure time: 359 d
Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 229
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC: 8.38 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

- NOEC: 90 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

- NOEC: 2 µg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Chironomus riparius (harlequin fly)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):

- 10

praziquantel:

Toxicity to fish:

- LC50 (Carassius auratus (goldfish)): 29.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 hrs
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 31.6 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 hrs
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 35 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Sodium chloride:

Toxicity to fish:

- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 5,840 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,136 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- EC50: > 2,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC10: > 1,000 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC: 252 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 33 d
  - Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC: 314 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Species: Daphnia pulex (Water flea)

Milbemycin Oxime:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.16 µg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 µg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50: > 87 µg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):
- 10,000

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
- 10,000

Persistence and degradability
No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Lufenuron (ISO):
Bioaccumulation:
- Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 28
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- log Pow: 5.12

Sucrose:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- Pow: < 1

Praziquantel:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- log Pow: 2.012
  pH: 7

Milbemycin Oxime:
Bioaccumulation:
- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 440
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- log Pow: 7
Mobility in soil

Components:

Lufenuron (ISO):
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 5.38  Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Milbemycin Oxime, lufenuron (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Milbemycin Oxime, lufenuron (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Milbemycin Oxime, lufenuron (ISO))
Class: 9
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.