1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: 50 Tuas West Drive
          Singapore - Singapore 638408
Telephone: +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements:
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Version 4.9  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 412826-00016  Date of last issue: 10.10.2020

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>&gt; 90 -&lt;= 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>clotrimazole</td>
<td>23593-75-1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mometasone</td>
<td>83919-23-7</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May damage the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.  
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.  
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.  
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapours.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>PEL (long term) (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>PEL (short term) (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clotrimazole</td>
<td>23593-75-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mometasone</td>
<td>83919-23-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m3 (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin
- Wipe limit 10 µg/100 cm² Internal

### Engineering measures:
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Essentially no open handling permitted.
- Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.
- If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Version 4.9  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 412826-00016  Date of last issue: 10.10.2020
Date of first issue: 14.12.2015

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection:

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:

Material: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Remarks: Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures:

Material: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: suspension

Colour: white to off-white

Odour: oily

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Version 4.9   Revision Date: 27.08.2021   SDS Number: 412826-00016   Date of last issue: 10.10.2020
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Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle size : Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Version 4.9  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 412826-00016  Date of last issue: 10.10.2020  Date of first issue: 14.12.2015

Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
White mineral oil (petroleum):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

clotrimazole:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 708 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 761 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): > 1,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.73 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 923 mg/kg

Gentamicin:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 8,000 - 10,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 10,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 67 - 96 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

LD50 (Rat): 371 - 384 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular

LDLo (Monkey): 30 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Mometasone:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Clotrimazole:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Gentamicin:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild skin irritation

Mometasone:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Gentamicin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Mometasone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Gentamicin:
Remarks: No data available

Mometasone:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result: negative
Remarks: The results of a test on guinea pigs showed this substance to be a weak skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

clotrimazole:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian spermatogonial chromosome aberration test (in vivo)
  Species: Hamster
  Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Gentamicin:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: equivocal

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intravenous injection
  Result: negative

Mometasone:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Species: Rat
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Result: negative
- Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
  Species: Rat
  Cell type: Liver cells
  Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 24 Months
- Result: negative

clotrimazole:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 78 weeks
- Result: negative

Gentamicin:
- Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available
## Mometasone:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
<td>0.067 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>19 Months</td>
<td>0.160 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

## Components:

### White mineral oil (petroleum):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on fertility</th>
<th>Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
<td>Application Route: Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result: negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### clotrimazole:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on fertility</th>
<th>Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fertility: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>Result: Effects on fertility</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on foetal development</th>
<th>Test Type: Embryo-foetal development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Embryo-foetal development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Embryo-foetal development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Mouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Result: No effects on foetal development

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 180 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Gentamicin:**

**Effects on fertility**

: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Fertility: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Effects on foetal development**

: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3.6 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: foetal mortality, No malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Result: foetal mortality, No malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

**Mometasone:**

**Effects on fertility**

: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Fertility: NOAEL: 0.015 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced foetal weight
Result: No effects on fertility, Effect on reproduction capacity

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryotoxic effects, Teratogenicity and developmental toxicity
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Dermal
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Dermal
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, Malformations were observed.
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Effects on newborn
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.7 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

clotrimazole:
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
Gentamicin:
Target Organs: Kidney, inner ear
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Mometasone:
Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 160 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Species: Rat
LOAEL: >= 1 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
LOAEL: 5 - 40 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 3 Weeks
Target Organs: Skin
Symptoms: Oedema, Fissuring, Necrosis, Redness

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 - 12 Months
Target Organs: Adrenal gland
Symptoms: Salivation, Lachrymation, Vomiting

Gentamicin:
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>12 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Vomiting, Salivation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Monkey</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Subcutaneous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>3 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney, inner ear</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Monkey</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>6 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>3 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Blood, Kidney, inner ear, Liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>10 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>52 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney, Blood</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>12.5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>13 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mometasone:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>0.005 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>0.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>30 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>0.5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>30 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>0.00013 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>90 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, Liver, thymus gland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.0005 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 90 d
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, thymus gland, Liver

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:
Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Clotrimazole:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Rash, Itching, Blistering, Oedema, Redness
Ingestion: Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea

Gentamicin:
Ingestion: Target Organs: Kidney
Target Organs: inner ear
Symptoms: Dizziness, Vertigo, hearing loss, tinnitus, fetal deafness

Mometasone:
Inhalation: Symptoms: allergic rhinitis, Headache, pharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, sinusitis, oral candidiasis, Back pain, musculoskeletal pain, immune system effects, indigestion
Skin contact: Symptoms: Dermatitis, Itching

Further information

Components:

Mometasone:
Remarks: Dermal absorption possible

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
### Toxicty to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicty to algae/aquatic plants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,000 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 28 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicty to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,000 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 21 d</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### clotrimazole:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): &gt; 0.29 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 96 h</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.02 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.268 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0.017 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.025 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 32 d</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 210</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.01 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 21 d</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Toxicity to microorganisms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50: &gt; 10,000 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 3 h</th>
<th>Test Type: Respiration inhibition</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Gentamicin:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compound</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 86 mg/l</th>
<th>Exposure time: 48 h</th>
<th>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metric</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Americamysis):</td>
<td>30 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</td>
<td>10 µg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</td>
<td>1.5 µg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)):</td>
<td>4.7 µg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)):</td>
<td>1.6 µg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50:</td>
<td>288.7 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type:</td>
<td>Respiration inhibition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)):</td>
<td>0.11 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks:</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)):</td>
<td>&gt; 5 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>7 d</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks:</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</td>
<td>&gt; 5 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks:</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Americamysis):</td>
<td>&gt; 5 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks:</td>
<td>No toxicity at the limit of solubility</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):</td>
<td>&gt; 3.2 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.00014 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Persistence and degradability

Components:

**White mineral oil (petroleum):**
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d

**clotrimazole:**
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (242 d)

**Gentamicin:**
Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

**Mometasone:**
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 50 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (12 d)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Gentamicin:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: < -2

**Mometasone:**
Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 107.1
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.68

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Mometasone:**
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 4.02

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
- **UN number**: UN 3082
- **Proper shipping name**: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (clotrimazole, Gentamicin)

- **Class**: 9
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: 9

**IATA-DGR**
- **UN/ID No.**: UN 3082
- **Proper shipping name**: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (clotrimazole, Gentamicin)
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (clotrimazole, Gentamicin)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations: Not applicable

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations: Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Clotrimazole / Gentamicin Formulation

Version: 4.9
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 412826-00016
Date of last issue: 10.10.2020
Date of first issue: 14.12.2015

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
SG OEL / PEL (long term): Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term
SG OEL / PEL (short term): Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Short Term

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LDS0 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transport of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be
considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

SG / EN