SAFETY DATA SHEET

Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements
Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vitamin A Palmitate</td>
<td>79-81-2</td>
<td>&lt; 0.0003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colecalciferol</td>
<td>67-97-0</td>
<td>&lt; 0.0003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact: Wash with water and soap as a precaution.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Protection of first-aiders
Notes to physician

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing media
Specific hazards during firefighting
Hazardous combustion products
Specific extinguishing methods
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Environmental precautions
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 µg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vitamin A Palmitate</td>
<td>79-81-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 &lt; 10 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colecalciferol</td>
<td>67-97-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Organic vapor Type

Hand protection

Remarks: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection: Skin should be washed after contact.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
### Appearance
- Aqueous solution

### Color
- yellow

### Odor
- characteristic

### Odor Threshold
- No data available

### pH
- No data available

### Melting point/freezing point
- -5 °C

### Initial boiling point and boiling range
- 194 °C

### Flash point
- 244 °C

### Evaporation rate
- No data available

### Flammability (solid, gas)
- Not applicable

### Flammability (liquids)
- Not applicable

### Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit
- No data available

### Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit
- No data available

### Vapor pressure
- No data available

### Relative vapor density
- No data available

### Relative density
- 0.9 - 0.94

### Density
- No data available

### Solubility(ies)
- Water solubility: practically insoluble
- Solubility in other solvents: slightly soluble
  - Solvent: Ethanol

### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- Not applicable

### Autoignition temperature
- No data available

### Decomposition temperature
- No data available

### Viscosity
- Viscosity, dynamic: 68.41 - 68.81 mPa.s (25 °C)
  - Method: Brookfield
- Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
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Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight: No data available

Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 3,000 mg/kg
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Vitamin A Palmitate:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Colecalciferol:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male): 35 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 0.05 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Expert judgment
- Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 50 mg/kg
  Method: Expert judgment
Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Colecalciferol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Test Type : Draize Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Humans
Result : negative
Vitamin A Palmitate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Colecalciferol:
Test Type: Maurer optimisation test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative

Colecalciferol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: equivocal
  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo mammalian alkaline comet assay
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(dl)-α-Tocopherol acetate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
(dl)-α-Tocopherol acetate:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Monkey
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
- **Routes of exposure**: Ingestion
- **Target Organs**: Liver
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Colecalciferol:**
- **Routes of exposure**: Ingestion
- **Target Organs**: Kidney, Blood, Bone
- **Assessment**: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

Components:

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 500 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **LOAEL**: > 1 - 10 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 3 Months
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Colecalciferol:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 0,06 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 0,3 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 90 Days
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

**Components:**

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
- **Ingestion**
  - Symptoms: liver impairment
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  - Symptoms: Embryo-fetal toxicity.
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  
  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
  - NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 28 d

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**
  - EC50: > 927 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 30 min
  - Method: ISO 8192

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 1.000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: DIN 38412
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic**
  - EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 152,94
plants mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

**Colecalciferol:**
Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 21,7 - 31 % Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 40 - 50 % Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**Colecalciferol:**
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: <= 7 % Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 6,2

**Colecalciferol:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 6,2
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107
Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry. : Not applicable

Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs. : Not applicable

International Regulations

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

Version 1.4  
Revision Date: 10.10.2020  
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Date of last issue: 13.09.2019  
Date of first issue: 06.05.2019

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

Full text of other abbreviations:
AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemicals and Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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