SAFETY DATA SHEET

Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation
Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (Liver)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common Name/Synonym</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vitamin A Palmitate</td>
<td>Retinol, hexadecanoate</td>
<td>79-81-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30 *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>2H-1-Benzo[6,1-]Benzopyran-6-ol, 3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-(4,8,12-trimethyl-tridecyl)-6-acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10 *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colecalciferol</td>
<td>Cyclohexanol, 3-[(2E)-2-[(1R,3aS,7aR)-1-{(1R)-1,5-dimethylhexyl}octahydro-7a-methyl-4H-inden-4-ylidene]ethylidene]-4-methylene-, (1S)</td>
<td>67-97-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 0.3 *</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- **Suitable extinguishing media**: Water spray, Alcohol-resistant foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical
- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.
- **Specific hazards during fire fighting**: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- **Hazardous combustion products**: Carbon oxides
- **Specific extinguishing methods**: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
- **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- **Environmental precautions**: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material...
can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

**SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Technical measures**: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Local/Total ventilation**: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

**Advice on safe handling**: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapors. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Conditions for safe storage**: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

**Materials to avoid**: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Self-reactive substances and mixtures
- Organic peroxides
- Explosives
- Gases

**SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vitamin A Palmitate</td>
<td>79-81-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 &lt; 10 ug/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 ug/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colecalciferol</td>
<td>67-97-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>&lt;= 5 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

Engineering measures: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type: Organic vapor Type
Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety glasses

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Aqueous solution
Color: yellow
Odor: characteristic
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: -5 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range: 194 °C
Flash point: 244 °C
Evaporation rate: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : 0.9 - 0.94
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : practically insoluble
  Solubility in other solvents : slightly soluble
    Solvent: Ethanol
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, dynamic : 68.41 - 68.81 mPa.s (25 °C)
    Method: Brookfield
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 3,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Colecalciferol:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 35 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 0.05 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 50 mg/kg
Method: Expert judgment

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Mild skin irritation

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Colecalciferol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Test Type: Draize Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Humans
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>10/01/2022</td>
<td>4257963-00010</td>
<td>04/09/2022</td>
<td>05/06/2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result : negative

**Colecalciferol:**
- Test Type : Maurer optimisation test
- Routes of exposure : Skin contact
- Species : Guinea pig
- Result : negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  
  Result : negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  
  Species: Mouse
  
  Application Route: Ingestion
  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  
  Result: negative

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  
  Species: Mouse
  
  Application Route: Ingestion
  
  Result: negative

**Colecalciferol:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  
  Result: equivocal

  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  
  Result: negative
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

Genotoxicity in vivo
: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative

  Test Type: In vivo mammalian alkaline comet assay
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment
: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species
: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Vitamin A Palmitate:
Effects on fetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Monkey
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: positive

  Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
  : Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Effects on fertility
: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

  Effects on fetal development
  : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    Species: Rabbit
    Application Route: Ingestion
    Result: negative
STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:
Vitamin A Palmitate:
Routes of exposure : Ingestion
Target Organs : Liver
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Colecalciferol:
Routes of exposure : Ingestion
Target Organs : Kidney, Blood, Bone
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Vitamin A Palmitate:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : > 1 - 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 3 Months
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Colecalciferol:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.06 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.3 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

**Components:**

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**

*Ingestion:*
- Symptoms: liver impairment
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

*Remarks:*
- Symptoms: Embryo-fetal toxicity.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**

*Toxicity to fish:*
- LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 1,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Method: DIN 38412
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

*Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:*
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

*Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:*
- EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 152.94 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**

*Toxicity to fish:*
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

*Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:*
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

*Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:*
- Ec50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- NOEC: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): >= 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

*Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):*
- NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 28 d

*Toxicity to microorganisms:*
- EC50: > 927 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: ISO 8192

**Colecalciferol:**

Toxicity to fish:
LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EL50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 40 - 50%
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 21.7 - 31%
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Colecalciferol:**
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: <= 7%
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Vitamin A Palmitate:**
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 6.2

**Colecalciferol:**
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 6.2
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Multivitamin (with Soy Oil) Formulation

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -
Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date: 10/01/2022
Date format: mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8