SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxfendazole / Oxyclozanide Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Oxfendazole / Oxyclozanide Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : Rua Coronel Bento Soares, 530
Cruzeiro - Sao Paulo - Brazil CEP 12730-340
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary medicine

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Liver, Testis, Brain)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard
Hazard pictograms : 

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H371 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Testis, Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P260 Do not breathe dust.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P391 Collect spillage.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxyclozanide</td>
<td>2277-92-1</td>
<td>Acute toxicity (Oral), Reproductive toxicity, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral) (Central nervous system), Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Brain, Liver), Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 &lt;= 50</td>
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<tr>
<td>oxfendazole</td>
<td>53716-50-0</td>
<td>Reproductive toxicity, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Liver, Testis), Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Long-term (chronic)</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 &lt;= 25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Wash clothing before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:** If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed:** If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs if swallowed. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

**Protection of first-aiders:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician:** Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** None known.

**Specific hazards during firefighting:** Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides
Chlorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Metal oxides
Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
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Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxyclonanide</td>
<td>2277-92-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.4 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>400 mg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oxfendazole</td>
<td>53716-50-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>40 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>400 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds.
are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

- **Filter type**: Particulates type

**Hand protection**: Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

- **Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance** : powder

**Color** : white to off-white, light cream, cream

**Odor** : No data available

**Odor Threshold** : No data available

**pH** : No data available

**Melting point/freezing point** : No data available

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** : No data available

**Flash point** : Not applicable

**Evaporation rate** : Not applicable

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

**Flammability (liquids)** : Not applicable

**Upper explosion limit / Upper** : No data available
flammability limit

- Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
- Vapor pressure: Not applicable
- Relative vapor density: Not applicable
- Relative density: No data available
- Density: 0.88 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)
- Water solubility: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- Not applicable

Autoignition temperature
- No data available

Decomposition temperature
- No data available

Viscosity
- Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable

Explosive properties
- Not explosive

Oxidizing properties
- The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight
- No data available

**SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity
- Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability
- Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
- May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid
- Heat, flames and sparks.
- Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials
- Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products
- No hazardous decomposition products are known.

**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of exposure
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
- Not classified based on available information.
Product:
Acute oral toxicity
Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg
   Method: Calculation method

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3.519 mg/kg
   Target Organs: Central nervous system
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LDLo (sheep): 10 mg/kg
   Application Route: Intravenous

Oxfendazole:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 6.000 mg/kg
   LD50 (Dog): 1.600 mg/kg
   LD50 (sheep): 250 mg/kg

Magnesium stearate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
   Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Oxfendazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

oxfendazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

Magnesium stearate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
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Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Species: Rat
Cell type: Liver cells
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

oxfendazole:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: positive

Magnesium stearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:
Remarks: Not classified due to lack of data.

oxfendazole:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 Years
Symptoms: No adverse effects.
Target Organs: Liver
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Symptoms: No adverse effects.
Target Organs: Liver

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Oxyclozanide:

Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 25 - 35 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight, No effects on embryofetal and postnatal development.
Result: No effects on fertility.

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 75 - 100 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight, No effects on embryofetal and postnatal development.
Result: No effects on fertility.

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Early Embryonic Development: LOAEL: 75 - 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 80 - 160 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects., No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No fetotoxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development
### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

**oxfendazole:**

**Effects on fertility**

- **Test Type:** Fertility/early embryonic development
- **Species:** Rat, male
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Fertility:** NOAEL: 17 mg/kg body weight
- **Target Organs:** Testes
- **Result:** Effects on fertility.

- **Test Type:** Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Fertility:** NOAEL: 0,9 mg/kg body weight
- **Target Organs:** Liver
- **Result:** No effects on fertility.

- **Test Type:** Fertility
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Duration of Single Treatment:** 1 Months
- **Fertility:** NOAEL: 750 mg/kg body weight
- **Target Organs:** Testes
- **Result:** Effects on fertility.

**Effects on fetal development**

- **Test Type:** Embryo-fetal development
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Developmental Toxicity:** NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** positive, Fetal effects.

- **Test Type:** Embryo-fetal development
- **Species:** Rat
- **Developmental Toxicity:** NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** positive, Embryo-fetal toxicity.

- **Test Type:** Embryo-fetal development
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Developmental Toxicity:** NOAEL: 108 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** positive, Embryo-fetal toxicity., Fetal abnormalities.

- **Test Type:** Embryo-fetal development
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Developmental Toxicity:** NOAEL: 0,625 mg/kg body weight

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**

- Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of
adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Magnesium stearate:**
- **Effects on fertility:**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on fetal development:**
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**STOT-single exposure**
May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) if swallowed.

**Components:**

**Oxyclozanide:**
- **Routes of exposure:** Oral
- **Target Organs:** Central nervous system
- **Assessment:** May cause damage to organs.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs (Liver, Testis, Brain) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Oxyclozanide:**
- **Target Organs:** Brain, Liver
- **Assessment:** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**oxfendazole:**
- **Routes of exposure:** Oral
- **Target Organs:** Liver, Testis
- **Assessment:** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Oxyclozanide:**
- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 9 mg/kg
- **LOAEL:** 44,5 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Brain, Liver, spleen, Adrenal gland
Symptoms: Liver effects

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Brain, Liver
Symptoms: blood effects, alteration in liver enzymes

**oxfendazole:**

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 11 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Weeks
Target Organs: Blood, Liver, Testis

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 3.8 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Liver, Testis

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 Months
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 37.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 Months
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 11 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Weeks
Target Organs: Lymph nodes, thymus gland

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 13.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Months
Target Organs: Liver
Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Ingestion: Symptoms: May cause, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Central nervous system depression

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Oxyclozanide:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.69 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

Oxfendazole:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 2.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 2.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.059 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 4 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
### Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** > 4 mg/l
- **Exposure time:** 72 h
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201

### M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**
  - **NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):** 0.023 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 21 d
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 211

### Magnesium stearate:

- **Toxicity to fish:**
  - **LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)):** > 100 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 48 h
  - **Method:** DIN 38412
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**
  - **EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):** > 1 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 47 h
  - **Test substance:** Water Accommodated Fraction
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
  - **No toxicity at the limit of solubility.**

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:**
  - **EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** > 1 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 72 h
  - **Test substance:** Water Accommodated Fraction
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
  - **No toxicity at the limit of solubility.**

  - **NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** > 1 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 72 h
  - **Test substance:** Water Accommodated Fraction
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to microorganisms:**
  - **EC10 (Pseudomonas putida):** > 100 mg/l
  - **Exposure time:** 16 h
  - **Test substance:** Water Accommodated Fraction
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Persistence and degradability

### Components:

- **Oxyclozanide:**
  - **Stability in water:** Hydrolysis: 50%(156 d)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

**oxfendazole:**
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: < 5 % (4 d)

**Magnesium stearate:**
Biodegradability: Result: Not biodegradable
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**Oxyclozanide:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.99
pH: 7
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

**oxfendazole:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.95

**Magnesium stearate:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 4

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Oxyclozanide:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 4.83
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

**oxfendazole:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.2

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods**
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

International Regulations
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Oxfendazole / Oxyclozanide Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>27.08.2021</td>
<td>7942503-00002</td>
<td>19.03.2021</td>
<td>19.03.2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **UNRTDG** |  |  |  |
| UN number | : | UN 3077 |  |
| Proper shipping name | : | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (oxfendazole, oxyclozanide) |  |

| Class | : | 9 |  |
| Packing group | : | III |  |
| Labels | : | 9 |  |

| **IATA-DGR** |  |  |  |
| UN/ID No. | : | UN 3077 |  |
| Proper shipping name | : | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (oxfendazole, Oxyclozanide) |  |

| Class | : | 9 |  |
| Packing group | : | III |  |
| Labels | : | Miscellaneous |  |
| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) | : | 956 |  |
| Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) | : | 956 |  |
| Environmentally hazardous | : | yes |  |

| **IMDG-Code** |  |  |  |
| UN number | : | UN 3077 |  |
| Proper shipping name | : | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (oxfendazole, oxyclozanide) |  |

| Class | : | 9 |  |
| Packing group | : | III |  |
| Labels | : | 9 |  |
| EmS Code | : | F-A, S-F |  |
| Marine pollutant | : | yes |  |

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### Domestic regulation

| **ANTT** |  |  |  |
| UN number | : | UN 3077 |  |
| Proper shipping name | : | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (oxfendazole, oxyclozanide) |  |

| Class | : | 9 |  |
| Packing group | : | III |  |
| Labels | : | 9 |  |
| Hazard Identification Number | : | 90 |  |

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - (LINACH)

Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans
Silicon, amorphous 112945-52-5

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal Police : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information


Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency; UN - United Nations; UN1801 - UN Number; UN2811 - UN Number; UN3291 - UN Number; WMS - Worked up-to-date; World Health Organization
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxfendazole / Oxyclozanide Formulation

Version 1.1  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 7942503-00002  Date of last issue: 19.03.2021
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Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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