SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Oxytetracycline (10%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Skin irritation: Category 2
Eye irritation: Category 2A
Skin sensitization: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
- Skin irritation symbol
- Eye irritation symbol

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H360D May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
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P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxytetracycline</td>
<td>79-57-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanolamine</td>
<td>141-43-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate</td>
<td>6035-47-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms: Causes skin irritation.

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and effects, both acute and delayed
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May damage the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
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Date of first issue: 03/10/2020

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxytetracycline</td>
<td>79-57-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: DSEN</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanolamine</td>
<td>141-43-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>6 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 ppm</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 ppm</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 ppm</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering measures:</td>
<td>Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
less quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection**

**Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>suspension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: No data available
Evaporation rate: Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Flammability (liquids): No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapor pressure: No data available
Relative vapor density: Not applicable
Relative density: No data available
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable
Autoignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable
Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight: No data available
Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 200 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg
Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 4,840 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

Ethanolamine:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,089 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 11 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Expert judgment
Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI
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Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit, female): 1,018 mg/kg

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available

Ethanolamine:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species: Rat
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available

Ethanolamine:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Result: Sensitizer

Ethanolamine:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation
Result: positive

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: equivocal
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>08/27/2021</td>
<td>5495957-00003</td>
<td>10/10/2020</td>
<td>03/10/2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:** Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

### Ethanolamine:

**Genotoxicity in vitro:**
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative

**Genotoxicity in vivo:**
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative

### Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:

**Genotoxicity in vitro:**
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Genotoxicity in vivo:**
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: positive
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:** Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

**Oxytetracycline:**
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 104 weeks
- Result: negative
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Result: equivocal
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen.

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity:
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility., No effect on reproduction capacity., No significant adverse effects were reported.

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Intramuscular  
Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Postimplantation loss, No fetal abnormalities.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Dog  
Application Route: Intramuscular  
Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Skeletal and visceral variations, Postimplantation loss.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment  
Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

Ethanolamine:
Effects on fertility  
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: negative

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Effects on fertility  
Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414  
Result: positive  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment  
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure  
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Ethanolamine:
Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanolamine:
Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : 198 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
LOAEL : 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 125 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Testis
Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 40 mg/kg
LOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Intraperitoneal
Exposure time : 14 Days
Target Organs : Kidney

Ethanolamine:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 120 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : > 75 Days
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 0.15 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 600 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Oxytetracycline:**
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration
Remarks: May cause birth defects.

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**Oxytetracycline:**
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 669 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: 17.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
**Ethanolamine:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 349 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 65 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>48 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.8 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): 1.24 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>41 d</td>
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<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.85 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>21 d</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC10</td>
<td>EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): &gt; 1,000 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>30 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): &gt; 10,000 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>48 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ErC50</td>
<td>ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 370 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 13.5 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>35 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 5.6 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Ethanolamine:**

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: > 90%
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 77%
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**Ethanolamine:**

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -2.3
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

### Mobility in soil

No data available

### Other adverse effects

No data available

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (oxytetracycline)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Oxytetracycline)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Oxytetracycline)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Oxytetracycline)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes (Oxytetracycline)
Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters., Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.
Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards:
- Respiratory or skin sensitization
- Reproductive toxicity
- Skin corrosion or irritation
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313:
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- Water 7732-18-5
- Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-39-8
- Oxytetracycline 79-57-2
- Ethanolamine 141-43-5

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Oxytetracycline, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances
- Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-39-8
- Ethanolamine 141-43-5

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- Ethanolamine 141-43-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline (10%) Formulation

Version 1.2, Revision Date: 08/27/2021, SDS Number: 5495957-00003, Date of last issue: 10/10/2020, Date of first issue: 03/10/2020

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

- Flammability
- Instability
- Special hazard

HMIS® IV:

- HEALTH: *
- FLAMMABILITY: 1
- PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
- OSHA Z-1: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
- ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- NIOSH REL / TWA: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
- NIOSH REL / ST: STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday
- OSHA Z-1 / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Pre-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline (10%) Formulation

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8