according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Oxytetracycline (40%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11505084-00004 Date of first issue: 01/24/2025

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Oxytetracycline (40%) Formulation

Product code : Baymet

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Other hazards

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : If small particles are generated during further processing, han-

dling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentra-

tions in air.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H360D May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS No./Unique ID	Concentration (% w/w)	Trade secret
Oxytetracycline	79-57-2*	>= 30 - <= 60	TSC
Starch	9005-25-8*	>= 10 - <= 30	TSC
Bentonite	1302-78-9*	>= 7 - <= 13	TSC

^{*} Indicates that the identifier is a CAS No.

TSC- the actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

disposal plant.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

icts

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing dust. Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

inert or nuisance dust 50 Million particles per cubic foot

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

5 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and par-

ticulates

10 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)

Basis: CAL PEL

5 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)

Basis: CAL PEL

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis		
Oxytetracycline	79-57-2	TWA	500 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal		
	Further inform	Further information: DSEN				
		Wipe limit	100 μg/100 cm ²	Internal		
Starch	9005-25-8	TWA	10 mg/m ³	ACGIH		
		TWA (Res- pirable)	5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL		
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL		
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1		
		TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1		

Engineering measures : Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to

compound.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where

concentrations are above recommended limits or are

unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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> hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Hygiene measures

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder

Color : dark green

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation. Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg

Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 4,840 mg/kg

Application Route: Intramuscular

LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg Application Route: Subcutaneous

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Bentonite:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.27 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Bentonite:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Remarks : No data available

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Bentonite:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Result : Sensitizer

Starch:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Bentonite:

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: positive

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Bentonite:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Species : Mouse

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : equivocal

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility., No effect on reproduction capacity., No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects. Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

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General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight Embryo-fetal toxicity.: NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight Result: Postimplantation loss., No fetal abnormalities.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Dog

Application Route: Intramuscular

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight Result: Skeletal and visceral variations ., Postimplantation

loss.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

Bentonite:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 198 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
LOAEL : 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog

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NOAEL : 125 mg/kg
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Testis

Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 40 mg/kg

LOAEL : 100 mg/kg

Application Route : Intraperitoneal

Exposure time : 14 Days

Target Organs : Kidney

Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Bentonite:

Species: MouseNOAEL: 500 mg/kgApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration

Remarks: May cause birth defects.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Oxytetracycline:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

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EC50 (Moina macrocopa (Water flea)): 126.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (activated sludge): 17.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC (activated sludge): 0.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Bentonite:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 16,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste Contaminated packaging

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 3077

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Oxytetracycline)

Class 9 Ш Packing group Labels 9 Environmentally hazardous yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. UN 3077

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Oxytetracycline)

Class Packing group Ш

Labels Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo 956

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

Environmentally hazardous

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number **UN 3077**

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

956

yes

(Oxytetracycline)

Class 9 Ш Packing group Labels 9 **EmS Code** F-A, S-F Marine pollutant ves

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number **UN 3077**

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Oxytetracycline)

Class 9 Packing group Ш CLASS 9 Labels **ERG Code** 171

Marine pollutant yes(Oxytetracycline)

Remarks Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450

Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Combustible dust

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Reproductive toxicity

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

 Oxytetracycline
 79-57-2

 D(+)-Glucose monohydrate
 5996-10-1

 Starch
 9005-25-8

 Bentonite
 1302-78-9

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Oxytetracycline, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Starch 9005-25-8

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

Health 2 0 Instability

Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CAL PEL : California permissible exposure limits for chemical contami-

nants (Title 8, Article 107)

NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average CAL PEL / PEL : Permissible exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Oxytetracycline (40%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11505084-00004 Date of first issue: 01/24/2025

Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 06/18/2025

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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