SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
   Trade name: Oxytetracycline Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the Substance/Mixture: Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   Company: MSD
   Shotton Lane
   NE23 3JU Cramlington NU - Great Britain
   Telephone: 44 1 670 59 30 00
   Telefax: 908-735-1496
   E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
   1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
   Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Aerosols, Category 2
   H223: Flammable aerosol.
   H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
   H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
   Eye irritation, Category 2
   H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
   Skin sensitisation, Category 1
   H360D: May damage the unborn child.
   Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A
   H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
   Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
   H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
   Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1
   H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
   Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1

2.2 Label elements
   Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Hazard pictograms:
   Signal word: Danger

Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016
Oxytetracycline Formulation

Hazard statements:

H223 Flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
- Butane
- Propan-2-ol
- Isobutane
- Oxytetracycline

2.3 Other hazards
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>106-97-8, 203-448-7, 601-004-00-0</td>
<td>Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280 STOT SE 3; H336</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0, 200-661-7, 603-117-00-0</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>75-28-5</td>
<td>Flam. Gas 1A; H220</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Oxytetracycline Formulation

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

**If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms**: Gastrointestinal disturbance

---

| Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280 STOT SE 3; H336 | >= 10 - < 20 |
| Flam. Gas 1A; H220 Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280 STOT SE 3; H336 |

**For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.**
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Oxytetracycline Formulation

Version 6.1 Revision Date: 05.10.2020 SDS Number: 673924-00012 Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

Risks
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May damage the unborn child.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting: Flash back possible over considerable distance.
Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions: Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Ventilate the area.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-
6.2 Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up**: Non-sparking tools should be used.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Technical measures**: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Local/Total ventilation**: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

**Advice on safe handling**: Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid breathing spray.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and
other ignition sources. No smoking.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Hygiene measures
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers
Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Advice on common storage
Do not store with the following product types:
Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable solids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases
Explosives
Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s)
No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>106-97-8</td>
<td>OELV - 15 min (STEL)</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Substances which have the capacity to penetrate intact skin when they come in contact with it, and be absorbed into the body</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OELV - 15 min (STEL)</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Substances which have the capacity to penetrate intact skin when they come in contact with it, and be absorbed into the body</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isobutane</td>
<td>75-28-5</td>
<td>OELV - 15 min (STEL)</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oxytetracycline Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxytetracycline</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>500 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>888 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>89 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>319 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>26 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propan-2-ol</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>140.9 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>140.9 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>140.9 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>2251 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>552 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>552 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>28 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral (Secondary Poisoning)</td>
<td>160 mg/kg food</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Personal protective equipment**

**Hand protection**

- **Remarks**: Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.

- **Skin and body protection**: Skin should be washed after contact.

- **Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Equipment should conform to I.S. EN 137

- **Filter type**: Self-contained breathing apparatus

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

- **Appearance**: Aerosol containing a liquefied gas
- **Colour**: blue
- **Odour**: solvent-like
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Oxytetracycline Formulation

Version: 6.1
Revision Date: 05.10.2020
SDS Number: 673924-00012
Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range
Flash point : -80 ºC
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Flammable aerosol.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : 9.5 % (V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : 1.8 % (V)
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 0.92 g/cm3
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information
Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: Flammable aerosol. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butane:
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm
Exposure time: 15 min
Test atmosphere: gas
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 25 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Isobutane:
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm
Exposure time: 15 min
Test atmosphere: gas
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Oxytetracycline Formulation

Propane:
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm
Exposure time: 15 min
Test atmosphere: gas

oxytetracycline:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg
Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 4,840 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Propan-2-ol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:
Propan-2-ol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Propan-2-ol:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

oxytetracycline:
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Result: Sensitiser

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Butane:
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Isobutane:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: inhalation (gas)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: inhalation (gas)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Oxytetracycline:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
  Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation
  Result: positive

  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  Result: equivocal

  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: equivocal

  Test Type: in vivo assay
  Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Oxytetracycline:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Result: equivocal
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Butane:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
### Propan-2-ol:

**Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development:** Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

### Isobutane:

**Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (gas)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development:** Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (gas)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative

### Propane:

**Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (gas)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development:** Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (gas)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative

### Oxytetracycline:

**Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility, No effect on reproduction capacity, No significant adverse effects were reported
Effects on foetal development:

- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Embryo-foetal toxicity:** LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** Postimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations

- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **General Toxicity Maternal:** LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight
- **Embryo-foetal toxicity:** NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** No teratogenic effects
- **Remarks:** Maternal toxicity observed.

- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **General Toxicity Maternal:** LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight
- **Embryo-foetal toxicity:** NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** No teratogenic effects
- **Remarks:** Maternal toxicity observed.

- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Application Route:** Intramuscular
- **Embryo-foetal toxicity:** LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** Postimplantation loss., No foetal abnormalities

- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development
- **Species:** Dog
- **Application Route:** Intramuscular
- **Embryo-foetal toxicity:** LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** Skeletal and visceral variations, Postimplantation loss.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

**STOT - single exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:**

**Butane:**
- **Assessment:** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Propan-2-ol:**
- **Assessment:** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Isobutane:**
- **Assessment:** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Propane:
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Butane:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 9000 ppm
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Exposure time: 6 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Propan-2-ol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 12.5 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Exposure time: 104 Weeks

Isobutane:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 9000 ppm
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Exposure time: 6 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Propane:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 7.214 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (gas)
Exposure time: 6 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Oxytetracycline:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 198 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Bone
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Bone
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 125 mg/kg
LOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Months
Target Organs: Testis
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Exposure time: 14 Days
Target Organs: Kidney

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

oxytetracycline:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration
Remarks: May cause birth defects.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Propan-2-ol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9,640 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 1,050 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

oxytetracycline:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 669 mg/l
Oxytetracycline Formulation

Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
- NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: 17.9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
- NOEC: 0.2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Butane:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propan-2-ol:
- Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
- BOD/COD:
  - BOD: 1.19 (BOD5)
  - COD: 2.23
  - BOD/COD: 53 %

Isobutane:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Oxytetracycline Formulation

Version 6.1  Revision Date: 05.10.2020  SDS Number: 673924-00012  Date of last issue: 23.03.2020
Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Butane:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.89

Propan-2-ol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.05

Isobutane:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.8

Propane:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.36

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty (including propellant)

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 1950
ADR : UN 1950
RID : UN 1950
# Oxytetracycline Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>05.10.2020</td>
<td>673924-00012</td>
<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>12.05.2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IMDG** : UN 1950  
**IATA** : UN 1950

## 14.2 UN proper shipping name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>AEROSOLS</th>
<th>AEROSOLS</th>
<th>AEROSOLS</th>
<th>AEROSOLS</th>
<th>Aerosols, flammable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>AEROSOLS (oxytetracycline)</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>AEROSOLS</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable</td>
<td>Aerosols, flammable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

| ADN | 2 |
| ADR | 2 |
| RID | 2 |
| IMDG | 2.1 |
| IATA | 2.1 |

## 14.4 Packing group

### ADN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Not assigned by regulation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classification Code</td>
<td>5F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### ADR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Not assigned by regulation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classification Code</td>
<td>5F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunnel restriction code</td>
<td>(D)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### RID

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Not assigned by regulation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Classification Code</td>
<td>5F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Identification Number</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### IMDG

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Not assigned by regulation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### IATA (Cargo)

| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) | 203 |
| Packing instruction (LQ) | Y203 |
| Packing group | Not assigned by regulation |
| Labels | Flammable Gas |

### IATA (Passenger)

| Packing instruction (passen- | 203 |
## Oxytetracycline Formulation

### Section 14: Transport

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Hazardous for Environment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADN</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks: Not applicable for product as supplied.

---

### Section 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Applicability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Quantity 1</th>
<th>Quantity 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P3a</td>
<td>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS</td>
<td>150 t</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</td>
<td>100 t</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Liquefied extremely flammable gases (including LPG) and natural gas</td>
<td>50 t</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Oxytetracycline Formulation

Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.
Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements
H220 : Extremely flammable gas.
H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D : May damage the unborn child.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Gas : Flammable gases
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Press. Gas : Gases under pressure
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
IE OEL : Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1
IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)
IE OEL / OELV - 15 min : Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period)
(TEIL) : 

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Oxytetracycline Formulation

Version 6.1 Revision Date: 05.10.2020 SDS Number: 673924-00012 Date of last issue: 23.03.2020 Date of first issue: 12.05.2016

Further information:

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Aerosol 2 H223, H229 Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method
Repr. 1A H360D Calculation method
STOT SE 3 H336 Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their
Oxytetracycline Formulation

intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

IE / EN