SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Telefax : 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Eye irritation : Category 2B
Skin sensitization : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 1 (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms
Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H320 Causes eye irritation.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

**Response:**
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
- P333 + P313 IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
- P337 + P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**
None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Pyrrolidone</td>
<td>616-45-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxytetracycline</td>
<td>79-57-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium oxide</td>
<td>1309-48-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>15307-79-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate</td>
<td>6035-47-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Formulation

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Date of first issue: 04/17/2019

If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes eye irritation.
- May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Chlorine compounds
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Sodium oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxytetracycline</td>
<td>79-57-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN
- Wipe limit 100 µg/100 cm²  
  Internal
### Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection**

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

**Hygiene measures**

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid
Color : brown, Greenish yellow
Odor : characteristic
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : -27 °F / -33 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range : 212.9 °F / 100.5 °C
Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : 1.15 - 1.19 (77 °F / 25 °C)
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility : soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
   Viscosity, dynamic : 50.3 - 50.7 mPa.s (77 °F / 25 °C)
   Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Formulation

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Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
2-Pyrrolidone:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Oxytetracycline:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg
Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- **LD50 (Rat):** 4,840 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intramuscular
- **LD50 (Mouse):** 3,500 mg/kg
  Application Route: Subcutaneous

**Propylene glycol:**
- Acute oral toxicity: **LD50 (Rat):** > 5,000 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Rabbit): > 159 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Magnesium oxide:**
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Rat): > 2.1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): 55 - 240 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 170 - 389 mg/kg
- Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
  - LD50 (Rat): 97 - 161 mg/kg
    Application Route: Intravenous
  - LD50 (Mouse): 92 - 147 mg/kg
    Application Route: Intravenous

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rabbit  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result: No skin irritation

Oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result: No skin irritation

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Result: irritating

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species: Rat  
Result: No skin irritation  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes eye irritation.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rabbit  
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

Oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit  
Result: No eye irritation  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Magnesium oxide:
Species: Rabbit

---

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Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Result : Mild eye irritation

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Oxytetracycline:
Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Result : Sensitizer

Propylene glycol:
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Magnesium oxide:
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Test Type : Maximization Test
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Formulation

Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Oxytetracycline:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)
Result: negative
Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation
Result: positive
Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: equivocal
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: equivocal
Test Type: in vivo assay
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Propylene glycol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Magnesium oxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Species: CHO
Result: negative

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>10/10/2020</td>
<td>4156037-00008</td>
<td>03/23/2020</td>
<td>04/17/2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 18 month(s)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Oxytetracycline:**
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Result: equivocal
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

**Propylene glycol:**
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

**Magnesium oxide:**
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 96 weeks
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

**IARC**
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

**OSHA**
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

**NTP**
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

**Reproductive toxicity**
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

**Components:**

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.
Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Oxytetracycline:**
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility., No effect on reproduction capacity., No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Test Type: Embryo-fetal development</th>
<th>General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL</th>
<th>Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL</th>
<th>Result:</th>
<th>Remarks:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>No teratogenic effects.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Maternal toxicity observed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>No teratogenic effects.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Maternal toxicity observed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
<td>LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td></td>
<td>Postimplantation loss., No fetal abnormalities.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
<td>LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td></td>
<td>Skeletal and visceral variations , Postimplantation loss.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**: Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

**Propylene glycol**

- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  
  Species: Mouse  
  Application Route: Ingestion  
  Result: negative

- **Effects on fetal development**: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
  Species: Mouse  
  Application Route: Ingestion  
  Result: negative

**Magnesium oxide**

- **Effects on fertility**: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
  Species: Rat  
  Application Route: Ingestion  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
  Result: negative  
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on fetal development**: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Rat, male and female
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No effects on fertility.

**Effects on fetal development**
- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects.

- Test Type: Development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects.

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**
- Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Effects on fetal development**
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
  - Result: positive
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**
- Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT-single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
Causes damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Components:

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 207 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 3 Months
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Oxytetracycline:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 198 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Bone
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Bone
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 125 mg/kg
LOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Months
Target Organs: Testis
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Exposure time: 14 Days
Target Organs: Kidney

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rat, male
NOAEL: 1,700 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 y
Magnesium oxide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 407
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 98 w
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 w
Target Organs: Blood
Species: Baboon
NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 52 w
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood
Symptoms: constipation, Diarrhea

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 600 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration
Remarks: May cause birth defects.

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Diarrhea, constipation, heartburn, Ulceration, Dizziness, Headache, Breathing difficulties, Rash
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Oxytetracycline:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 669 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: 17.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 0.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Propylene glycol:

- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**: NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l
  Exposure time: 7 d

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**: NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 18 h

Magnesium oxide:

- **Toxicity to fish**: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**: EC50: > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 166.6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 80.1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 49.2
### SAFFETY DATA SHEET

**Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
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<td>4.2</td>
<td>10/10/2020</td>
<td>4156037-00008</td>
<td>03/23/2020</td>
<td>04/17/2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**

- **NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)):** 0.32 mg/l  
  - Exposure time: 32 d  
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**

- **NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):** 10 mg/l  
  - Exposure time: 21 d  
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to fish</strong></td>
<td>LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)):</td>
<td>96 h</td>
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<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 10,000 mg/l</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</strong></td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</strong></td>
<td>ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)):</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>370 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</strong></td>
<td>NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)):</td>
<td>35 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13.5 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</strong></td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5.6 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to microorganisms</strong></td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1,000 mg/l</td>
<td>4 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**2-Pyrrolidone:**

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Propylene glycol:**

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  
  - Biodegradation: 98.3%  
  - Exposure time: 28 d
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 77 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.71
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

**Propylene glycol:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.07

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.51

**Mobility in soil**
No data available

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (oxytetracycline)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

**IATA-DGR**
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Oxytetracycline)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Oxytetracycline)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Oxytetracycline)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: CLASS 9
ERG Code: 171
Marine pollutant: yes (Oxytetracycline)
Remarks: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters., Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.
SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards:
- Respiratory or skin sensitization
- Reproductive toxicity
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- 2-Pyrrolidone: 616-45-5
- Oxytetracycline: 79-57-2
- Water: 7732-18-5
- Propylene glycol: 57-55-6
- Magnesium oxide: 1309-48-4

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Oxytetracycline, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances
- Polyvinyl pyrrolidone: 9003-39-8
- Magnesium oxide: 1309-48-4

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- Magnesium oxide: 1309-48-4

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
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NFPA 704:

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<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Special hazard</th>
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HMIS® IV:

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<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US WEEL: USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average
US WEEL / TWA: 8-hr TWA

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECS - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act;
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REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative


Revision Date: 10/10/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8