SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Version  1.7  Revision Date: 09/13/2019  SDS Number: 1313818-00008  Date of last issue: 21.05.2019

Date of first issue: 20.02.2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: 50 Tuas West Drive
Singapore - Singapore 638408
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2
Skin sensitisation: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response:**
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
- None known.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Pyrrolidone</td>
<td>616-45-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 -&lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxytetracycline</td>
<td>79-57-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 -&lt; 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>100-51-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium oxide</td>
<td>1309-48-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>15307-79-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 -&lt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate</td>
<td>149-44-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 -&lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Control parameter</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Form of exposure</th>
<th>Permissible concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxytetracycline</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin sensitisation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium oxide</td>
<td>PEL (long term) (Fumes)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>1000 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

#### Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

#### Eye protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

#### Skin and body protection

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

#### Hygiene measures

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
### Appearance
- **liquid**

### Colour
- **light brown**

### Odour
- **No data available**

### Odour Threshold
- **No data available**

### pH
- **8.3 - 9.0**
  (as aqueous solution)

### Melting point/freezing point
- **No data available**

### Initial boiling point and boiling range
- **No data available**

### Flash point
- **No data available**

### Evaporation rate
- **No data available**

### Flammability (solid, gas)
- **Not applicable**

### Flammability (liquids)
- **No data available**

### Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit
- **No data available**

### Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit
- **No data available**

### Vapour pressure
- **No data available**

### Relative vapour density
- **No data available**

### Relative density
- **No data available**

### Density
- **1.05 - 1.18 g/cm³**

### Solubility(ies)
- **Water solubility**: soluble

### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- **No data available**

### Auto-ignition temperature
- **No data available**

### Decomposition temperature
- **No data available**

### Viscosity
- **Viscosity, kinematic**: 47.62 mm²/s

### Explosive properties
- **Not explosive**

### Oxidizing properties
- **The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.**
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Molecular weight: No data available
Particle size: Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:
2-Pyrrolidone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC0 (Rat): 0.061 mg/l
Exposure time: 8 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Oxytetracycline:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,800 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 2,240 mg/kg
Remarks: Evidence of phototoxicity was observed

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 4,840 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular

LD50 (Mouse): 3,500 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

Benzyl alcohol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Magnesium oxide:
Acute oral toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): > 2.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Acute oral toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): 55 - 240 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 170 - 389 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 97 - 161 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 92 - 147 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Acute oral toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity
LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available

Benzy alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Magnesium oxide:
Method: OECD Test Guideline 431
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Result: irritating

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species: Rat
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

Oxytetracycline:
Remarks: No data available
Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Magnesium oxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Result: Mild eye irritation

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
2-Pyrrolidone:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Oxytetracycline:
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Result: Sensitiser

Benzyl alcohol:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Magnesium oxide:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
    Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    Species: Mouse
    Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
    Result: negative

Oxytetracycline:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Microbial mutagenesis assay (Ames test)
    Result: negative
  - Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
    Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation
    Result: positive
  - Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
    Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
    Result: equivocal
Genotoxicity in vivo:

- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Cell type: Bone marrow
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Result: equivocal

- Test Type: in vivo assay
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:

- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Benzyl alcohol:

- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    - Species: Mouse
    - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
    - Result: negative

Magnesium oxide:

- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
    - Result: negative
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
    - Result: negative
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
    - Result: negative
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:

- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
  
  - Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
    - Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Species: CHO  
Result: negative

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**  
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
Result: positive

**Genotoxicity in vivo**  
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474  
Result: positive

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment**  
Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

**Carcinogenicity**  
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Oxytetracycline:**

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 104 weeks  
Result: negative

Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 103 weeks  
Result: equivocal  
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Pituitary gland  
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

**Carcinogenicity - Assessment**  
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 103 weeks  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451  
Result: negative
Magnesium oxide:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 96 weeks
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Effects on fertility:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Oxytetracycline:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility, No effect on reproduction capacity, No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 48 mg/kg body weight
Result: Postimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1,325 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 2,100 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Intramuscular
Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 41.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Postimplantation loss., No foetal abnormalities

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Dog
Application Route: Intramuscular
Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 20.75 mg/kg body weight
Result: Skeletal and visceral variations, Postimplantation loss.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

Benzyl alcohol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium oxide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
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Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Sodium [2-([2,6-dichlorophenyl]amino)phenyl]acetate:**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility
- Species: Rat, male and female
- Application Route: Oral
- Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
- Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
- Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

Sodium [2-([2,6-dichlorophenyl]amino)phenyl]acetate:
- Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 207 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 3 Months
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Oxytetracycline:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 198 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Bone
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 7,990 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Bone
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 125 mg/kg
LOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 Months
Target Organs: Testis
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Exposure time: 14 Days
Target Organs: Kidney

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,072 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Magnesium oxide:
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Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 407
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 98 w
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood, lymphatic system, Liver, Prostate

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 12 w
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Baboon
NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 52 w
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Blood
Symptoms: constipation, Diarrhoea

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 600 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Oxytetracycline:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, tooth discoloration
Remarks: May cause birth defects.

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, constipation, heartburn, Ulceration, Dizziness, Headache, Breathing difficulties, Rash
# ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**2-Pyrrolidone:**
- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 4,600 - 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 22.2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 30 min
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Oxytetracycline:**
- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 110 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 621 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 669 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EC50 (Anabaena): 0.032 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  NOEC (Anabaena): 0.0031 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

- **M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)**: 10

- **M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)**: 10

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**: EC50: 17.9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>09/13/2019</td>
<td>1313818-00008</td>
<td>21.05.2019</td>
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**Benzy alcohol:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>NOEC</th>
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<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>0.2 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Toxicity to fish**

| NOEC: 0.2 mg/l | Exposure time: 3 h |
| : | : |

**Method: OECD Test Guideline 209**

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

| EC50 | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) | 230 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 48 h**

**Method: OECD Test Guideline 202**

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

| EC50 | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) | 770 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 72 h**

**Method: OECD Test Guideline 201**

**NOEC**

| NOEC | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) | 310 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 72 h**

**Method: OECD Test Guideline 201**

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**

| NOEC | Daphnia magna (Water flea) | 51 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 21 d**

**Method: OECD Test Guideline 211**

**Magnesium oxide:**

| LL50 | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) | > 100 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 96 h**

**Remarks: Based on data from similar materials**

**Toxicity to fish**

| EL50 | Daphnia magna (Water flea) | > 100 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 48 h**

**Remarks: Based on data from similar materials**

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

| EL50 | Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) | > 100 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 72 h**

**Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction**

**Method: OECD Test Guideline 201**

**Remarks: Based on data from similar materials**

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

| EC50 | > 100 mg/l |
| : | : |

**Exposure time: 3 h**

**Method: OECD Test Guideline 209**

**Remarks: Based on data from similar materials**

**Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:**

| LC50 | Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) | 166.6 mg/l |
| : | : | : |

**Exposure time: 96 h**

**Remarks: Based on data from similar materials**
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 80.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 71.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 49.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.32 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 370 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 13.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): EC10 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC: 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Persistence and degradability

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98 %
Exposure time: 9 d

Benzyl alcohol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %
Exposure time: 14 d

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 77 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2-Pyrrolidone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log \text{Pow} = -0.71 \)

Benzyl alcohol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log \text{Pow} = 1.05 \)

Sodium [2-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)amino]phenyl]acetate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log \text{Pow} = 4.51 \)

Sodium hydroxymethanesulphinate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: \( \log \text{Pow} < 0.3 \)

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
- **UN number**: UN 3082
- **Proper shipping name**: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Oxytetracycline)
- **Class**: 9
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: 9

**IATA-DGR**
- **UN/ID No.**: UN 3082
- **Proper shipping name**: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Oxytetracycline)
- **Class**: 9
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: Miscellaneous
- **Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)**: 964
- **Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)**: 964
- **Environmentally hazardous**: yes

**IMDG-Code**
- **UN number**: UN 3082
- **Proper shipping name**: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Oxytetracycline)
- **Class**: 9
- **Packing group**: III
- **Labels**: 9
- **EmS Code**: F-A, S-F
- **Marine pollutant**: yes

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
- Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations: Not applicable

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations: Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information:

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations:
- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- SG OEL: Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health Act - First Schedule Permissible Exposure Limits of Toxic Substances
- AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECSI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxytetracycline / Diclofenac Liquid Formulation

Version 1.7    Revision Date: 09/13/2019    SDS Number: 1313818-00008    Date of last issue: 21.05.2019

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

SG / EN