1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical product name : Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Supplier’s company name, address and phone number
Company name of supplier : MSD
Address : Kumagaya, Saitama Prefecture , Xicheng 810 MSD Co., Ltd. Menuma factory
Telephone : 048-588-8411
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of chemical product
Flammable liquids : Category 3
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3
Carcinogenicity : Category 2
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Central nervous system)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 3
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).
H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/venting/lighting equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P270 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:
P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse mouth.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Additional Labelling:
The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 5 %

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
Important symptoms and outlines of the emergency assumed:
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Toxic if swallowed. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

Specific hazards during firefighting : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
- If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use
only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Non-sparking tools should be used.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact:
- Oxidizing agents

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Storage:
- Conditions for safe storage:
  - Keep in properly labelled containers.
  - Store locked up.
  - Keep tightly closed.
  - Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
  - Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
  - Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material:
- Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pentobarbital sodium</td>
<td>57-33-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>40µg/m3 (OEB3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>400µg/100cm2</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenytoin sodium</td>
<td>630-93-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 µg/m3 (OEB3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>500 µg/100 cm2</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- **Filter type**: Combined particulates and organic vapour type
- **Hand protection**
  - **Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves
  - **Remarks**: Consider double gloving. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection.
- **Eye protection**
  - Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
  - If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
  - Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
- **Skin and body protection**
  - Work uniform or laboratory coat.
  - Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
  - Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

- **Physical state**: liquid
- **Colour**: pink
- **Odour**: No data available
- **Odour Threshold**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Boiling point, initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (liquids)**: Not applicable
- **Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit**: No data available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Flammable liquid and vapour.
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
Toxic if swallowed.

**Product**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>Acute inhalation toxicity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>estimate: 298.5 mg/kg Method: Calculation method</td>
<td>estimate: &gt; 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Components**

**Pentobarbital sodium**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): 118 mg/kg</th>
<th>LC50 (Rabbit): &gt; 159 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): 239 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): 175 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 (Dog): 65 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Propylene glycol**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rabbit): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 (Dog): 65 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Ethanol**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rabbit): 124.7 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Phenytoin sodium:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 150 - 490 mg/kg

Benzyl alcohol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1.620 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l
    Exposure time: 4 h
    Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Propylene glycol:**
- **Test Type**: Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative

**Ethanol:**
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Result**: negative

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Test Type**: Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result**: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Propylene glycol:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - **Result**: negative

  **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - **Species**: Mouse
  - **Application Route**: Intraperitoneal injection
  - **Result**: negative

**Ethanol:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - **Result**: negative
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - **Result**: negative

  **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: equivocal

Phenytoin sodium:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells
  Result: positive
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: Mammalian bone marrow sister chromatid exchange
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: positive
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Benzyl alcohol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:
Suspected of causing cancer.
Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Phenytoin sodium:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: positive
Target Organs: Liver

Species:
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: positive
Target Organs: Liver

Carcinogenicity - Assessment:
Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

Pentobarbital sodium:
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Propylene glycol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Ethanol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version: 6.0
Revision Date: 2020/03/23
SDS Number: 671672-00013
Date of last issue: 2019/09/13
Date of first issue: 2016/05/12

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Effects on fertility
: Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Fertility: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  Result: positive

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 150 mg/kg body weight
  Result: positive

  Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  Species: Monkey
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, and/or on development, based on animal experiments.

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Effects on fertility
: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

**STOT - single exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system).

Components:

**Pentobarbital sodium:**

Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

**STOT - repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Exposure routes : Ingestion
### Target Organs
**Assessment:** Central nervous system
- Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Propylene glycol:</strong></td>
<td>Rat, male</td>
<td>1,700 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>2 yr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ethanol:</strong></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1,280 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phenytoin sodium:</strong></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>30 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>13 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Benzyl alcohol:</strong></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.072 mg/l</td>
<td>Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
<td>28 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

#### Experience with human exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pentobarbital sodium:</strong></td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>dry mouth, mood swings, Dizziness, Headache, Nausea, central nervous system effects, Sweating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Phenytoin sodium:</strong></td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Nausea, constipation, confusion, Vomiting, central nervous system effects, Dizziness, insomnia, Blood disorders, Liver disorders, Tremors, anorexia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

**Pentobarbital sodium:**
- Toxicity to fish: $LC_{50}$ (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 49.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

**Propylene glycol:**
- Toxicity to fish: $LC_{50}$ (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: $EC_{50}$ (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: $ErC_{50}$ (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l
  Exposure time: 7 d
- Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 18 h

**Ethanol:**
- Toxicity to fish: $LC_{50}$ (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: $EC_{50}$ (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: $ErC_{50}$ (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  $EC_{10}$ (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 9 d
- Toxicity to microorganisms: $EC_{50}$ (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l
  Exposure time: 16 h

**Phenytoin sodium:**

Ecotoxicology Assessment

- Acute aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
- Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98.3 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Ethanol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 84 %
Exposure time: 20 d

Benzyl alcohol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %
Exposure time: 14 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.07

Ethanol:
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>671672-00013</td>
<td>2019/09/13</td>
<td>2016/05/12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

- **Benzyl alcohol:**
  - log Pow: -0.35

- **Mobility in soil:**
  - No data available

### Hazardous to the ozone layer

- Not applicable

### Other adverse effects

- No data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

- **Waste from residues:** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- **Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

- **UN number:** UN 1993
- **Proper shipping name:** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
  (Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)
- **Class:** 3
- **Packing group:** III
- **Labels:** 3

**IATA-DGR**

- **UN/ID No.:** UN 1993
- **Proper shipping name:** Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
  (Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)
- **Class:** 3
- **Packing group:** III
- **Labels:** Flammable Liquids
- **Packing instruction (cargo aircraft):** 366
- **Packing instruction (passenger aircraft):** 355

**IMDG-Code**

- **UN number:** UN 1993
- **Proper shipping name:** FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
  (Ethanol, Pentobarbital sodium)
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>671672-00013</td>
<td>2019/09/13</td>
<td>2016/05/12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Class**: 3

**Packing group**: III

**Labels**: 3

**EmS Code**: F-E, S-E

**Marine pollutant**: no

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations**

Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Related Regulations**

**Fire Service Law**

Designated Flammable Substances, Flammable liquid, (2 cubic metre)

**Chemical Substance Control Law**

Priority Assessment Chemical Substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propane-1,2-diol</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Industrial Safety and Health Law**

**Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture**

Not applicable

**Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture**

Not applicable

**Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health**

Not applicable

**Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity**

Not applicable

**Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity**

Not applicable

**Substances Subject to be Notified Names**

Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>&gt;=10 - &lt;20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Substances Subject to be Indicated Names**

Article 57 (Enforcement Order Article 18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Ethanol | 61

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Organic Solvent Poisoning
Not applicable

Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law - Attached table 1 (Dangerous Substances)
Inflammable Substance

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Not applicable

Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof
Not applicable

High Pressure Gas Safety Act
Not applicable

Explosive Control Law
Not applicable

Vessel Safety Law
Flammable liquids (Article 2 and 3 of rules on shipping and storage of dangerous goods and its Attached Table 1)

Aviation Law
Flammable liquid (Article 194 of The Enforcement Rules of Aviation Law and its Attached Table 1)

Marine Pollution and Sea Disaster Prevention etc Law

Bulk transportation : Noxious liquid substance (Category Z)
Pack transportation : Not classified as marine pollutant

Narcotics and Psychotropics Control Act
Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import Permission)
Not applicable

Specific Narcotic or Psychotropic Raw Material (Export / Import permission)
Not applicable

Waste Disposal and Public Cleansing Law
Specially Controlled Industrial Waste

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pentobarbital Sodium / Phenytoin Formulation

Version 6.0  Revision Date: 2020/03/23  SDS Number: 671672-00013  Date of last issue: 2019/09/13  Date of first issue: 2016/05/12

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format: yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; ICS0 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be
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JP / EN