SAFETY DATA SHEET

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Permethrin (1%) Formulation
Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Skin sensitization : Sub-category 1A
Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : ![Danger symbol]

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P333 + P313 IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common Name/Synonym</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts</td>
<td>No data available</td>
<td>68955-20-4</td>
<td>15.96</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Coconut oil diethanolamide</td>
<td>Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)</td>
<td>68603-42-9</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ethanol#</td>
<td>Ethyl alcohol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>4.56</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>m-phenoxybenzyl 3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>1.02</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>Methyl aldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# Voluntarily-disclosed substance

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Permethrin (1%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>04/04/2023</td>
<td>5544427-00009</td>
<td>10/01/2022</td>
<td>03/19/2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### If inhaled
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- Get medical attention.

### In case of skin contact
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

### In case of eye contact
- In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
- If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
- Get medical attention immediately.

### If swallowed
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye damage.
- May cause cancer.
- This product contains a pyrethroid.
- Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.

### Protection of first-aiders
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

### Notes to physician
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Suitable extinguishing media
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

### Unsuitable extinguishing media
- None known.

### Specific hazards during fire fighting
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

### Hazardous combustion products
- Chlorine compounds
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Sulfur oxides
- Metal oxides

### Specific extinguishing methods
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters
## Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Form of exposure</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ethanol</strong></td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1,000 ppm 1,880 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEV</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Permethrin (ISO)</strong></td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>800 µg/100 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Formaldehyde</strong></td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.75 ppm 0.9 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>1 ppm 1.3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0.3 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>1.5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>2 ppm 3 mg/m³</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0.3 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Engineering measures

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

## Personal protective equipment

### Respiratory protection

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**: Combined particulates, inorganic gas/vapor and organic vapor type

### Hand protection

**Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

### Eye protection

**Remarks**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

### Skin and body protection

**Remarks**: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the
Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid
Color: amber
Odor: No data available
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: 7.3 - 7.7
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: No data available
Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable
Flammability (liquids): No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapor pressure: No data available
Relative vapor density: No data available
Relative density: No data available
Density: 1.025 - 1.035 g/cm³
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version: 3.3  Revision Date: 04/04/2023  SDS Number: 5544427-00009  Date of last issue: 10/01/2022
Date of first issue: 03/19/2020

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Components:

**Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 4,010 mg/kg
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Coconut oil diethanolamide:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Ethanol:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: vapor

**Permethrin (ISO):**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Formaldehyde:**
- Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 100 mg/kg
  - Method: Expert judgment
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 100 ppm
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: gas
  - Method: Expert judgment
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 270 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Formaldehyde:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:
Species: Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

**Formaldehyde:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

**Coconut oil diethanolamide:**
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

**Ethanol:**
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

**Formaldehyde:**
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: positive
Assessment: Probability or evidence of high skin sensitization rate in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: equivocal

Permethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:

- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Formaldehyde:

Genotoxicity in vitro:

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: positive

- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:

- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Inhalation
  Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:

Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

Carcinogenicity:

May cause cancer.
Components:

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat
Result: negative
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Formaldehyde:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (gas)
Exposure time: 28 Months
Result: positive
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Permethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Effects on fetal development:

- **Test Type:** Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Result:** negative

**Formaldehyde:**

Effects on fetal development:

- **Test Type:** Embryo-fetal development
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Inhalation (gas)
- **Result:** negative

**STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

- **Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**
  - **Assessment:** May cause respiratory irritation.

- **Formaldehyde:**
  - **Assessment:** May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

- **Formaldehyde:**
  - **Routes of exposure:** Inhalation (gas)
  - **Assessment:** The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

- **Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**
  - **Species:** Rat
  - **NOAEL:** 428 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL:** 970 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
  - **Exposure time:** 90 Days

- **Coconut oil diethanolamide:**
  - **Species:** Rat
  - **NOAEL:** > 300 mg/kg
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
  - **Exposure time:** 28 Days
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
### Species 
**Species** : Rat 
**NOAEL** : 50 mg/kg 
**Application Route** : Skin contact 
**Exposure time** : 2 y

### Ethanol: 
**Species** : Rat 
**NOAEL** : 1,280 mg/kg 
**LOAEL** : 3,156 mg/kg 
**Application Route** : Ingestion 
**Exposure time** : 90 Days

### Permethrin (ISO): 
**Species** : Rat 
**NOAEL** : 0.2201 mg/l 
**Application Route** : Inhalation 
**Exposure time** : 90 Days 
**Species** : Rat 
**NOAEL** : 175 mg/kg 
**Application Route** : Ingestion 
**Exposure time** : 90 Days

### Formaldehyde: 
**Species** : Rat 
**NOAEL** : 6 ppm 
**LOAEL** : 10 ppm 
**Application Route** : Inhalation (gas) 
**Exposure time** : 28 Days

### Aspiration toxicity 
Not classified based on available information.

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**

- **Toxicity to fish** : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 5.2 mg/l 
  Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates** : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.8 mg/l 
  Exposure time: 48 h 
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants** : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 34 mg/l 
  Exposure time: 72 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic�** : NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.204 mg/l
aqueous invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)  Exposure time: 7 d  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Toxicity to microorganisms  NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): 550 mg/l  Exposure time: 18 h  

Coconut oil diethanolamide:  
Toxicity to fish  LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.4 mg/l  Exposure time: 96 h  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates  EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l  Exposure time: 48 h  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants  ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 - 10 mg/l  Exposure time: 72 h  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 - 10 mg/l  Exposure time: 72 h  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)  NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.01 - 0.1 mg/l  Exposure time: 21 d  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Toxicity to microorganisms  EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 830 mg/l  Exposure time: 16 h  Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8  

Ethanol:  
Toxicity to fish  LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l  Exposure time: 96 h  

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates  EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l  Exposure time: 48 h  

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants  ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l  Exposure time: 72 h  

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l  Exposure time: 72 h  

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)  NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l  Exposure time: 9 d  

Toxicity to microorganisms  EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l  Exposure time: 16 h  


### Permethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Endpoint</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 1.13 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.00041 mg/l Exposure time: 35 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0047 µg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Formaldehyde:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Endpoint</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50: 6.7 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 5.8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 4.89 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): &gt;= 48 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt;= 6.4 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC50: 34.1 mg/l Exposure time: 120 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 30 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

**Coconut oil diethanolamide:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 92.5 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Ethanol:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**Formaldehyde:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 91 % Exposure time: 14 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**Coconut oil diethanolamide:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.75 Remarks: Calculation

**Ethanol:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.35

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570

**Formaldehyde:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.67
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.35
Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Permethrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Permethrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Permethrin (ISO))
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Permethrin (ISO))
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes (Permethrin (ISO))

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / (c) : ceiling occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit
CA ON OEL / C : Ceiling Limit (C)
CA ON OEL / STEL : Short-Term Exposure Limit (STEL)
CA QC OEL / STEL : Short-term exposure value
CA QC OEL / C : Ceiling
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Permethrin (1%) Formulation


Revision Date: 04/04/2023

Date format: mm/dd/yyyy

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8