SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Trade name : Permethrin (1%) Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company : MSD
Kilsheelan
Clonmel Tipperary, IE

Telephone : 353-51-601000

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Serious eye damage, Category 1 : H318: Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1 : H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2 : H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B : H350: May cause cancer.
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 : H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1 : H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Hazard pictograms : 

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350 May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
- P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
- Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts
- Coconut oil diethanolamide
- Permethrin (ISO)
- Formaldehyde

Additional Labelling
- Restricted to professional users.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts</td>
<td>68955-20-4</td>
<td>273-258-7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Flam. Sol. 2; H228 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Permethrin (1%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Specific Concentration Limit</th>
<th>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):</th>
<th>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):</th>
<th>Acute Toxicity Estimate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coconut oil diethanolamide</td>
<td>68603-42-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol#</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 10</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.2 - &lt; 1</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Information:**

- Acute oral toxicity: 480 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 2.3 mg/l
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.
# Voluntarily-disclosed non-hazardous substance
In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Risks: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Chlorine compounds
Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur oxides
Metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions
Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapours. Do not swallow.
Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Explosives
- Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s): No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>OELV - 15 min (STEL)</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>800 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>50-00-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 ppm</td>
<td>2004/37/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.37 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Further information: Dermal sensitisation, Carcinogens or mutagens
|                    |              | STEL                         | 0.6 ppm            | 2004/37/EC|
|                    |              |                              | 0.74 mg/m³         |           |
| Further information: Dermal sensitisation, Carcinogens or mutagens
|                    |              | OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)           | 0.3 ppm            | IE OEL    |
|                    |              |                              | 0.37 mg/m³         |           |
Further information: Chemical agents which following exposure may cause sensitisation of the respiratory tract and lead to asthma, rhinitis or extrinsic allergic alveolitis, Carc 1B - Substances presumed to have carcinogenic potential for humans.

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol castor oil</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>16.4 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>4.67 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>2.9 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>1.67 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>1.67 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>285 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>4060 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>85 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>2440 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>24 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>950 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>343 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>114 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>206 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>87 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>9 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>0.375 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>240 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute local effects</td>
<td>0.75 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Permethrin (1%) Formulation

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol castor oil</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.000 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Freshwater - intermittent</td>
<td>0.0661 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.000 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water - intermittent</td>
<td>0.00661 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>0.0129 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>0.00129 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.00258 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.02 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.002 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>550 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>6.75 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>0.675 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>1.35 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.96 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Freshwater - intermittent</td>
<td>2.75 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.79 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>580 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>3.6 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>2.9 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.63 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral (Secondary Poisoning)</td>
<td>380 mg/kg food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.44 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.44 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>4.44 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>0.19 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>2.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>2.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.2 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Hand protection**

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

**Skin and body protection**

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Equipment should conform to I.S. EN 14387

Filter type: Combined particulates, inorganic gas/vapour and organic vapour type (AB-P)

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid

Colour: amber

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Flammability (liquids): No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version 2.3
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 5558017-00005
Date of last issue: 18.03.2021
Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

9.2 Other information
Explosives : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Evaporation rate : No data available
Molecular weight : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,010 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Ethanol:
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version 2.3
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 5558017-00005
Date of last issue: 18.03.2021
Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Permethrin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg
Acute toxicity estimate: 480 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute toxicity estimate: 2.3 mg/l
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Formaldehyde:

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 100 mg/kg
Method: Expert judgement

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 100 ppm
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas
Method: Expert judgement

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 270 mg/kg
Acute toxicity estimate: 270 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Ethanol:**
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

**Formaldehyde:**
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Coconut oil diethanolamide:**
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Ethanol:**
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

**Formaldehyde:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Permethrin (ISO):
Test Type: Buehler Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: positive
Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Formaldehyde:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: positive
Assessment: Probability or evidence of high skin sensitisation rate in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: positive
Germ cell mutagenicity Assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

Ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: equivocal

Permethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Formaldehyde:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Components:

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Species : Rat
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative
Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Permethrin (ISO):
Species : Rat
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Formaldehyde:
Species : Rat
Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 28 Months
Result : positive

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Ethanol:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Permethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Formaldehyde:
Effects on foetal development:
  Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: inhalation (gas)
  Result: negative

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Formaldehyde:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Formaldehyde:
Exposure routes: inhalation (gas)
Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 428 mg/kg
LOAEL: 970 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 750 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,280 mg/kg
LOAEL: 3,156 mg/kg
Permethrin (1%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Permethrin (ISO):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>0.2201 mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>175 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Formaldehyde:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>6 ppm</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
<td>Inhalation (gas)</td>
<td>28 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

**Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 34 mg/l
### Permethrin (1%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plants</th>
<th>Exposure time: 72 h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Toxicity to microorganisms | NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): 550 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 18 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | NOEC: 0.204 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 7 d  
| | Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)  
| | Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

### Coconut oil diethanolamide:

| Toxicity to fish | LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): 6.7 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 96 h  
| | Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.15 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | EC50 (Scenedesmus subspicatus): 2.2 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 72 h  
| | NOEC (Scenedesmus subspicatus): 0.32 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 72 h |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | NOEC: 0.32 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 28 d  
| | Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)  
| | Method: OECD Test Guideline 204  
| | Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | NOEC: 0.07 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 21 d  
| | Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)  
| | Method: OECD Test Guideline 211  
| | Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

### Ethanol:

| Toxicity to fish | LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 96 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 72 h  
| | EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 72 h |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l  
| | Exposure time: 16 h |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other | NOEC: 9.6 mg/l |
Permethrin (ISO):
Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.13 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10,000

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 0.00041 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: 0.0047 µg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10,000

Formaldehyde:
Toxicity to fish:
LC50: 6.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 4.89 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: 34.1 mg/l
Exposure time: 120 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC: >= 48 mg/l
Permethrin (1%) Formulation

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sulfuric acid, mono-C16-18-alkyl esters, sodium salts:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 77 %
Exposure time: 30 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 84 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Ethanol:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 84 %
Exposure time: 20 d

Permethrin (ISO):
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Formaldehyde:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 91 %
Exposure time: 14 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Coconut oil diethanolamide:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.2
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethanol:
Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -0.35
Permethrin (1%) Formulation

octanol/water

**Permethrin (ISO):**
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.67

**Formaldehyde:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.35

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:**
Assessment: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:**
Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product:**
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

**Contaminated packaging:**
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

**ADN:** UN 3082
# Permethrin (1%) Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>27.08.2021</td>
<td>5558017-00005</td>
<td>18.03.2021</td>
<td>19.03.2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**14.2 UN proper shipping name**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Permethrin (ISO))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Permethrin (ISO))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Permethrin (ISO))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Permethrin (ISO))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Permethrin (ISO))</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**14.4 Packing group**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>Packing group : III, Classification Code : M6, Hazard Identification Number : 90, Labels : 9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADR</td>
<td>Packing group : III, Classification Code : M6, Hazard Identification Number : 90, Labels : 9, Tunnel restriction code : (-)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RID</td>
<td>Packing group : III, Classification Code : M6, Hazard Identification Number : 90, Labels : 9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IMDG
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3 Formaldehyde (Number on list 72, 28)
Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version 2.3  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 5558017-00005  Date of last issue: 18.03.2021  Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast): Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals: Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV): Not applicable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E1</th>
<th>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</th>
<th>Quantity 1</th>
<th>Quantity 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 t</td>
<td>200 t</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.
Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H221: Flammable gas.
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H228: Flammable solid.
H301: Toxic if swallowed.
H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318: Causes serious eye damage.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H330: Fatal if inhaled.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version 2.3
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 5558017-00005
Date of last issue: 18.03.2021
Date of first issue: 19.03.2020

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.
H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H341 : Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350 : May cause cancer.
H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Gas. : Flammable gases
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Flam. Sol. : Flammable solids
Muta. : Germ cell mutagenicity
Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2004/37/EC : Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work
IE OEL : Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1
2004/37/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit
2004/37/EC / TWA : Long term exposure limit
IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)
IE OEL / OELV - 15 min (STEL) : Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Speci-
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Permethrin (1%) Formulation

Version 2.3  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 5558017-00005  Date of last issue: 18.03.2021

Classification of the mixture:

- Eye Dam. 1 H318 Calculation method
- Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method
- Muta. 2 H341 Calculation method
- Carc. 1B H350 Calculation method
- Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Calculation method
- Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Calculation method

Further information:

Classification procedure:

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

IE / EN