SAFETY DATA SHEET

Permethrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Version: 2.8  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 677287-00014  Date of last issue: 30.04.2021
Date of first issue: 16.05.2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Permethrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company: MSD
Address: Talcahuano 750, 6th floor, Ciudad Autonoma Buenos Aires, Argentina C1013AAP
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Skin sensitization: Category 1
Aspiration hazard: Category 1
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms: 

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
Response:
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable extinguishing media**
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
- None known.

**Specific hazards during fire fighting**
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products**
- Chlorine compounds
- Carbon oxides

**Specific extinguishing methods**
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

**SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions**
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items
employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to
determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding
certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE
CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure
assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic</td>
<td>64741-89-5</td>
<td>CMP (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CMP - CPT (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64741-88-4</td>
<td>CMP (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CMP - CPT (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>800 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>4 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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| propylpiperonyl ether |

**Engineering measures:**
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection:**
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type:**
Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection:**
Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks:**
Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

**Eye protection:**
Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety glasses

**Skin and body protection:**
Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

**Hygiene measures:**
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:**
liquid

**Color:**
amber

**Odor:**
odorless

**Odor Threshold:**
No data available

**pH:**
No data available

**Melting point/freezing point:**
No data available

**Initial boiling point and boiling range:**
No data available

**Flash point:**
No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : < 2 mmHg (25 °C)
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 0.885 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : negligible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : 40 mPa.s
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
 Molecular weight : No data available
 Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - Acute toxicity estimate: > 5.000 mg/kg
  - Method: Calculation method

- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: Calculation method

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
- Acute oral toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Acute inhalation toxicity:
  - LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Acute dermal toxicity:
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 2,3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5,2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive
Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Test Type : Maximization Test
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<td>27.08.2021</td>
<td>677287-00014</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Result: negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Mouse  
Result: negative

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)  
Species: Mouse  
Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:  
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:  
Species : Mouse, female  
Application Route : Skin contact  
Exposure time : 18 Months  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451  
Result : negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:  
Species : Mouse  
Application Route : Skin contact  
Exposure time : 78 weeks  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451  
Result : negative  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Result: negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 107 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Permethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.
STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: 1.000 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 980 mg/m³
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: 1.000 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 980 mg/m³
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.2201 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 90 Days

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 175 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.323 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 7 Weeks
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Aspiration toxicity
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Product:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:

Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
### Remarks:
Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Endpoint</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>NOEC (mg/l)</th>
<th>EC50 (mg/l)</th>
<th>ER50 (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Permethrin</em> (ISO)</td>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>0.00079 mg/l</td>
<td>3.94 mg/l</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>0.0001 mg/l</td>
<td>0.51 mg/l</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>0.00023 mg/l</td>
<td>0.13 mg/l</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.00041 mg/l</td>
<td>35 d</td>
<td>0.00041 mg/l</td>
<td>0.041 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0047 µg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>0.0047 µg/l</td>
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<tr>
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<td>M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1.000 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>&gt; 1.000 mg/l</td>
<td>1.000 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Endpoint</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>NOEC (mg/l)</th>
<th>EC50 (mg/l)</th>
<th>ER50 (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3.94 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>3.94 mg/l</td>
<td>3.94 mg/l</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>0.51 mg/l</td>
<td>0.51 mg/l</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>3.89 mg/l</td>
<td>3.89 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.824 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
  NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.18 mg/l
  Exposure time: 35 d

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
  NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d

- M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

- Toxicity to microorganisms:
  EC50: > 1.000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:**

- Biodegradability:
  Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 4 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:**

- Biodegradability:
  Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 2 - 4 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Permethrin (ISO):**

- Biodegradability:
  Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:**

- Biodegradability:
  Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 0 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.67

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Permethrin (ISO), 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Permethrin (ISO), 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes
IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Permethrin (ISO), 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry : Not applicable
Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
AR OEL : Argentina. Occupational Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.