# SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

## Permethrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>2020/10/10</td>
<td>677253-00009</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2016/05/16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Permethrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

**Manufacturer or supplier’s details**

- **Company**: MSD
- **Address**: No. 485 Jing Tai Road, Pu Tuo District - Shanghai - China 200331
- **Telephone**: 908-740-4000
- **Emergency telephone number**: 86-571-87268110
- **E-mail address**: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Recommended use : Veterinary product

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appearance</th>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Odour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>liquid</td>
<td>amber</td>
<td>odourless</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**GHS Classification**

- **Skin sensitisation** : Category 1
- **Aspiration hazard** : Category 1
- **Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard** : Category 1
- **Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard** : Category 1

**GHS label elements**

- **Hazard pictograms**
- **Signal word**: Danger
- **Hazard statements**
  - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
  - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  - H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
- P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves.

**Response:**
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Physical and chemical hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Health hazards
- May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Environmental hazards
- Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
- None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic</td>
<td>64741-89-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 70 - &lt; 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64741-88-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propyipiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES
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General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Chlorine compounds
Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact:
Oxidizing agents

Storage
Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material:
Unsuitable material: None known.
## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic</td>
<td>64741-89-5</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64741-88-4</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permethrin (ISO)</td>
<td>52645-53-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>80 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye/face protection</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 800 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether</td>
<td>51-03-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>4 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

### Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

- **Filter type**: Combined particulates and organic vapour type

#### Eye/face protection

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

- Safety glasses

#### Skin and body protection

Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

#### Hand protection

- **Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Hygiene measures

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>amber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>odourless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>&lt; 2 mmHg (25 °C)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>0.885 g/cm³</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, dynamic</td>
<td>40 mPa.s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
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Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 480 - 554 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 2.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
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### Permethrin (ISO):
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No skin irritation

### 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result**: No skin irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation

#### Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

#### Permethrin (ISO):
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation

#### 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
- **Test Type**: Buehler Test
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result**: negative
Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined light paraffinic:
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: positive
- Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
- Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative
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**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Permethrin (ISO):**

**Genotoxicity in vitro:**
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: positive

**Genotoxicity in vivo:**
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  - Species: Mous
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: positive

**Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:**
- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro:**
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Species: Mouse, female
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 18 Months
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 78 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Permethrin (ISO):
Species: Rat
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Result: negative

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 107 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Permethrin (ISO):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Effects on foetal development:  
Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:  
Effects on fertility:  
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:  
Species: Rabbit  
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 4 Weeks  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat  
NOAEL: > 980 mg/m3  
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 4 Weeks  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:  
Species: Rabbit  
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Skin contact  
Exposure time: 4 Weeks  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat  
NOAEL: > 980 mg/m3  
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Permethrin (ISO):**
- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 0.2201 mg/l
- **Application Route:** Inhalation
- **Exposure time:** 90 Days

**Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 175 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 90 Days

**2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:**
- **Species:** Rat
- **NOAEL:** 1,323 mg/kg
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 7 Weeks

**Aspiration toxicity**
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Product:**
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**Components:**
- **Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:**
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**
- **Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:**

  **Toxicity to fish**
  - LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

  **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - LL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

  **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

**Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:**

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms

NOEC: > 1.93 mg/l
Exposure time: 10 min
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Permethrin (ISO):**

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00079 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0001 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.13 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0023 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)

10,000

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.00041 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
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Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0047 µg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):

- 10,000

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 3 h

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:

Toxicity to fish:

- LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 3.94 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.89 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.824 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):

- 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.18 mg/l
- Exposure time: 35 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.03 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):

- 1

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic:

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 4%
  Exposure time: 28 d
Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic:
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 2 - 4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Permethrin (ISO):
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Permethrin (ISO):
Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 570

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.67

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 5

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Permethrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

Version: 2.7
Revision Date: 2020/10/10
SDS Number: 677253-00009
Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2016/05/16

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Permethrin (ISO), 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Permethrin (ISO), 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Permethrin (ISO), 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

GB 6944/12268
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(Permethrin (ISO), 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information
Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Notation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
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<td>not determined</td>
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<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td></td>
<td>not determined</td>
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</table>

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Date format: yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

Abbreviations:
AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evalua-
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Permethrin / Piperonyl Butoxide Formulation

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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