SAFETY DATA SHEET
Phenylbutazone Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Phenylbutazone Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Combustible dust

Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 4
Eye irritation: Category 2A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements:
If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
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P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Phenylbutazone</td>
<td>50-33-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Silicon, amorphous</td>
<td>112945-52-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ascorbic acid</td>
<td>50-81-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled:
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact:
Wash with water and soap.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact:
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed:
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
Harmful if swallowed.
Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

None known.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Use only with adequate ventilation.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phenylbutazone</td>
<td>50-33-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>300 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon, amorphous</td>
<td>112945-52-5</td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>20 Million particles per cubic foot (Silica)</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>80 mg/m³ / %SiO2 (Silica)</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>6 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ascorbic acid</td>
<td>50-81-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 µg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**
- Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
- Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
- Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.
- Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
- General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air...
supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety goggles

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: paste

Color: white

Odor: citrus

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: Not applicable

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids): No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper: No data available
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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact
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Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,225 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Phenylbutazone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 245 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 238 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): 332 mg/kg

Silicon, amorphous:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ascorbic acid:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Silicon, amorphous:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ascorbic acid:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
### Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phenylbutazone</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 405</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon, amorphous</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 405</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ascorbic acid</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 405</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ascorbic acid</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Maurer optimisation test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phenylbutazone</th>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</th>
<th>Result: negative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro</td>
<td>Result: positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mammalian cells</td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Chromosomal aberration</td>
<td>Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**Silicon, amorphous:**
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Ascorbic acid:**
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Phenylbutazone:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 103 weeks
- Result: positive

- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 103 weeks
- Result: positive

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Silicon, amorphous:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 103 weeks
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ascorbic acid:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Phenylbutazone:
- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL: 42 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: negative

  Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Ingestion
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<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.1</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Ingestion
Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight

Silicon, amorphous:
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ascorbic acid:
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Phenylbutazone:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Kidney
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 150 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks

Silicon, amorphous:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.3 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
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Ascorbic acid:
Species: Rat, male
NOAEL: >= 8,100 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Phenylbutazone:
Ecotoxicology Assessment
Acute aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic effects cannot be excluded

Silicon, amorphous:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l
   Exposure time: 96 h
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
   Exposure time: 24 h
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000 mg/l
   Exposure time: 72 h
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

   NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10,000 mg/l
   Exposure time: 72 h
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ascorbic acid:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l
   Exposure time: 96 h
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: 140 mg/l
   Exposure time: 16 h
   Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8
**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Ascorbic acid:**
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 97%
  - Exposure time: 5 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Phenylbutazone:**
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.16

**Ascorbic acid:**
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.85

**Mobility in soil**
No data available

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

---

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods**

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
- Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
- If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

---

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
- Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR**
- Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code**
- Not regulated as a dangerous good

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
- Not applicable for product as supplied.

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49 CFR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards:
- Combustible dust
- Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313:
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- Fats and Glyceridic oils, sesame: 8008-74-0
- Phenylbutazone: 50-33-9
- Silicon, amorphous: 112945-52-5

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- Silicon, amorphous: 112945-52-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
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<thead>
<tr>
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<td>05/12/2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NFPA 704:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Instability</th>
<th>Special hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HMIS® IV:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/ 2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

### Full text of other abbreviations

- **NIOSH REL**: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
- **OSHA Z-3**: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
- **NIOSH REL / TWA**: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
- **OSHA Z-3 / TWA**: 8-hour time weighted average

**Abbreviations**

- AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials
- bw - Body weight
- CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
- CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
- DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- DOT - Department of Transportation
- DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- ECx - Concentration associated with x% response
- EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance
- ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response
- EmS - Emergency Schedule
- ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
- ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response
- ERG - Emergency Response Guide
- GHS - Globally Harmonized System
- GLP - Good Laboratory Practice
- HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
- IATA - International Air Transport Association
- BC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization
- IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
- IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO - International Maritime Organization
- ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
- ISO - International Organisation for Standardization
- KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
- MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration
- n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified
- NFPA - National Fire Protection Association
- NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate
- OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
- PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substances
- PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship
- RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
- REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concern-
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Date of first issue: 05/12/2016

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

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