SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
  Trade name : Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
  Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
  Company : MSD
             Kilsheelan
             Clonmel Tipperary, IE

  Telephone : 353-51-601000

  E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
  +1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

  Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
  Skin sensitisation, Category 1 : H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A : H360D: May damage the unborn child.
  Effects on or via lactation : H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.
  Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 : H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
  Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1 : H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

  Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
  Hazard pictograms : 
  Signal word : Danger
  Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
                    H360D May damage the unborn child.
                    H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
                    H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
- Neomycin, sulfate (salt)
- Tetracycline hydrochloride

**2.3 Other hazards**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.2 Mixtures**

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neomycin, sulfate (salt)</td>
<td>1405-10-3</td>
<td>Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Brpr. 2; H361d STOT RE 2; H373 (Kidney, inner ear) Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>215-773-1</td>
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</table>

Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 07.01.2016
### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
If in eyes, rinse well with water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed:
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Risks:
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- May damage the unborn child.
- May cause harm to breast-fed children.
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
- Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Chlorine compounds
- Metal oxides
- Sulphur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.
**Specific extinguishing methods**: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

---

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- **Personal precautions**: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 **Environmental precautions**

- **Environmental precautions**: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 **Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

- **Methods for cleaning up**: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 **Reference to other sections**

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

---

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1 **Precautions for safe handling**

- **Technical measures**: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

- **Local/Total ventilation**: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formula-
tion

Advice on safe handling :
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-
assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
environment.

Hygiene measures :
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye
flushing systems and safety showers close to the working
place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated
work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of
engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment,
appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,
industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the
use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage
areas and containers :
Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep
tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national
regulations.

Advice on common storage :
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s) :
No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupational Exposure Limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin waxes and</td>
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</table>
Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

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### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Engineering measures
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye protection**
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Hand protection**
- Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Skin and body protection**
- Material: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- Equipment should conform to EN 143

**Filter type**: Particulates type (P)

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical state**: powder
**Colour**: No data available
**Odour**: No data available
### Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<td>Date of first issue</td>
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<td>Odour Threshold</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.</td>
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<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
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<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 9.2 Other information

- **Explosives**: Not explosive
- **Oxidizing properties**: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not applicable
Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Possible hazardous reactions:
- May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid:
- Heat, flames and sparks.
- Avoid dust formation.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid:
- Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 2.880 mg/kg
  LD50 (Rat): 2.750 mg/kg

- Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
  LD50 (Rat): 633 mg/kg
  Application Route: Subcutaneous

  LD50 (Mouse): 116 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal

  LD50 (Mouse): 27.6 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intravenous

  LD50 (Mouse): 275 mg/kg
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**Application Route:** Subcutaneous

**Tetracycline hydrochloride:**
- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): 6.443 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 2.759 mg/kg
- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):**
  - LD50 (Rat): 128 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 157 mg/kg

**Prednisolone:**
- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Mouse): 1.680 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Rat): > 3.857 mg/kg
- **Acute inhalation toxicity:** Remarks: No data available
- **Acute dermal toxicity:** Remarks: No data available
- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):**
  - LD50 (Rat): 147 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 767 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Neomycin, sulfate (salt):**
- **Species:** Rabbit
- **Result:** Mild skin irritation

**Tetracycline hydrochloride:**
- **Remarks:** No data available

**Prednisolone:**
- **Remarks:** No data available

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Neomycin, sulfate (salt):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Remarks: No data available

Prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Humans
Result: positive

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Remarks: No data available

Prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: positive

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Result: negative

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Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Cytogenic assay
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Result: negative

**Tetracycline hydrochloride:**
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Cytogenic assay
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

**Prednisolone:**
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Species: Humans
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Neomycin, sulfate (salt):**
Species: Rat
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 W
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 W
Result: negative

Prednisolone:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Components:
Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 275 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects, No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 6 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight
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</tbody>
</table>

**Result:** No effects on fertility

**Effects on foetal development**
- **Test Type:** Development
- **Result:** Embryo-foetal toxicity, Specific developmental abnormalities, Skeletal malformations

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**
- **Studies indicating a hazard to babies during the lactation period, May damage the unborn child.**

**prednisolone:**

**Effects on fertility**
- **Test Type:** Fertility/early embryonic development
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Subcutaneous
- **Fertility:** NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** No effects on fertility

**Effects on foetal development**
- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Oral
- **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 0,5 mg/kg body weight
- **Result:** Malformations were observed, Cleft palate

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Neomycin, sulfate (salt):**
- **Target Organs**
  - Kidney, inner ear
- **Assessment**
  - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- **Remarks**
  - Based on human experience.
Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Exposure routes: Oral
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Nervous system, Skin, Teeth
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prednisolone:
Target Organs: Bone marrow, Adrenal gland, Liver
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 14 d
Target Organs: Kidney

Species: Guinea pig
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
Exposure time: 30 - 60 Weeks
Target Organs: ear

Species: Guinea pig
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 d
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Guinea pig
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 34 d

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 24 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
Exposure time: 30 d
Target Organs: Kidney

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 25 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 84 Weeks
Target Organs: ear
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Symptoms: hearing loss
Remarks: mortality observed

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 90 d
Target Organs: Kidney

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 625 mg/kg
LOAEL: 1.250 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 13 W
Target Organs: Liver
Symptoms: Reduced body weight

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 3.750 mg/kg
LOAEL: 7.500 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 13 W
Symptoms: Reduced body weight

Prednisolone:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 63 Days
Target Organs: Bone marrow

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Weeks
Target Organs: Adrenal gland

Species: Rabbit
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Not applicable
11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Skin contact: Symptoms: Sensitisation
Remarks: May irritate skin.

Eye contact: Remarks: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, tinnitus, hearing loss, Loss of balance

Tetracycline hydrochloride:

Ingestion: Target Organs: Teeth
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Liver effects, skin rash, central nervous system effects
Remarks: May cause sensitisation of susceptible persons. May cause photosensitisation.
Based on Human Evidence

Prednisolone:

Ingestion: Symptoms: sodium retention, Headache, Vertigo, fluid retention, subcutaneous bleeding, striae, skin atrophy, menstrual irregularities

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 72 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

LC50 (Americamysis): 39 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

- **EC50** (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0,00075 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **NOEC** (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0,0003 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **EC50** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,0099 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **NOEC** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,0022 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):** 1.000

#### Toxicity to microorganisms

- **EC50** (Natural microorganism): 107,6 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

- **EC10** (Natural microorganism): 2,8 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):** 10

#### Tetracycline hydrochloride:

- **EC50** (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 6,2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

- **NOEC** (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 2,5 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

- **EC50** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3,31 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

- **NOEC** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,032 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

- **EC50** (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0,09 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 7 d

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):** 10
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

Version 3.7   Revision Date: 27.08.2021   SDS Number: 443940-00016   Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 07.01.2016

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: 0.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

Prednisolone:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 85 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 160 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0.23 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d
Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
Biodegradation: 50 %
Exposure time: 1.2 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < -2

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.37
pH: 7

Prednisolone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.46
12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:**
**Assessment:** This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:**
**Assessment:** The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
**Product:** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

**Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

**ADN** : UN 3077
**ADR** : UN 3077
**RID** : UN 3077
**IMDG** : UN 3077
**IATA** : UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADN** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,
Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

N.O.S. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)

**ADR**
: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)

**RID**
: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)

**IMDG**
: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)

**IATA**
: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

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<td>ADR</td>
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<td>: 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
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</table>

14.4 Packing group

**ADN**
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

**ADR**
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

**RID**
Packing group : III
Classification Code : M7
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

**IMDG**
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

**IATA (Cargo)**
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
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14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Not applicable
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). : Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast) : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parlia-
SAFETY DATA SHEET  
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable. Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to use or be exposed to the product professionally. Young people above the age of 15 are, however, except from this rule if the product is a necessary part of their education.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-statements
H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360D: May damage the unborn child.
H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373*: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations
- Acute Tox.: Acute toxicity
- Aquatic Acute: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
- Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
- Lact.: Effects on or via lactation
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- **Repr.** : Reproductive toxicity
- **Skin Sens.** : Skin sensitisation
- **STOT RE** : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
- **FOR-2011-12-06-1358** : Norway. Occupational Exposure limits
- **FOR-2011-12-06-1358 / TWA** : Long term exposure limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Further information

### Classification of the mixture:

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<td>Calculation method</td>
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### Classification of the mixture:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Skin Sens. 1</th>
<th>H317</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 1A</td>
<td>H360D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lact.</td>
<td>H362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute 1</td>
<td>H400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculation method
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.