SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

Version 6.6  Revision Date: 08/27/2021  SDS Number: 407520-00014  Date of last issue: 08/25/2020
Date of first issue: 01/07/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATSTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Combustible dust
Skin sensitization: Category 1
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A

Effects on or via lactation
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2 (Kidney, inner ear)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Gastrointestinal tract, Nervous system, Skin, Teeth)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Nervous system, Skin, Teeth) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Precautionary Statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

**Response:**
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage:**
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes</td>
<td>8002-74-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 70 - &lt; 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neomycin, sulfate (salt)</td>
<td>1405-10-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetracycline hydrochloride</td>
<td>64-75-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>prednisolone</td>
<td>50-24-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
### If inhaled
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- Get medical attention.

### In case of skin contact
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

### In case of eye contact
- If in eyes, rinse well with water.
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### If swallowed
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- May damage the unborn child.
- May cause harm to breast-fed children.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
- Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

### Protection of first-aiders
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

### Notes to physician
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>Water spray</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol-resistant foam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon dioxide (CO2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry chemical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Unsuitable extinguishing media | None known. |

| Specific hazards during fire fighting | Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous combustion products</th>
<th>Carbon oxides</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorine compounds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metal oxides</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur oxides</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Specific extinguishing methods | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area. |

| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. |
SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
- Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures
- Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
- Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation
- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling
- Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe dust.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
- Keep container closed when not in use.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
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Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes</td>
<td>8002-74-2</td>
<td>TWA (Fumes)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ (TWA)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neomycin, sulfate (salt)</td>
<td>1405-10-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (TWA)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³ (TWA)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetracycline hydrochloride</td>
<td>64-75-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.5 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prednisolone</td>
<td>50-24-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air
supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:

Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures:

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder

Color: No data available

Odor: No data available

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: Not applicable

Evaporation rate: Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies) : No data available
- Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity : Not applicable
- Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

 Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,600 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 2,880 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 2,750 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 633 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
LD50 (Mouse): 116 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 27.6 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 275 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

Magnesium stearate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Tetracycline hydrochloride:**

Acute oral toxicity:  
LD50 (Rat): 6,443 mg/kg  
LD50 (Mouse): 2,759 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):  
LD50 (Rat): 128 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous  
LD50 (Mouse): 157 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intravenous

**Prednisolone:**

Acute oral toxicity:  
LD50 (Mouse): 1,680 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rat): > 3,857 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:  
Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity:  
Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):  
LD50 (Rat): 147 mg/kg  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
LD50 (Mouse): 767 mg/kg  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Skin corrosion/irritation:**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:**

Species: Rabbit  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404  
Result: No skin irritation

**Neomycin, sulfate (salt):**

Species: Rabbit  
Result: Mild skin irritation

**Magnesium stearate:**

Species: Rabbit  
Result: No skin irritation  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Tetracycline hydrochloride:**

Remarks: No data available
prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Remarks: No data available

prednisolone:
Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Humans
Result: positive
**Magnesium stearate:**
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Tetracycline hydrochloride:**
- **Remarks**: No data available

**Prednisolone:**
- **Remarks**: No data available

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - **Species**: Mouse
  - **Application Route**: Intraperitoneal injection
  - **Result**: negative
  - **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Neomycin, sulfate (salt):**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - **Test system**: Chinese hamster ovary cells
    - **Result**: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
    - **Test system**: Human lymphocytes
    - **Result**: positive
  - Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
    - **Result**: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Cytogenetic assay
  - **Species**: Mouse
  - **Cell type**: Bone marrow
  - **Application Route**: Intravenous injection
Magnesium stearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Cytogenetic assay
  Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
  Result: negative

  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
  Result: negative

Prednisolone:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
  Result: negative

  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Species: Humans
  Result: negative
Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Species: Rat
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 W
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 W
Result: negative

Prednisolone:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Result: negative

IARC
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Components:

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
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Species: Rat  Application Route: Ingestion  Result: negative  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  Species: Rat  Application Route: Skin contact  Result: negative  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  Species: Rat  Application Route: Oral  General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight  Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  Species: Rat  Application Route: Oral  Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL: 275 mg/kg body weight  Result: No adverse effects., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development  Species: Rat  Application Route: Subcutaneous  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 6 mg/kg body weight  Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Magnesium stearate:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  Species: Rat  Application Route: Ingestion  Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  Result: negative  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  Species: Rat  Application Route: Ingestion  Result: negative  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Tetracycline hydrochloride:

Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>08/27/2021</td>
<td>407520-00014</td>
<td>08/25/2020</td>
<td>01/07/2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Species:** Rat  
  - **Application Route:** Oral  
  - **Fertility:** NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Result:** No effects on fertility.

- **Effects on fetal development**  
  - **Test Type:** Development  
  - **Result:** Embryo-fetal toxicity, Specific developmental abnormalities, Skeletal malformations.

- **Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**  
  - **Species:** Rat  
  - **Application Route:** Oral  
  - **Fertility:** NOAEL: 400 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Result:** No effects on fertility.

- **Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**  
  - **Species:** Mouse  
  - **Application Route:** Oral  
  - **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Result:** Malformations were observed, Cleft palate.

- **Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**  
  - **Species:** Rat  
  - **Application Route:** Oral  
  - **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Result:** decreased blood formation.

- **Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**  
  - **Species:** Rat  
  - **Application Route:** Subcutaneous  
  - **Developmental Toxicity:** NOAEL: 25 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Result:** No effects on fetal development.

- **STOT-single exposure**  
  - Not classified based on available information.

- **STOT-repeated exposure**  
  - May cause damage to organs (Kidney, inner ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
  - May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal tract, Nervous system, Skin, Teeth) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

### Components:

- **Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:**
  - **Routes of exposure:** Ingestion
  - **Assessment:** No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.
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Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Target Organs: Kidney, inner ear
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Remarks: Based on human experience.

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Routes of exposure: Oral
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Nervous system, Skin, Teeth
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prednisolone:
Target Organs: Bone marrow, Adrenal gland, Liver
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 14 d
Target Organs: Kidney

Species: Guinea pig
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
Exposure time: 30 - 60 Weeks
Target Organs: ear

Species: Guinea pig
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 d
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Guinea pig
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subcutaneous</td>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>24 mg/kg</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
<td>30 d</td>
<td>Kidney</td>
<td>hearing loss</td>
<td>mortality observed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>25 mg/kg</td>
<td>oral (feed)</td>
<td>84 Weeks</td>
<td>ear</td>
<td>hearing loss</td>
<td>mortality observed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dog</td>
<td>20 mg/kg</td>
<td>Subcutaneous</td>
<td>90 d</td>
<td>Kidney</td>
<td>hearing loss</td>
<td>mortality observed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Magnesium stearate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tetracycline hydrochloride:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Target Organs</th>
<th>Symptoms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>625 mg/kg</td>
<td>1,250 mg/kg</td>
<td>oral (feed)</td>
<td>13 W</td>
<td>Liver</td>
<td>Reduced body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>3,750 mg/kg</td>
<td>7,500 mg/kg</td>
<td>oral (feed)</td>
<td>13 W</td>
<td>Liver</td>
<td>Reduced body weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Prednisolone:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>0.6 mg/kg</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>63 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Target Organs: Bone marrow
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Weeks
Target Organs: Adrenal gland

Species: Rabbit
LOAEL: 1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Skin contact: Symptoms: Sensitization
Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact: Remarks: May cause eye irritation.
Ingestion: Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea, tinnitus, hearing loss, Loss of balance

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Ingestion: Target Organs: Teeth
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea, Liver effects, skin rash, central nervous system effects
Remarks: May cause sensitization of susceptible persons. May cause photosensitization.
Based on Human Evidence

Prednisolone:
Ingestion: Symptoms: sodium retention, Headache, Vertigo, fluid retention, subcutaneous bleeding, striae, skin atrophy, menstrual irregularities

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 72 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
LC50 (Americamysis): 39 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.00075 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.0003 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0099 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.0022 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50 (Natural microorganism): 107.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
EC10 (Natural microorganism): 2.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Magnesium stearate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l
Method: DIN 38412
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 47 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Tetracycline hydrochloride:

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 6.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 2.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.31 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.032 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 0.09 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: 0.08 mg/l
- Exposure time: 3 h
- Test Type: Respiration inhibition
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Prednisolone:**

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 85 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 160 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 160 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.23 mg/l
- Exposure time: 7 d

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:**

Biodegradability:
- Result: Not readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 31 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Neomycin, sulfate (salt):**

Biodegradability:
- Result: rapidly degradable
- Biodegradation: 50 %
- Exposure time: 1.2 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

**Magnesium stearate:**

Biodegradability:
- Result: Not biodegradable
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
- log Pow: 5.3 - 6.7
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Neomycin, sulfate (salt):
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: < -2

Magnesium stearate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: > 4

Tetracycline hydrochloride:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.37 pH: 7

Prednisolone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.46

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passen- : 956
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

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SDS Number: 407520-00014
Date of last issue: 08/25/2020
Date of first issue: 01/07/2016

Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: CLASS 9
ERG Code: 171
Marine pollutant: yes (Neomycin, sulfate (salt), Tetracycline hydrochloride)
Remarks: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters. Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards: Combustible dust
Respiratory or skin sensitization
Reproductive toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
SARA 313:

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tetracycline hydrochloride</td>
<td>64-75-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes</td>
<td>8002-74-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neomycin, sulfate (salt)</td>
<td>1405-10-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Neomycin, sulfate (salt), which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes</td>
<td>8002-74-2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes</td>
<td>8002-74-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inventory</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AICS</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSL</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IECSC</td>
<td>not determined</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
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Date of first issue: 01/07/2016

NFPA 704:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability</th>
<th>Special hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HEALTH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® IV:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/'" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
NIOSH REL / TWA: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek

All abbreviations:

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concern-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prednisolone / Neomycin / Tetracycline Formulation

Version 6.6 Revision Date: 08/27/2021 SDS Number: 407520-00014 Date of last issue: 08/25/2020 Date of first issue: 01/07/2016


Revision Date: 08/27/2021

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8