SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pyrantel Pamoate / Moxidectin Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Pyrantel Pamoate / Moxidectin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Central nervous system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: 
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**
None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1)</td>
<td>22204-24-6</td>
<td>38.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glycerine</td>
<td>56-81-5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moxidectin</td>
<td>113507-06-5</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol#</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# Voluntarily-disclosed substance

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:**
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:**
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:**
Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed:**
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**
Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Protection of first-aiders:**
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician:**
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
**Suitable extinguishing media:**
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**
- None known.

**Specific hazards during fire fighting:**
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products:**
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Sulfur oxides

**Specific extinguishing methods:**
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:**
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions:**
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Technical measures:**
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Local/Total ventilation Advice on safe handling:**
- Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
- Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes. 
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. 
Wash skin thoroughly after handling. 
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. 
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. 
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: 
Keep in properly labeled containers. 
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: 
Do not store with the following product types: 
Strong oxidizing agents 
Self-reactive substances and mixtures 
Organic peroxides 
Explosives 
Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1)</td>
<td>22204-24-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>250 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>US WEEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moxidectin</td>
<td>113507-06-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,900 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: 
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. 
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). 
Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection: 
General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. 
Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and
Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: paste
Color: yellow
Odor: No data available
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: Not applicable
Evaporation rate: Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapor density : Not applicable
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 200 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
4,4'-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 24,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 24,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): 2,000 mg/kg

Propylene glycol:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 22,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 44.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Glycerine:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Moxidectin:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 106 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 42 - 84 mg/kg
### Acute Inhalation Toxicity
- **LC50 (Rat):** 3.28 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 5 h  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- **LC50 (Rat):** 2.87 - 4.06 mg/l  
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

### Acute Dermal Toxicity
- **LD50 (Rat):** > 2,000 mg/kg  
  Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

### Acute Toxicity (Other Routes of Administration)
- **LD50 (Rat):** 394 mg/kg  
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
- **LD50 (Mouse):** 84 mg/kg  
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
- **LD50 (Rat):** > 640 mg/kg  
  Application Route: Subcutaneous
- **LD50 (Mouse):** 263 mg/kg  
  Application Route: Subcutaneous

### Ethanol
- **Acute Oral Toxicity**
  - **LD50 (Rat):** > 5,000 mg/kg  
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
- **Acute Inhalation Toxicity**
  - **LC50 (Rat):** 124.7 mg/l  
    Exposure time: 4 h  
    Test atmosphere: vapor

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Propylene glycol:
- **Species:** Rabbit  
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 404  
- **Result:** No skin irritation

#### Glycerine:
- **Species:** Rabbit  
- **Result:** No skin irritation

#### Moxidectin:
- **Species:** Rabbit  
- **Result:** Mild skin irritation

#### Ethanol:
- **Species:** Rabbit  
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Glycerine:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

**Moxidectin:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Moderate eye irritation

**Ethanol:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**
Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

**Moxidectin:**
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

**Ethanol:**
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Propylene glycol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Glycerine:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Moxidectin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro test
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Species: Rat
  - Cell type: Bone marrow
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with mammalian liver cells in vivo
  - Species: Rat
  - Cell type: Liver cells
  - Result: negative

Ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: equivocal

Carcinogenicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Propylene glycol:**
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

**Glycerine:**
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

**Moxidectin:**
- Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 2 Years
  - NOAEL: 4.5 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: negative
- Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 2 Years
  - NOAEL: 4.5 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: negative
Species: Dog
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 Years
NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Propylene glycol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Glycerine:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

Moxidectin:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 0.8 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Reduced fetal weight, Fetal mortality.
- Result: No effects on fertility, Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

- Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 0.8 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Reduced fetal weight, Fetal mortality.
- Result: No effects on fertility, Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Embryo-fetal toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Skeletal malformations.
- Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Rabbit
- Application Route: Oral
- General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No teratogenic effects, No embryotoxic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Ethanol:
Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

STOT-single exposure:
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure:
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Components:

Moxidectin:
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):
Species : Dog
NOAEL : 10 mg/kg
LOAEL : 30 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 3 d
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 600 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 19 d
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 600 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 30 d
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 600 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 d
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Propylene glycol:
Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : >= 1,700 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 y

Glycerine:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0.167 mg/l
LOAEL : 0.622 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 8,000 - 10,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 y

Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: 5,040 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 45 Weeks

**Moxidectin:**

Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 3.9 mg/kg
LOAEL: 15.4 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Symptoms: Tremors

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 3.9 mg/kg
LOAEL: 7.9 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, Salivation

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.9 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 Days
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, Lachrymation, Salivation

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.87 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 52 Weeks
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Tremors, Lachrymation

**Ethanol:**

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,280 mg/kg
LOAEL: 3,156 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

**Components:**

4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):

**Ingestion:** Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea, Headache, Dizziness, Fever

**Moxidectin:**

**Inhalation:** Remarks: No human information is available.

**Skin contact:** Remarks: No human information is available.

**Eye contact:** Remarks: No human information is available.

**Ingestion:** Remarks: No human information is available.

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1):

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

**Acute aquatic toxicity:** Toxic effects cannot be excluded

**Chronic aquatic toxicity:** Toxic effects cannot be excluded

**Propylene glycol:**

- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l, Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l, Exposure time: 48 h
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l, Exposure time: 72 h, Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):** NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l, Exposure time: 7 d
- **Toxicity to microorganisms:** NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l, Exposure time: 18 h

**Glycerine:**

- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 54,000 mg/l, Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,955 mg/l, Exposure time: 48 h
- **Toxicity to microorganisms:** NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

**Moxidectin:**
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.0006 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.0002 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0003 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.087 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Ethanol:**
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
- EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 16 h

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**
Biodegradability:
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 98.3 %
  - Exposure time: 28 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

**Glycerine:**
Biodegradability:
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
**Biodegradation:** 92 %  
**Exposure time:** 30 d  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D

**Ethanol:**  
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 84 %  
**Exposure time:** 20 d

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
log Pow: -1.07  
**Method:** Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.8

**Glycerine:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
log Pow: -1.75

**Moxidectin:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
log Pow: 4.7

**Ethanol:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  
log Pow: -0.35

**Mobility in soil**  
No data available

**Other adverse effects**  
No data available

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

- **Waste from residues:** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.  
  Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
- **Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**  
**UN number:** UN 3077  
**Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Moxidectin)
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pyrantel Pamoate / Moxidectin Formulation

Version 3.5  Revision Date: 04/04/2023  SDS Number: 4892845-00009  Date of last issue: 10/01/2022
Date of first issue: 09/17/2019

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Moxidectin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Moxidectin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Moxidectin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes (Moxidectin)
Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters. Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
Reproductive toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
4,4’-Methylenebis[3-hydroxy-2-naphthoic] acid, compound with (E)-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-[2-(2-thienyl)vinyl]pyrimidine (1:1) 22204-24-6
Water 7732-18-5
Propylene glycol 57-55-6
Glycerine 56-81-5
D-Glucitol 50-70-4
Sodium hydroxide 1310-73-2

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
Glycerine 56-81-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : not determined
AICS : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Pyrantel Pamoate / Moxidectin Formulation

Version 3.5
Revision Date: 04/04/2023
SDS Number: 4892845-00009
Date of last issue: 10/01/2022
Date of first issue: 09/17/2019

NFPA 704:

HMIS® IV:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
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<td>* 3</td>
<td>1</td>
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HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The “*” represents a chronic hazard, while the “/” represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
US WEEL: USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
NIOSH REL / TWA: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
OSHA Z-1 / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average
US WEEL / TWA: 8-hr TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.