SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ramipril Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Ramipril Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
           Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Combustible dust

Skin sensitization : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (Kidney)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : ![Warning], ![Explosion]

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P333 + P313 IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramipril</td>
<td>87333-19-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrolyzed Vegetable Protein</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Pork Flavor</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil</td>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
   When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled:
: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
   Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact:
: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
   Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
   Get medical attention.
   Wash clothing before reuse.
   Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
: If in eyes, rinse well with water.
   Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed:
: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
   Get medical attention.
   Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms:
: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
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**Ramipril Formulation**

**Version** 2.2  
**Revision Date:** 10/10/2020  
**SDS Number:** 3517208-00005  
**Date of last issue:** 03/23/2020  
**Date of first issue:** 10/11/2018

| and effects, both acute and delayed | May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. |
| Protection of first-aiders | First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8). |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically and supportively. |

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media**  
Water spray  
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**  
None known.

**Specific hazards during fire fighting**  
Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products**  
Carbon oxides

**Specific extinguishing methods**  
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**  
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**  
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions**  
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**  
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

**SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Technical measures**: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

**Local/Total ventilation**: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

**Advice on safe handling**: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Conditions for safe storage**: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

**Materials to avoid**: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Explosives
- Gases

**SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total dust)</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respir)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Engineering measures:

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection:

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:

Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures:

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide...
eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies) Water solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials: Avoid dust formation.
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity
LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ramipril:
Acute oral toxicity
LD50 (Rat): > 10,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Dog): > 1,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)
LD50 (Dog): > 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Rat): 600 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Starch:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Starch:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Natural Pork Flavor:
Assessment: The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1B.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Starch:
Genotoxicity in vitro: 
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Cellulose: 
Genotoxicity in vitro: 
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test 
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: 
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) 
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion 
Result: negative

Ramipril: 
Genotoxicity in vitro: 
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay 
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test 
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells 
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: 
Test Type: Micronucleus test 
Species: mice 
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose: 
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 72 weeks 
Result: negative

Ramipril: 
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 24 month(s)  
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight 
Result: negative

Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 18 month(s)
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NOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Cellulose:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Ramipril:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 0.4 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Monkey
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Monkey
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
Result: Maternal toxicity observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
: May damage the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

**Ramipril:**
Routes of exposure: Oral
Target Organs: Kidney
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

**Starch:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 28 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

**Cellulose:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

**Ramipril:**
Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Target Organs: Blood, Kidney
Symptoms: kidney effects

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg
LOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Target Organs: Blood, Kidney
Symptoms: kidney effects

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 8 mg/kg
LOAEL: 250 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Target Organs: Blood, Kidney
Symptoms: kidney effects

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Ramipril:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Allergic reactions, Kidney disorders, liver function change, Rash, Cough, Dizziness, Nausea, Headache, Vomiting

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ramipril:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): $> 100$ mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

### Hydrolyzed Vegetable Protein

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**
- **Acute aquatic toxicity**: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
- **Chronic aquatic toxicity**: Toxic effects cannot be excluded

### Natural Pork Flavor

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**
- **Acute aquatic toxicity**: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
- **Chronic aquatic toxicity**: Toxic effects cannot be excluded

### Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**
- **Acute aquatic toxicity**: Toxic effects cannot be excluded
- **Chronic aquatic toxicity**: Toxic effects cannot be excluded

### Persistence and degradability

#### Components:

**Cellulose**
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

**Ramipril**
- Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 20 - 50%
  - Exposure time: 28 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### Mobility in soil

No data available

### Other adverse effects

No data available
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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
- Combustible dust
- Respiratory or skin sensitization
- Reproductive toxicity
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- Cellulose: 9004-34-6
- Starch: 9005-25-8
- Ramipril: 87333-19-5
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Version: 2.2  Revision Date: 10/10/2020  SDS Number: 3517208-00005  Date of last issue: 03/23/2020

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ramipril, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
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</table>

HMIS® IV:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
NIOSH REL / TWA: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
OSHA Z-1 / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average
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Version 2.2  
Revision Date: 10/10/2020  
SDS Number: 3517208-00005  
Date of last issue: 03/23/2020  
Date of first issue: 10/11/2018


Revision Date: 10/10/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8