SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sodium Selenite / Vitamin E Injection Formulation

Version 4.0  Revision Date: 09/13/2019  SDS Number: 895431-00007  Date of last issue: 24.04.2019
Date of first issue: 21.09.2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sodium Selenite / Vitamin E Injection Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : MSD
20 Spartan Road
1619 Spartan, South Africa

Telephone : +27119239300
Telefax : 908-735-1496

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4 : H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, Category 4 : H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1 : H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2 : H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H302 + H332  Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H317  May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373  May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P270  Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271  Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280  Wear protective gloves.

**Response:**
P314  Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313  If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364  Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
Benzyl alcohol
Sodium selenite

### 3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2 231-710-0</td>
<td>Acute Tox.4; H302 Acute Tox.4; H332 Eye Irrit.2; H319</td>
<td>5,15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>100-51-6 202-859-9 603-057-00-5</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium selenite</td>
<td>10102-18-8 233-267-9 034-003-00-3</td>
<td>Acute Tox.2; H300 Acute Tox.2; H330 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319 Skin Sens.1; H317 STOT RE1; H372 Aquatic Chronic2; H411</td>
<td>0,35 - 1,13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Metal oxides
Carbon oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers:
- Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s):
- No data available

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>7695-91-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5000 µg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium selenite</td>
<td>10102-18-8</td>
<td>TWA OEL-RL</td>
<td>0,1 mg/m³ (selenium)</td>
<td>ZA OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td></td>
<td>Recommended Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium selenite</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0,11 mg/m3</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>15,33 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0,033 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>9,42 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0,00942 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol castor oil</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0,04518 mg/m3</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0,051506 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
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<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0,012812 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>0,025625 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>416,6 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>21,7 mg/m3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>250 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>12,5 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
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<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>8 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>40 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>5,4 mg/m3</td>
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<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>27 mg/m3</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>4 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Acute systemic effects</td>
<td>20 mg/kg bw/day</td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>4 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium selenite</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.00585 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.00438 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>0.012 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>3.285 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>18 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>13.6 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.22 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral (Secondary Poisoning)</td>
<td>2.19 mg/kg food</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol castor oil</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.45 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.045 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>0.28 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>976500003 mg/kg</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>976500003 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>468000000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.27 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.027 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>0.27 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>212000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>212000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>74800 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>2.3 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>39 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>5.27 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>0.527 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>0.456 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

- **Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
  - If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,
mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Viscous liquid
Colour : Amber
Odour : No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Sodium Selenite / Vitamin E Injection Formula-
tion

Solubility(ies)
- Water solubility: No data available
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable
- Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
- Decomposition temperature: No data available
- Viscosity
  - Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
- Explosive properties: Not explosive
- Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information
- Flammability (liquids): No data available
- Particle size: Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
- Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials
- Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- Information on likely routes of exposure:
  - Inhalation
  - Skin contact
  - Ingestion
  - Eye contact
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sodium Selenite / Vitamin E Injection Formula-
tion

Version: 4.0
Revision Date: 09/13/2019
SDS Number: 895431-00007
Date of last issue: 24.04.2019
Date of first issue: 21.09.2016

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 614.32 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 4.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 3.000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1.620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Sodium selenite:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 7 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 0.052 - 0.51 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Sodium selenite:**

Method: OECD Test Guideline 439
Result: Skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: No eye irritation

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Sodium selenite:**

Method: OECD Test Guideline 437
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**

Test Type: Draize Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Humans
Result: negative

**Benzyl alcohol:**

Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

**Sodium selenite:**

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
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tion


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 429</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Assessment | Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans |

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
  Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
  Species: Mouse  
  Application Route: Ingestion  
  Result: negative

Benzyl alcohol:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
  Species: Mouse  
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
  Result: negative

Sodium selenite:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
  Result: positive
  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
  Result: positive
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
  Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
### Components:

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 104 weeks
- **Result:** negative

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 103 weeks
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 451
- **Result:** negative

**Sodium selenite:**
- **Species:** Rat
- **Application Route:** Ingestion
- **Exposure time:** 1 Years

### Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**
- **Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
  - **Species:** Rat
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
  - **Result:** negative

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
  - **Species:** Rat
  - **Application Route:** Ingestion
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Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium selenite:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Sodium selenite:
- Exposure routes: Ingestion
- Target Organs: Kidney, Blood, Nervous system, Endocrine system, Skin
- Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10 mg/kg bw or less.
- Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation 1272/2008, Annex VI

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 500 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days

Benzyl alcohol:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 1,072 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 28 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Sodium selenite:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 0,4 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 0,8 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

**Sodium selenite:**

*Inhalation*
- Target Organs: Respiratory system
  - Symptoms: bronchospasm, bronchitis, Oedema
- Target Organs: Cardio-vascular system
  - Symptoms: tachycardia, Lowered blood pressure
- Target Organs: Digestive organs
  - Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, stomach discomfort

*Ingestion*
- Target Organs: Nervous system
  - Symptoms: Neurological disorders
- Target Organs: Endocrine system
- Target Organs: Skin
  - Symptoms: hair loss, Skin disorders

SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

**Components:**

**(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:**

*Toxicity to fish*  
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l  
  - Exposure time: 96 h  
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

*Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates*  
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l  
  - Exposure time: 48 h  
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

*Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants*  
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l  
  - Exposure time: 72 h  
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l  
  - Exposure time: 72 h  
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

*Toxicity to microorganisms*  
- EC50: > 927 mg/l  
  - Exposure time: 30 min  
  - Method: ISO 8192

*Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-*  
- NOEC: 100 mg/l
**Benzyl alcohol:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l</th>
<th>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l</th>
<th>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
<td>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sodium selenite:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>LC50: 7,2 mg/l</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,2 mg/l</th>
<th>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 96,9 mg/l</th>
<th>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10,0 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
<td>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>EC50: 180 mg/l</th>
<th>NOEC: 0,022 mg/l</th>
<th>NOEC: 0,22 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>258 d</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

(dl)-a-Tocopheryl acetate:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 21.7 - 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Benzyl alcohol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %
Exposure time: 14 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Benzyl alcohol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.05

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Product: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number
Not regulated as a dangerous good
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14.2 UN proper shipping name
Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group
Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards
Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user
Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H300 : Fatal if swallowed.
H302 : Harmful if swallowed.
H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H330 : Fatal if inhaled.
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.
H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
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Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit.: Eye irritation
Skin Irrit.: Skin irritation
Skin Sens.: Skin sensitisation
STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
ZA OEL: South Africa. Hazardous Chemical Substances Regulations, Occupational Exposure Limits
ZA OEL / TWA OEL-RL: Long term occupational exposure limits - recommended limit

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

| Acute Tox. 4 | H302 | Calculation method |
| Acute Tox. 4 | H332 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1 | H317 | Calculation method |
Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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