SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.4  Revision Date: 27.08.2021  SDS Number: 6289967-00006  Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Trade name: Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the Substance/Mixture: Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company: MSD
Kilsheelan
Clonmel Tipperary, IE

Telephone: 353-51-601000
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion, Sub-category 1A</td>
<td>H318: Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage, Category 1</td>
<td>H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity, Category 2</td>
<td>H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2</td>
<td>H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td>H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazard pictograms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Danger</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or...
Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Supplemental Hazard Statements: EUH071
Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
Trimethoprim
Sodium hydroxide

2.3 Other hazards
This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfamethoxazole</td>
<td>723-46-6</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute 1;</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>211-963-3</td>
<td>H400</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>H410</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention immediately.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Risks: Causes serious eye damage.
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Causes severe burns.
Causes digestive tract burns.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur oxides
Metal oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust
Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapours. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Explosives
- Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s): No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfamethoxazole</td>
<td>723-46-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>OEB 2 (&gt;= 100 &lt; 1000 µg/m3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trimethoprim</td>
<td>738-70-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>400 µg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide</td>
<td>1310-73-2</td>
<td>OELV - 15 min (STEL)</td>
<td>2 mg/m3</td>
<td>IE OEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance name</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide</td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>1 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>1 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**

Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

**Personal protective equipment**

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Hand protection
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Equipment should conform to I.S. EN 143

Filter type: Particulates type (P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: suspension
Colour: white to off-white
Odour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Flammability (liquids): No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Flash point : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
pH : 9.5 - 12.5

Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 1.179 g/cm³
Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics
  Particle size : Not applicable

9.2 Other information
Explosives : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Evaporation rate : No data available
Molecular weight : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid : None known.
10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid:
- Oxidizing agents
- Acids

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity:
Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Sulfamethoxazole:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 2,300 mg/kg

Trimethoprim:
Acute oral toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): 1,500 - 5,300 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 1,910 - 7,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 400 - 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Dog): 90 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): 132 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Sodium hydroxide:
Acute inhalation toxicity:
Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Causes severe burns.

Components:
Sulfamethoxazole:
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Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Sodium hydroxide:**
Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye damage.

**Components:**

**Sodium hydroxide:**
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Remarks: Based on skin corrosivity.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sulfamethoxazole:**
Test Type: Magnusson-Kligman-Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

**Trimethoprim:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

**Sodium hydroxide:**
Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Result: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sulfamethoxazole:**
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Humans  
Result: negative

Trimethoprim:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Rat  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Species: Humans  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sulfamethoxazole:
Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 26 weeks
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Trimethoprim:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility
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Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on newborn
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 70 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1.7 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects., No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure
Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Trimethoprim:
Target Organs: Bone marrow
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity
Components:

Trimethoprim:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>27.08.2021</td>
<td>6289967-00006</td>
<td>09.04.2021</td>
<td>25.08.2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **LOAEL**: 300 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 6 Months
- **Target Organs**: Bone marrow, Liver, Pituitary gland, Thyroid

- **Species**: Rat
- **LOAEL**: 300 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 3 Months
- **Target Organs**: Bone marrow

- **Species**: Dog
- **NOAEL**: 2.5 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 45 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 3 Months
- **Target Organs**: Blood, Thyroid

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**11.2 Information on other hazards**

**Endocrine disrupting properties**

**Product:**

**Assessment**: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Trimethoprim:**

**Ingestion**: Target Organs: Bone marrow

Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, skin rash, Dizziness, Headache, mental depression, confusion

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1 Toxicity**

**Components:**

**Sulfamethoxazole:**

- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 562.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.21 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

- **EC50** (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)):
  0.0268 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

- **NOEC** (Synechococcus leopoliensis (blue-green algae)):
  0.0059 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):** 10

### Toxicity to microorganisms

- **NOEC** (activated sludge): 3.76 mg/l
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

### Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)

- **NOEC**: 0.533 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

- **NOEC**: 0.01 mg/l
  Exposure time: 30 d
  Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

**M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):** 10

### Trimethoprim

**Toxicity to fish**

- **LC50** (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

- **EC50** (Daphnia magna Straus): 92 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

- **EC50** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (microalgae)): 80.3 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

  - **NOEC** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 16 mg/l
    Exposure time: 72 h

  - **EC50** (Anabaena flos-aquae): 253 mg/l
    Exposure time: 72 h

  - **EC10** (Anabaena flos-aquae): 26 mg/l
    Exposure time: 72 h

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**

- **NOEC**: 0.157 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Species: Zebrafish

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**

- **NOEC**: 6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Sulfamethoxazole:**
- Biodegradability: Not readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 0 %
  - Exposure time: 28 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**Sulfamethoxazole:**
- Bioaccumulation: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
  - Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 120
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
  - log Pow: 0.89

**Trimethoprim:**
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
  - log Pow: 0.91

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:**
- Assessment: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:**
- Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN 1824</td>
<td>UN 1824</td>
<td>UN 1824</td>
<td>UN 1824</td>
<td>UN 1824</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.2 UN proper shipping name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION</td>
<td>SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION</td>
<td>SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION</td>
<td>SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION (Sulfamethoxazole)</td>
<td>Sodium hydroxide solution</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.4 Packing group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packing group: II</td>
<td>Packing group: II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classification Code: C5</td>
<td>Classification Code: C5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Identification Number: 80</td>
<td>Hazard Identification Number: 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels: 8</td>
<td>Labels: 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunnel restriction code: (E)</td>
<td>Tunnel restriction code: (E)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RID
Packing group : II
Classification Code : C5
Hazard Identification Number : 80
Labels : 8

IMDG
Packing group : II
Labels : 8
EmS Code : F-A, S-B

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 855
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y840
Packing group : II
Labels : Corrosive

IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 851
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y840
Packing group : II
Labels : Corrosive

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

Version 2.4
Revision Date: 27.08.2021
SDS Number: 6289967-00006
Date of last issue: 09.04.2021
Date of first issue: 25.08.2020

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:
Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast):
Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals:
Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV):
Not applicable


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<th>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</th>
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Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- DSL: not determined
- AICS: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements

- H290: May be corrosive to metals.
- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.
- H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- EUH014: Reacts violently with water.
- EUH071: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of other abbreviations

- Acute Tox.: Acute toxicity
## SAFETY DATA SHEET
### Sulfamethoxazole / Trimethoprim Formulation

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### Classification of the mixture:
- **Skin Corr. 1A**: H314

### Classification procedure:
- Calculation method

### Further information:

### Classification of the mixture:
- **Skin Corr. 1A**: H314

### Classification procedure:
- Calculation method

### Acute Aquatic:
- Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard

### Chronic Aquatic:
- Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

### Eye Dam.:
- Serious eye damage

### Met. Corr.:
- Corrosive to metals

### Repr.:
- Reproductive toxicity

### Skin Corr.:
- Skin corrosion

### STOT RE:
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

### IE OEL:
- Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1

### IE OEL / OELV - 15 min (STEL):
- Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period)

### ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICL - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOEL - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.