SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : 26 Talavera Road, Talavera Corp Centre, Macquarie Park
New South Wales, 2113 Australia
Telephone : (61)-02-8988-8000
Emergency telephone number : (61)-02-8988-8000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Skin sensitisation : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning
Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

Precautionary statements :
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read
and understood.
P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of
the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tildipirosin</td>
<td>328898-40-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Citric acid monohydrate</td>
<td>5949-29-1</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.
SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

Hazchem Code: •3Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Local/Total ventilation
Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>TWA (particle)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Total (vapour and particles))</td>
<td>150 ppm 474 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tildipirosin</td>
<td>328898-40-4</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN

Wipe limit 100 µg/100 cm² Internal

Engineering measures
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-
Filter type: Recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
   - Hand protection Material: Particulates type
     - Hand protection Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
   - If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
   - Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: liquid

Colour: No data available

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable

Flammability (liquids): No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapour pressure: No data available

Relative vapour density: No data available

Relative density: No data available

Density: 1.0499 g/cm³

Solubility(ies): Water solubility: No data available
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Compatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rabbit): > 159 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Tildipirosin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Version 1.6  Revision Date: 09/13/2019  SDS Number: 1071825-00007  Date of last issue: 24.04.2019

LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Mouse): 6.25 - 12.5 mg/kg
                          Application Route: Intravenous

Citric acid monohydrate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
                          Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
                          Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Tildipirosin:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Citric acid monohydrate:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Tildipirosin:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Citric acid monohydrate:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Tildipirosin:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Sensitiser

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Tildipirosin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Result: negative
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Citric acid monohydrate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Result: positive
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Tildipirosin:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
### General Toxicity F1
- **LOAEL:** 80 mg/kg body weight  
- **Symptoms:** Effects on F1 offspring  
- **Result:** Effects on reproduction parameters

### Effects on foetal development
- **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development  
- **Species:** Rabbit, females  
- **Embryo-foetal toxicity:** NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight  
- **Symptoms:** Reduced body weight  
- **Result:** No teratogenic potential  
- **Remarks:** The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

### Citric acid monohydrate
- **Effects on foetal development**
  - **Test Type:** Embryo-foetal development  
  - **Species:** Rat, female  
  - **Embryo-foetal toxicity:** NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight  
  - **Symptoms:** Reduced body weight  
  - **Result:** No teratogenic potential  
  - **Remarks:** The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

### STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

### STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

**Tildipirosin:**
- **Target Organs**
  - Heart, Cardio-vascular system, Nervous system, eye - retina, Thyroid, thymus gland, spleen, Pancreas  
- **Assessment**
  - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

**Propylene glycol:**
- **Species:** Rat, male  
- **NOAEL:** 1,700 mg/kg  
- **Application Route:** Ingestion  
- **Exposure time:** 2 yr
Tildipirosin:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 20 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 60 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 90 d  
Target Organs: spleen, thymus gland  
Symptoms: Salivation  

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 20 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Target Organs: Heart, Central nervous system, Blood  
Symptoms: Tremors  

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 6 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 90 d  
Target Organs: Heart, Cardio-vascular system  
Symptoms: Irritability  

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 50 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 55 Weeks  
Target Organs: Nervous system, eye - retina, Heart, Thyroid, spleen, thymus gland, Pancreas  

Citric acid monohydrate:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 10 Days  

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:  
Tildipirosin:  
General Information: No human information is available.
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Propylene glycol:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d

Tildipirosin:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 138 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 32 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.12 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.047 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.027 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.00011 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 112.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
NOEC: 0.23 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Citric acid monohydrate:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98.3 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Tildipirosin:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 14.7 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Citric acid monohydrate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.07

Citric acid monohydrate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.72

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available
SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
                      If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tildipirosin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Tildipirosin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tildipirosin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tildipirosin)
Class : 9
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazchem Code : □3Z

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition or notification/licensing requirements, including for carcinogens under Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Revision Date : 09/13/2019
Date format : dd.mm/yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
AU OEL : Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.
AU OEL / TWA : Exposure standard - time weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.