SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : Rua Coronel Bento Soares, 530
           Cruzeiro - Sao Paulo - Brazil  CEP 12730-340
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Veterinary product

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Skin sensitization : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms : ![Hazard Pictograms]
Signal Word : Warning
Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
                   H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
                   H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
                           P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
                           P273 Avoid release to the environment.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P391 Collect spillage.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tildipirosin</td>
<td>328898-40-4</td>
<td>Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Heart, Cardio-vascular system, Nervous system, eye - retina, Thyroid, thymus gland, spleen, Pancreas), Category 2 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1</td>
<td>&gt;= 3 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid monohydrate</td>
<td>5949-29-1</td>
<td>Eye irritation, Category 2A</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of damaging fertility.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material
can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. 
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. 
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. 
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tildipirosin</td>
<td>328898-40-4</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: DSEN
Engineering measures:
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections). All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Laboratory operations do not require special containment.

Personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection:
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Filter type:
Particulates type
Hand protection:
Material:
Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection:
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
Work uniform or laboratory coat.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:
liquid
Color:
No data available
Odor:
No data available
Odor Threshold:
No data available
pH:
No data available
Melting point/freezing point:
No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range:
No data available
Flash point:
No data available
Evaporation rate:
No data available
Flammability (solid, gas):
Not applicable
Flammability (liquids):
No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit:
No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit:
No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 1.0499 g/cm³
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : Inhalation
  Skin contact
  Ingestion
  Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tildipirosin:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 2.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Mouse): 6.25 - 12.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Citric acid monohydrate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 5.400 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tildipirosin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Citric acid monohydrate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tildipirosin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Citric acid monohydrate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

### Tildipirosin:
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Dermal
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: Sensitizer

#### Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

### Tildipirosin:
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Test system: Human lymphocytes
  - Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
  - Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
  - Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**:
  - Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Result: negative

### Citric acid monohydrate:
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
  - Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
  - Result: positive
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**:
  - Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Tildipirosin:

Effects on fertility

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Effects on F1 offspring.
Result: Effects on reproduction parameters.

Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rabbit, females
Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight
Result: No teratogenic potential.
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat, female
Embryo-fetal toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight
Result: No teratogenic potential.
Remarks: The effects were seen only at maternally toxic doses.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

Citric acid monohydrate:

Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Tildipirosin:

Target Organs

Heart, Cardio-vascular system, Nervous system, eye - retina, Thyroid, thymus gland, spleen, Pancreas

Assessment

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:**

**Tildipirosin:**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 20 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 60 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 90 d
- Target Organs: spleen, thymus gland
- Symptoms: Salivation

- Species: Dog
  - NOAEL: 20 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 28 d
  - Target Organs: Heart, Central nervous system, Blood
  - Symptoms: Tremors

- Species: Dog
  - NOAEL: 6 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 90 d
  - Target Organs: Heart, Cardio-vascular system
  - Symptoms: Irritability

- Species: Dog
  - NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
  - LOAEL: 50 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Exposure time: 55 Weeks
  - Target Organs: Nervous system, eye - retina, Heart, Thyroid, spleen, thymus gland, Pancreas

**Citric acid monohydrate:**
- Species: Rat
  - NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg
  - LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Exposure time: 10 Days

**Aspiration toxicity**
- Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**Tildipirosin:**
- General Information: No human information is available.
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

**Tildipirosin:**

- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 138 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 32 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 48 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.12 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.047 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.027 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 0.00011 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 72 h  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)**: 10

- **M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)**: 100

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**: EC50: 112.4 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 3 h  
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

  NOEC: 0.23 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 3 h  
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Citric acid monohydrate:**

- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.535 mg/l  
  Exposure time: 24 h
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Persistence and degradability

Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
<th>Result:</th>
<th>Biodegradation:</th>
<th>Exposure time:</th>
<th>Method:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tildipirosin</td>
<td>Biodegradability</td>
<td>Not readily biodegradable.</td>
<td>14.7 %</td>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 301B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid monohydrate</td>
<td>Biodegradability</td>
<td>Readily biodegradable.</td>
<td>97 %</td>
<td>28 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 301B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:</th>
<th>log Pow:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid monohydrate</td>
<td></td>
<td>-1.72</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Packing group</th>
<th>Labels</th>
<th>IATA-DGR</th>
<th>UN/ID No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN 3082</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tildipirosin)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>UN 3082</td>
<td>UN 3082</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Tildipirosin)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tildipirosin)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

ANTT
UN number: UN 3082
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tildipirosin)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
Hazard Identification Number: 90

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - (LINACH): Not applicable

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal Police: Not applicable
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Tildipirosin (4%) Formulation

Version 3.0  Revision Date: 23.03.2020  SDS Number: 1071827-00008  Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
Date of first issue: 18.11.2016

International Regulations

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:


Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

BR / Z8