SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
Trade name: Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the Substance/Mixture: Veterinary product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Company: MSD
Shotton Lane
NE23 3JU Cramlington NU - Great Britain
Telephone: 44 1 670 59 30 00
Telefax: 908-735-1496
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Carcinogenicity, Category 1A: H350: May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A: H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1: H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1: H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements
Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H350 May cause cancer.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372  Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410  Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**Prevention:**
P201  Obtain special instructions before use.
P260  Do not breathe dust.
P273  Avoid release to the environment.
P280  Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P308 + P313  IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P391  Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate  
Estradiol

### 2.3 Other hazards
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.  
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.  
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>EC-No.</th>
<th>Index-No.</th>
<th>Registration number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate</td>
<td>10161-34-9</td>
<td>233-432-5</td>
<td>28292-00015</td>
<td>Carc.2; H351 Repr.2; H361fd STOT RE1; H372 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1.000</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estradiol</td>
<td>50-28-2</td>
<td>200-023-8</td>
<td>28292-00015</td>
<td>Carc.1A; H350 Repr.1A; H360FD STOT RE1; H372 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1.000</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

Version 3.4
Revision Date: 23.03.2020
SDS Number: 28292-00015
Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
Date of first issue: 05.11.2014

aquatic toxicity): 1.000

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Risks: May cause cancer.
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting : Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and dis-
posal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage: Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents
Organic peroxides
Explosives
Gases

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s): No data available
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Basis</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate</td>
<td>10161-34-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.2 µg/m³ (OEB 5)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estradiol</td>
<td>50-28-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 µg/m³ (OEB 5)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

Wipe limit: 0.5 µg/100 cm² | Internal

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures
Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.
Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety goggles
Equipment should conform to NS EN 166

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
Equipment should conform to NS EN 143

Filter type: Particulates type (P)
### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
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<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
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<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
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<td>Water solubility</td>
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<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
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<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.</td>
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</table>

### 9.2 Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Information on likely routes of exposure :
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 2.700 mg/kg

Estradiol:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): > 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Estradiol:
Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Estradiol:
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.
Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

Version 3.4  Revision Date: 23.03.2020  SDS Number: 28292-00015  Date of last issue: 13.09.2019  Date of first issue: 05.11.2014

Estradiol:

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  - Test system: mammalian cells
  - Result: positive

  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Test system: mammalian cells
  - Result: positive

  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Test system: mammalian cells
  - Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Species: Rat
  - Cell type: Bone marrow
  - Result: negative

  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Species: Mouse
  - Cell type: Bone marrow
  - Result: negative

Carcinogenicity:
May cause cancer.

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
- Species: Mouse, male and female
- Application Route: Oral
- Result: positive
- Target Organs: Liver

Species:
- Rat, male and female
- Application Route: Oral
- Result: positive
- Target Organs: Pancreas

Carcinogenicity - Assessment:
Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Estradiol:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 24 Months
- LOAEL: 100 µg/kg
- Result: positive
- Target Organs: female reproductive organs

Species: Rat
- Application Route: Subcutaneous
- Exposure time: 13 weeks
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: positive
Target Organs: Endocrine system

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies

**Reproductive toxicity**
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

**Components:**

**17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:**

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Two-generation study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Fertility: LOAEL: 0.18 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Postimplantation loss.

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: oral (feed)
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Estradiol:**

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Fertility: LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Effects on fertility

- Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Duration of Single Treatment: 90 d
  - Fertility: LOAEL: 0.69 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Effects on fertility

- Test Type: Two-generation study
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: LOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Effects on fertility

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
- Species: Mouse, female
- Application Route: Subcutaneous
- Teratogenicity: LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
- Symptoms: Malformations were observed.
Result: positive, Teratogenic effects

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Teratogenicity: LOAEL: 2,5 µg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight
Result: positive, Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0,2 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Early Resorptions / resorption rate, Reduced number of viable fetuses, Reduced body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

*17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:*
Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Endocrine system, Blood
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

*Estradiol:*
Target Organs : Liver, Bone, Blood, Endocrine system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

*17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:*
Species : Pig
NOAEL : 0,004 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0,08 mg/kg
Exposure time : 14 Weeks
Target Organs : Testis, Ovary, Liver, Uterus (including cervix)

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 0,04 mg/kg
Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue: 13.09.2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>28292-00015</td>
<td>Date of first issue: 05.11.2014</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**LOAEL**
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 23 Weeks
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Monkey, female
NOAEL: 0,01 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0,04 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 122 Days
Target Organs: female reproductive organs

Species: Monkey, male
NOAEL: 0,002 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0,04 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 30 Days
Target Organs: male reproductive organs

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0,05 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0,1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: male reproductive organs, Ovary, Uterus (including cervix)

**Estradiol:**
Species: Rat
LOAEL: >= 0,17 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 d
Target Organs: Mammary gland, Ovary, Uterus (including cervix), Liver, Bone, Endocrine system, Blood, Testis

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:**
Ingestion: Symptoms: male reproductive effects, gynecomastia, changes in libido

**Estradiol:**
Inhalation: Symptoms: tingling, Nose bleeding
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Redness, pruritis
Ingestion: Symptoms: Headache, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Dizziness, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, water retention, liver function change, changes in libido, breast tenderness, menstrual irregularities
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

**Components:**

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>0.000035 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 229</td>
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<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
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M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.000</td>
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**Estradiol:**

Toxicity to fish:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>3.9 mg/l</td>
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<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

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<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>2.7 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>48 h</td>
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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

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<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>1.7 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
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<td>Method</td>
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<tr>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>&gt; 1.7 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>72 h</td>
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<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
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Toxicity to microorganisms:

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<td>Test Type</td>
<td>Respiration inhibition</td>
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<td>Method</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<td>Test Type</td>
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<td>Method</td>
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Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

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<td>NOEC</td>
<td>0.000003 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>0.2 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>21 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
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</tbody>
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M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.000</td>
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</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET  
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006  

Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation  

Version 3.4  
Revision Date: 23.03.2020  
SDS Number: 28292-00015  
Date of last issue: 13.09.2019  
Date of first issue: 05.11.2014  

12.2 Persistence and degradability  

**Components:**  
**Estradiol:**  
Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable  
Biodegradation: 84 %  
Exposure time: 24 hrs  

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential  

**Components:**  
**17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3,77  
**Estradiol:**  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4,01  

12.4 Mobility in soil  

**Components:**  
**Estradiol:**  
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3,81  

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment  
Not relevant  

12.6 Other adverse effects  
No data available  

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations  

13.1 Waste treatment methods  
**Product:**  
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.  
**Contaminated packaging:**  
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.  

SECTION 14: Transport information  

14.1 UN number  
**ADN:** UN 3077  
**ADR:** UN 3077
# Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>28292-00015</td>
<td>13.09.2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **RID**: UN 3077
- **IMDG**: UN 3077
- **IATA**: UN 3077

## 14.2 UN proper shipping name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADN</strong></td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADR</strong></td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RID</strong></td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IMDG</strong></td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IATA</strong></td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADR</strong></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RID</strong></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IMDG</strong></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IATA</strong></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 14.4 Packing group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADN</strong></td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classification Code</td>
<td>M7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Identification Number</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>9 (ENVIRONM.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADR</strong></td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classification Code</td>
<td>M7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Identification Number</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>9 (ENVIRONM.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunnel restriction code</td>
<td>(-)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RID</strong></td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classification Code</td>
<td>M7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Identification Number</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>9 (ENVIRONM.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IMDG</strong></td>
<td>III</td>
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<td>Classification Code</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>9 (ENVIRONM.)</td>
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</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET  
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

Version: 3.4  Revision Date: 23.03.2020  SDS Number: 28292-00015  Date of last issue: 13.09.2019  Date of first issue: 05.11.2014

| Labels | 9 (ENVIROM.) |
| EmS Code | F-A, S-F |
| **IATA (Cargo)** | |
| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) | 956 |
| Packing instruction (LQ) | Y956 |
| Packing group | III |
| Labels | Miscellaneous, |

| **IATA (Passenger)** | |
| Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) | 956 |
| Packing instruction (LQ) | Y956 |
| Packing group | III |
| Labels | Miscellaneous, |

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADN**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**ADR**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**RID**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG**  
Marine pollutant : yes

**IATA (Passenger)**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IATA (Cargo)**  
Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de- : Not applicable
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

Version: 3.4
Revision Date: 23.03.2020
SDS Number: 28292-00015
Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
Date of first issue: 05.11.2014

Complete the ozone layer
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast): Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals: Not applicable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>E1</th>
<th>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</th>
<th>Quantity 1</th>
<th>Quantity 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 t</td>
<td>200 t</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.
Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to use or be exposed to the product professionally. Young people above the age of 15 are, however, except from this rule if the product is a necessary part of their education.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Full text of H-Statements
H350: May cause cancer.
H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361fd: Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations
Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Carc.: Carcinogenicity
Repr.: Reproductive toxicity
STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Trenbolone / Estradiol Formulation

Version: 3.4
Revision Date: 23.03.2020
SDS Number: 28292-00015
Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
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ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Calculation procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carc. 1A</td>
<td>H350</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repr. 1A</td>
<td>H360FD</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT RE 1</td>
<td>H372</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 1</td>
<td>H410</td>
<td>Calculation method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.