SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Trenbolone / Estradiol LA Formulation

Version 7.2  Revision Date: 11/16/2023  SDS Number: 26122-00022  Date of last issue: 09/29/2023

Date of first issue: 10/28/2014

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Trenbolone / Estradiol LA Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Veterinary product
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust

Carcinogenicity: Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Liver, Bone, Blood, Endocrine system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Endocrine system, Blood)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H350 May cause cancer.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Liver, Bone, Blood, Endocrine system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Endocrine system, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
### Precautionary Statements

**Prevention:**
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P260 Do not breathe dust.
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

**Response:**
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### Other hazards

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate</td>
<td>10161-34-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estradiol</td>
<td>50-28-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:** If in eyes, rinse well with water.
If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- May cause cancer.
- May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
- Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for:
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable
containment and cleaning up

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.


SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters
inert or nuisance dust
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)
Basis: OSHA Z-3
15 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)
Basis: OSHA Z-3
5 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)
Basis: OSHA Z-3
15 Million particles per cubic foot
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)
Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and particulates
10 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)
Basis: CAL PEL
5 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)
Basis: CAL PEL

Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
---|---|---|---|---|
17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate | 10161-34-9 | TWA | 0.2 µg/m³ (OEB 5) | Internal |
Estradiol | 50-28-2 | TWA | 0.05 µg/m³ (OEB 5) | Internal |
Further information: Skin
Wipe limit | 0.5 µg/100 cm² | Internal |
Magnesium stearate | 557-04-0 | TWA (Inhalable particulate matter) | 10 mg/m³ | ACGIH |
TWA (Respirable particulate matter) | 3 mg/m³ | ACGIH |

Engineering measures: Use closed processing systems or containment technologies to control at source (e.g., glove boxes/isolators) and to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace. All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. No open handling permitted. Totally enclosed processes and materials transport systems are required. Operations require the use of appropriate containment technology designed to prevent leakage of compounds into...
Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Eye protection:

- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:

- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures:

- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder

Color: No data available

Odor: No data available

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Trenbolone / Estradiol LA Formulation

**SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

*Information on likely routes of exposure*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**

Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,700 mg/kg

**Estradiol:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):**

LD50 (Rat): > 300 mg/kg

Application Route: Subcutaneous

**Magnesium stearate:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Estradiol:
Result: No eye irritation

Magnesium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Estradiol:
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.
Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
    Result: negative
    Test Type: Micronucleus test
    Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts
    Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
    Species: Mouse
    Result: negative
    Test Type: Micronucleus test
    Species: Rat
    Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Estradiol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
    Test system: mammalian cells
    Result: positive
    Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    Test system: mammalian cells
    Result: positive
    Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
    Test system: mammalian cells
    Result: positive
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
    Species: Rat
    Cell type: Bone marrow
    Result: negative
    Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
    Species: Mouse
    Cell type: Bone marrow
    Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    Result: negative
    Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
    Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity  
May cause cancer.

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Species: Mouse, male and female  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: positive  
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Rat, male and female  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: positive  
Target Organs: Pancreas

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Estradiol:
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 24 Months  
LOAEL: 100 µg/kg  
Result: positive  
Target Organs: female reproductive organs

Species: Rat  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Exposure time: 13 weeks  
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight  
Result: positive  
Target Organs: Endocrine system

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies

IARC  
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA  
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP  
Known to be human carcinogen  
Estradiol  
(Estrogens, Steroidal)  
50-28-2
Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 0.18 mg/kg body weight
Result: Postimplantation loss.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: oral (feed)
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Estradiol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Fertility: LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on fertility.

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Duration of Single Treatment: 90 d
Fertility: LOAEL: 0.69 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on fertility.

Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse, female
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Teratogenicity: LOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Malformations were observed.
Result: positive, Teratogenic effects.

Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Teratogenicity: LOAEL: 2.5 µg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight
Result: positive, Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Test Type: Embryofetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Early Resorptions / resorption rate., Reduced number of viable fetuses., Reduced body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Magnesium stearate:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryofetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Liver, Bone, Blood, Endocrine system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Causes damage to organs (Endocrine system, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:
17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Routes of exposure : Ingestion
Target Organs : Endocrine system, Blood
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Estradiol:
Target Organs : Liver, Bone, Blood, Endocrine system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:

Species: Pig
NOAEL: 0.004 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.08 mg/kg
Exposure time: 14 Weeks
Target Organs: Testis, Ovary, Liver, Uterus (including cervix)

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.04 mg/kg
LOAEL: 3.6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 23 Weeks
Target Organs: Blood

Species: Monkey, female
NOAEL: 0.01 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.04 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 122 Days
Target Organs: female reproductive organs

Species: Monkey, male
NOAEL: 0.002 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.04 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 30 Days
Target Organs: male reproductive organs

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.1 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: male reproductive organs, Ovary, Uterus (including cervix)

Estradiol:

Species: Rat
LOAEL: >= 0.17 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 d
Target Organs: Mammary gland, Ovary, Uterus (including cervix), Liver, Bone, Endocrine system, Blood, Testis

Magnesium stearate:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Ingestion: Symptoms: male reproductive effects, gynecomastia, changes in libido

Estradiol:
Inhalation: Symptoms: tingling, Nose bleeding
Skin contact: Symptoms: Skin irritation, Redness, pruritis
Ingestion: Symptoms: Headache, Gastrointestinal disturbance, Dizziness, Vomiting, Diarrhea, water retention, liver function change, changes in libido, breast tenderness, menstrual irregularities

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000035 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 229
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Estradiol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 3.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.000003 mg/l
Exposure time: 160 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Estradiol</td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.2 mg/l</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>emente</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 21 d</td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>NOEC: 100 mg/l</td>
<td>NOEC: 100 mg/l</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Type: Respiration inhibition</td>
<td>Test Type: Respiration inhibition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persistence and degradability</td>
<td>PBMC: Supports the biodegradation of the resulting erythrocyte mass.</td>
<td>PBMC: Supports the biodegradation of the resulting erythrocyte mass.</td>
<td>PBMC: Supports the biodegradation of the resulting erythrocyte mass.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Components:**

**Estradiol:**

Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
Biodegradation: 84%
Exposure time: 24 hrs

Magnesium stearate:
Biodegradability: Result: Not biodegradable
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.77

Estradiol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.01

Magnesium stearate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 4

Mobility in soil

Components:

Estradiol:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.81

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
Environmentally hazardous: yes

**IATA-DGR**

UN/ID No.: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

**IMDG-Code**

UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

**49 CFR**

UN/ID/NA number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: CLASS 9
ERG Code: 171
Marine pollutant: yes(Estradiol, 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate)
Remarks: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters.

Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards**
- Combustible dust
- Carcinogenicity
- Reproductive toxicity
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**SARA 313**
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**US State Regulations**

**Pennsylvania Right To Know**
- 17β-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one 17-acetate 10161-34-9
- D-Glucose, 4-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl-, monohydrate 64044-51-5
- Estradiol 50-28-2

**California Prop. 65**
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Estradiol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

**California List of Hazardous Substances**
- Estradiol 50-28-2

**California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants**
- Magnesium stearate 557-04-0

**The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:**
- AICS : not determined
- DSL : not determined
- IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Trenbolone / Estradiol LA Formulation

Version 7.2  Revision Date: 11/16/2023  SDS Number: 26122-00022  Date of last issue: 09/29/2023  Date of first issue: 10/28/2014

**NFPA 704:**
- Health: 0
- Flammability: 1
- Instability: 0
- Special hazard

**HMIS® IV:**
- HEALTH: *
- FLAMMABILITY: 3
- PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

**Full text of other abbreviations**
- ACGIH: USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- CAL PEL: California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
- OSHA Z-3: USA, Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
- ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- CAL PEL / PEL: Permissible exposure limit
- OSHA Z-3 / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average

**Additional Abbreviations:**
- AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials
- bw - Body weight
- CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
- CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
- DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- DOT - Department of Transportation
- DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- ECx - Concentration associated with x% response
- EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance
- ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response
- EmS - Emergency Schedule
- ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
- ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response
- ERG - Emergency Response Guide
- GHS - Globally Harmonized System
- GLP - Good Laboratory Practice
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
- IATA - International Air Transport Association
- IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization
- IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
- IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO - International Maritime Organization
- ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
- ISO - International Organisation for Standardization
- KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
- MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration
- n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified
- NFPA - National Fire Protection Association
- NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate
- NTP - National Toxicology Program
- NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
- OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
- PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic sub-
### Trenbolone / Estradiol LA Formulation

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Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:

**Revision Date:** 11/16/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8