according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Product code : AQUA C FISH PLUS
Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc Address : 37 McCarville Street

Charlottetown, PE C1E 2A7

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product Restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Category 3

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protec-

tion.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04/14/2025
3.0	06/18/2025	11506193-00003	Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical atten-

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## **Additional Labeling**

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute oral toxicity: 1.25 %

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute dermal toxicity:  $1.25\,\%$ 

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1.25 %

#### Other hazards

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Starch	Sago starch	9005-25-8	>= 30 - < 60 *
Citric acid	2- hydroxypro- pane-1,2,3- tricarboxylic acid	77-92-9	>= 10 - < 30 *
Ascorbic acid	No data availa- ble	50-81-7	>= 10 - < 30 *
Calcium diformate	No data availa- ble	544-17-2	>= 1 - < 5 *
Phosphoric acid	Orthophosphor-ic acid	7664-38-2	>= 1 - < 5 *
Formic acid	Methanoic Acid	64-18-6	>= 0.1 - < 1 *
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6- octadienal	2,6-Octadienal, 3,7-dimethyl-	5392-40-5	>= 0.1 - < 1 *

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides

Metal oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing meth- : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

ods cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimize entry of the material into the air. Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid breathing dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

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# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible

to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease,

should consult their physician regarding working with

respiratory irritants or sensitizers.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Starch	9005-25-8	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Total dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA BC OEL
		TWA (respirable dust fraction)	3 mg/m³	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV (to- tal dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA QC OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
Ascorbic acid	50-81-7	TWA	5000 μg/m3 (OEB 1)	Internal
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		STEL	3 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		TWA	1 mg/m³	CA BC OEL
		STEL	3 mg/m³	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	1 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		STEV	3 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWA	1 mg/m³	ACGIH
		STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
Formic acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m³	CA AB OEL
		STEL	10 ppm 19 mg/m³	CA AB OEL

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

		TWA	5 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	10 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	CA QC OEL
		STEV	10 ppm 19 mg/m³	CA QC OEL
		TWA	5 ppm	ACGIH
3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal	5392-40-5	TWAEV (in- halable frac- tion and va- pour)	5 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	5 ppm	ACGIH

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices).

Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type Hand protection Combined particulates, acidic and inorganic gas/vapor type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: 3.0 06/18/2025

SDS Number: 11506193-00003

Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : powder

Color : No data available

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature

: No data available

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Oxidizing agents

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

## **Components:**

#### Starch:

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Ascorbic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 11,900 mg/kg

Calcium diformate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Formic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate (Humans): 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 4,895 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.68 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,250 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

# **Components:**

#### Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

### Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

#### Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

## Phosphoric acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

#### Formic acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Remarks : Based on extreme pH

### 3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

## **Components:**

#### Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

#### Citric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Calcium diformate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Formic acid:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

## Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

### Starch:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Ascorbic acid:

Test Type : Maurer optimisation test

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig Result : negative

Calcium diformate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Test Type : Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Citric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test

Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Ascorbic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Calcium diformate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Formic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Ascorbic acid:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

## Formic acid:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

### 3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species : Mouse Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 104 - 105 weeks

Result : negative

## Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

### Citric acid:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

#### Ascorbic acid:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Result: negative

Calcium diformate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Formic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 3.0 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025

Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: negative

### STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

## **Components:**

## Citric acid:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### Repeated dose toxicity

## **Components:**

## Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

### Citric acid:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 10 Days

### Ascorbic acid:

Species : Rat, male

NOAEL : >= 8,100 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

### **Calcium diformate:**

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 3,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025 3.0

Phosphoric acid:

Species Rat NOAEL : 250 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 40 - 52 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Formic acid:

Species Rat NOAEL 400 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time : 52 Weeks

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Species Rat, female LOAEL 335 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Ascorbic acid:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,020 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 140 mg/l

> Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

**Calcium diformate:** 

Toxicity to fish LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): >= 1,000 mg/l

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



# Vitamin C (>10%) Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/14/2025 06/18/2025 11506193-00003 Date of first issue: 02/03/2025 3.0

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: EPA-660/3-75-009

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 500

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 100 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms NOEC: >= 22.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50: > 100 mg/lToxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 130 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 365 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,240

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 295

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms NOEC: 72 mg/l

Exposure time: 13 d

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 6.78 mg/l

> Exposure time: 96 h Method: DIN 38412

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 103.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (activated sludge): 160 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 30 min

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Citric acid:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Ascorbic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 97 % Exposure time: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302

**Calcium diformate:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 86 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: > 90 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC Annex V, C.4.D.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

Citric acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.72

octanol/water

Ascorbic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -1.85

octanol/water

**Calcium diformate:** 

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.3 - -1.9

octanol/water Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Formic acid:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: -2.1

octanol/water

3,7-Dimethyl 2,6-octadienal:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 2.76

octanol/water

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation** 

**TDG** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit

CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NOM - Official Mexican Norm: NTP - National Toxicology Program: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

**Data Sheet** 

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 06/18/2025 Date format : mm/dd/yyyy

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations



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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8