according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Doravirine / Lamivudine / Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate Bilayer Formulation

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Doravirine / Lamivudine / Tenofovir Disoproxil Fumarate Bi-

layer Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Hazards for the product as supplied

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity : repeated exposure (Oral)

Category 2 (Blood, Bone, Kidney)

Other hazards

None known.

Hazards associated with a change in physical form:

Conditions	Hazards
If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means.	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Blood, Bone, Kidney)

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through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

and face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS No./Unique ID	Concentration (% w/w)	Trade secret
Cellulose	9004-34-6*	>= 10 - <= 30	TSC
Lamivudine	134678-17-4*	>= 10 - <= 30	TSC
Tenofovir	202138-50-9*	>= 10 - <= 30	TSC
Doravirine	1338225-97-0*	>= 5 - <= 10	TSC

^{*} Indicates that the identifier is a CAS No.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

TSC- the actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

> and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

delayed

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Halogenated compounds

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emergency procedures

: Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are emplicable

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Local/Total ventilation Advice on safe handling

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

inert or nuisance dust 50 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

5 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and par-

ticulates

10 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)

Basis: CAL PEL

5 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)

Basis: CAL PEL

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Cellulose	9004-34-6	TWA	10 mg/m ³	ACGIH
		TWA (Res- pirable)	5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
Lamivudine	134678-17-4	TWA	100 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Tenofovir	202138-50-9	TWA	150 ug/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Doravirine	1338225-97- 0	TWA	500 ug/m3 (OEB2)	Internal

Engineering measures : Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to

compound.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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> All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

> maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled

release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material Chemical-resistant gloves

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Eye protection

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Hygiene measures

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance powder

Color No data available

Odor No data available

Odor Threshold No data available

pН No data available

Melting point/freezing point No data available

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Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : Not applicable

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Cxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2,604 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Lamivudine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 4,000 mg/kg

Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

Tenofovir:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 1,500 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): 30 mg/kg

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П

Doravirine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 750 mg/kg

Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

(Rat): Method: Phototoxicity

Remarks: No evidence of phototoxicity was observed

LD50 (Dog): > 1,000 mg/kg

Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

LD50 (Mouse): > 450 mg/kg

Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Lamivudine:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

Tenofovir:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

Doravirine:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

Lamivudine:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Tenofovir:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Severe irritation

Doravirine:

Remarks : No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Lamivudine:

Routes of exposure : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Tenofovir:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Doravirine:

Remarks : No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Lamivudine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Result: equivocal

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat Result: negative

Tenofovir:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: equivocal

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Doravirine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Oral Popult: pogetive

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:

Species: RatApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 72 weeksResult: negative

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Lamivudine:

Species : Rat
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse Exposure time : 2 Years Result : negative

Tenofovir:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
Result : negative

Doravirine:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 6 Months
Result : negative

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

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Result: negative

Lamivudine:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 900 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic

development were detected.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Oral

Symptoms: Preimplantation loss., Skeletal malformations. Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the

offspring were detected.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 45 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Effects on fetal development.

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Tenofovir:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral Result: No adverse effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Result: No adverse effects.

Doravirine:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female

Fertility: NOAEL: 450 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

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Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 450 mg/kg body weight

Result: No adverse effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg body weight

Result: No adverse effects.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Blood, Bone, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:

Lamivudine:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion Target Organs : Blood

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Tenofovir:

Target Organs : Bone, Kidney

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cellulose:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Lamivudine:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 425 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 6 Months

Target Organs : Blood

Symptoms : Gastrointestinal discomfort, Breathing difficulties, Fatality

Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing

Species : Dog LOAEL : 90 mg/kg

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 12 Months

Target Organs : Blood, spleen, Liver

Symptoms : Salivation, Diarrhea, Changes in the blood count, Liver disor-

ders, Gastrointestinal disturbance

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 Months
Target Organs : Blood

Tenofovir:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 30 mg/kg
LOAEL : 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Bone

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 3 mg/kg
LOAEL : >= 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 42 Weeks Target Organs : Kidney

Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Subcutaneous
Exposure time : 10 Months
Target Organs : Bone

Doravirine:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 450 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 6 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse

NOAEL : > 450 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 3 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog

NOAEL : > 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 9 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

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Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Lamivudine:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Headache, Fatigue, Respiratory disorders, Diar-

rhea, Cough

Tenofovir:

Ingestion : Symptoms: Nausea, Diarrhea, Vomiting, flatulence, Head-

ache, Rash

Doravirine:

Ingestion : Symptoms: confusion, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Rash,

abnormal dreams, flushing, Neurological disorders, mental

depression

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lamivudine:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 97.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 96.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 96.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

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Tenofovir:

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

: EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 69

plants

mg/l End point: Growth

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 18

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Doravirine:

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Americamysis): 9.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 5.8

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.8

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.38 mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Lamivudine:

Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradability

> Biodegradation: 4 % Exposure time: 28 d

Tenofovir:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 3.66 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Doravirine:

Biodegradability Result: Not readily biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 2 % Exposure time: 28 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Lamivudine:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: -1.44

octanol/water Tenofovir:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: 1.06

octanol/water

pH: 7

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Doravirine:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.08

Mobility in soil

Components:

Lamivudine:

Distribution among environmental compartments

log Koc: 2.03

Tenofovir:

Distribution among environ- : log Koc: 3.33

mental compartments

Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Doravirine:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

log Koc: 2.86

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

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Special precautions for user

Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Cellulose, 2-hydroxypropyl methyl ether, acetate hydrogen 71138-97-1

butanedioate

 Cellulose
 9004-34-6

 Lamivudine
 134678-17-4

 Tenofovir
 202138-50-9

 Doravirine
 1338225-97-0

 Croscarmellose sodium
 74811-65-7

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Cellulose 9004-34-6

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

CA. DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

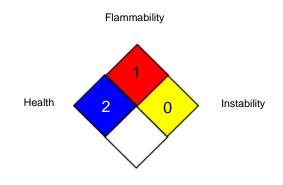
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NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CAL PEL : California permissible exposure limits for chemical contami-

nants (Title 8, Article 107)

NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average CAL PEL / PEL : Permissible exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to

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50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 11/20/2025

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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